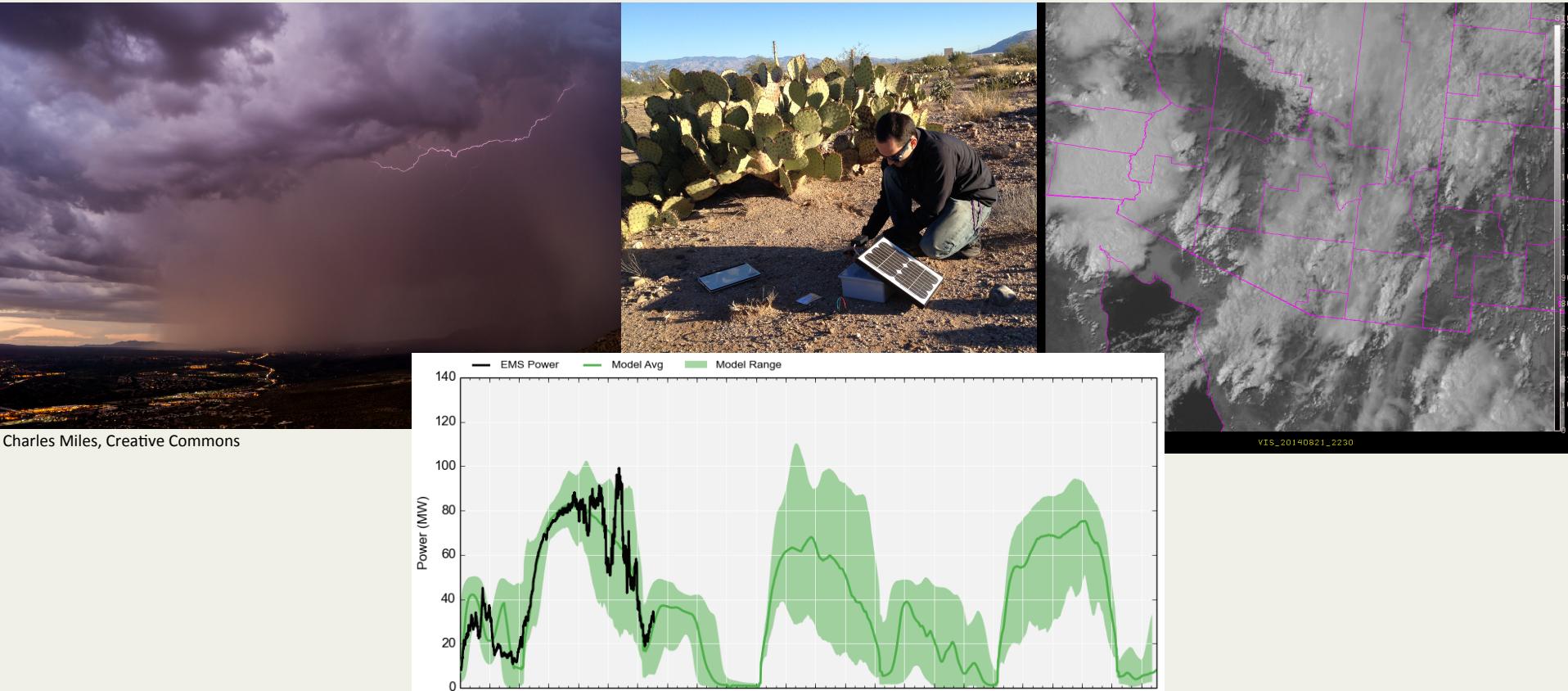


U. Arizona Renewable Power Forecasting



Will Holmgren

DOE EERE Postdoctoral Fellow
UA Department of Atmospheric Sciences

Antonio Lorenzo, Grad Student, Opt. Sci.

Mike Leuthold, Meteorologist, Atmo. Sci.

Chang Ki Kim, Post doc, Atmo. Sci.

Rey Granillo, Developer, UA-REN

Alex Cronin, Associate Professor, Physics

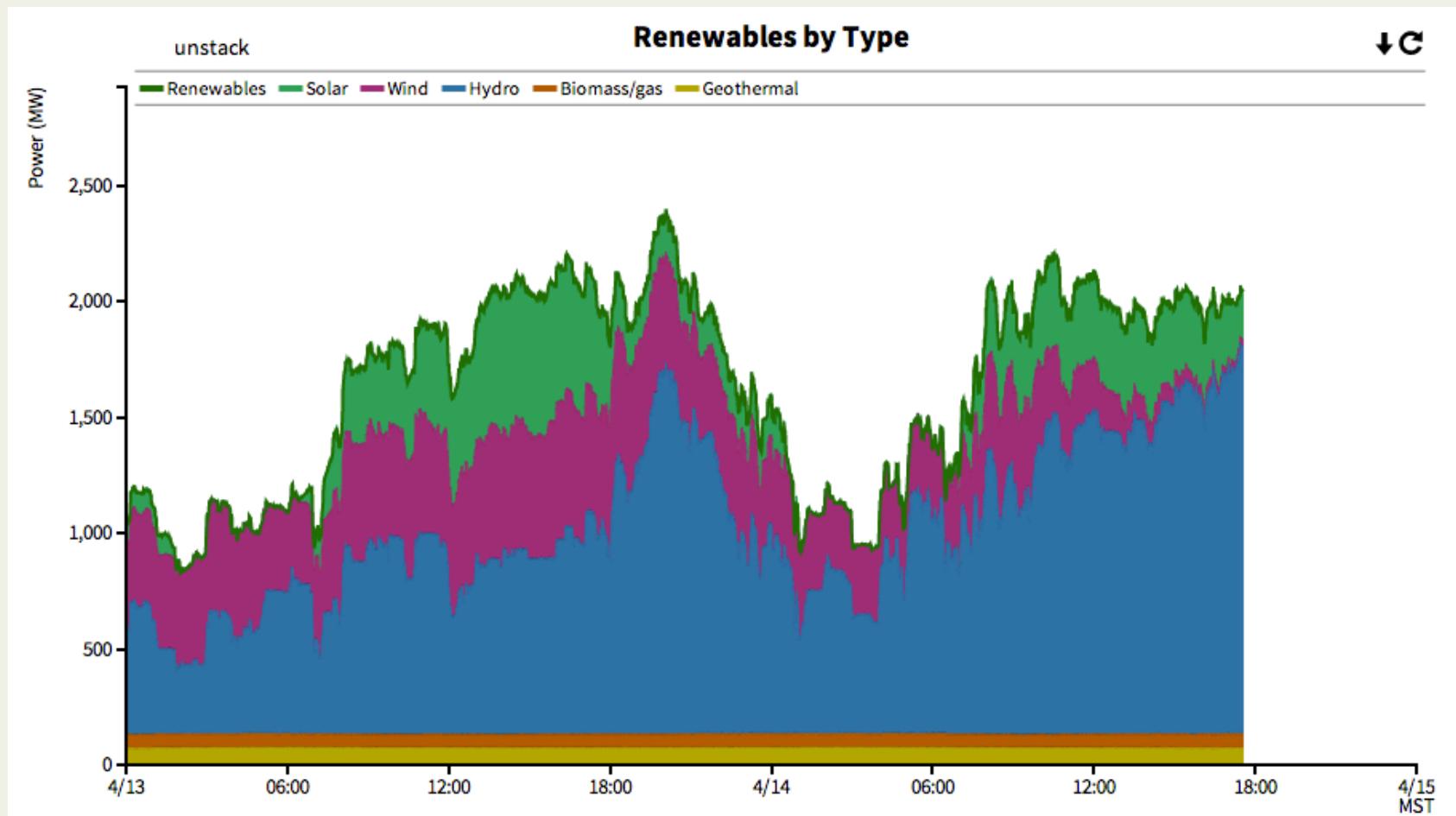
Eric Betterton, Dept. Head, Atmo. Sci.

Ardeth Barnhart, Director, UA-REN



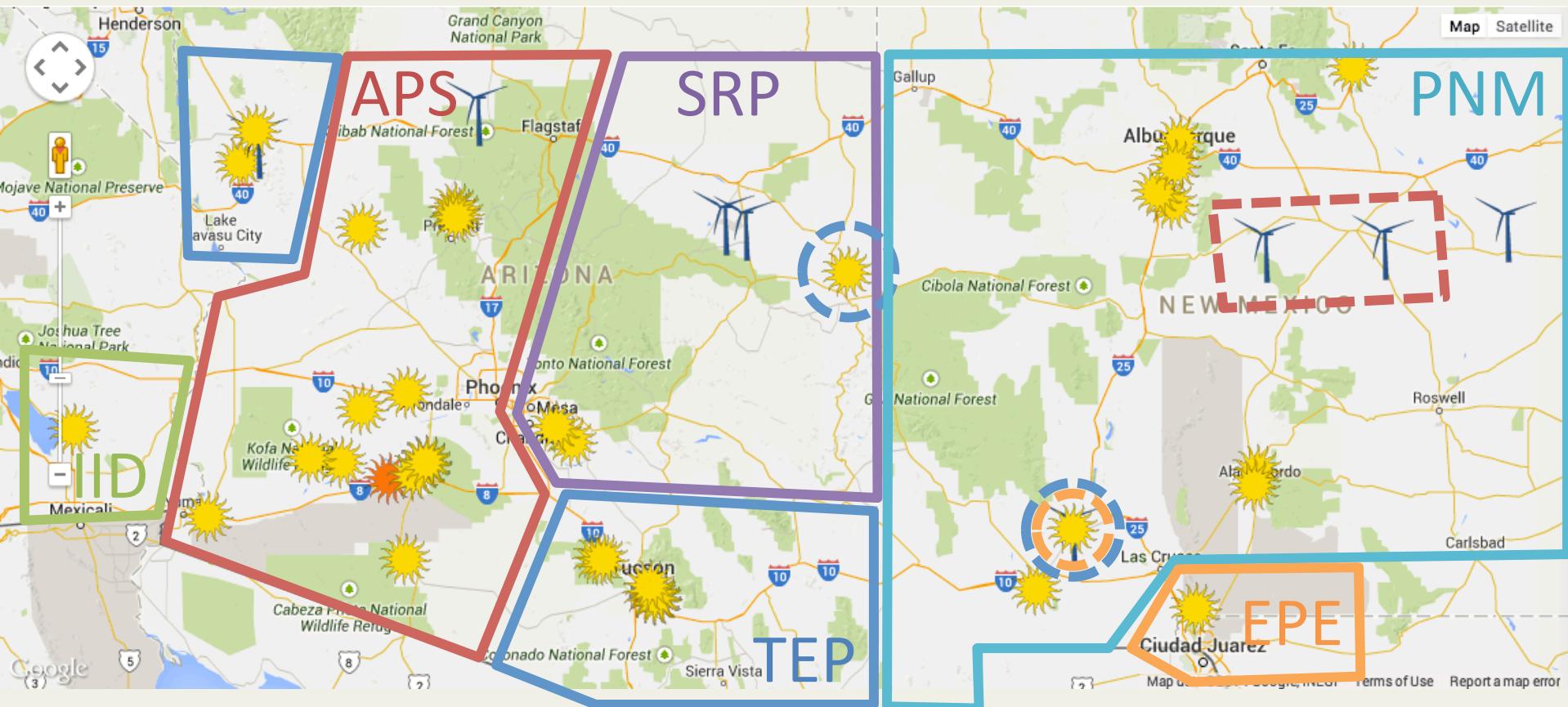
But first,

The status and future of renewables in the Southwest



SVERI

Southwest Variable Energy Resource Initiative



from sveri.uaren.org

sveri.uaren.org

Southwest Variable Energy Resource Initiative • University of Arizona Renewable Energy Network • org

sveri.uaren.org/

THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA®

SVERI Public Access Data Portal

Change theme

About

- About SVERI and UA REN
- How to use this website
- Glossary

Date Selection

Select the date range:

Start: 2014-06-08

End: 2014-06-10

Graphs

- Generation and Load
- Renewables and Load**
- Variable Energy Resources (VERs) and Load
- Generation by Fuel Type
- Renewables by Type
- Dispatchable vs. Variable Renewables
- Solar
- Wind
- Rooftop Solar

Maps

Renewables and Load

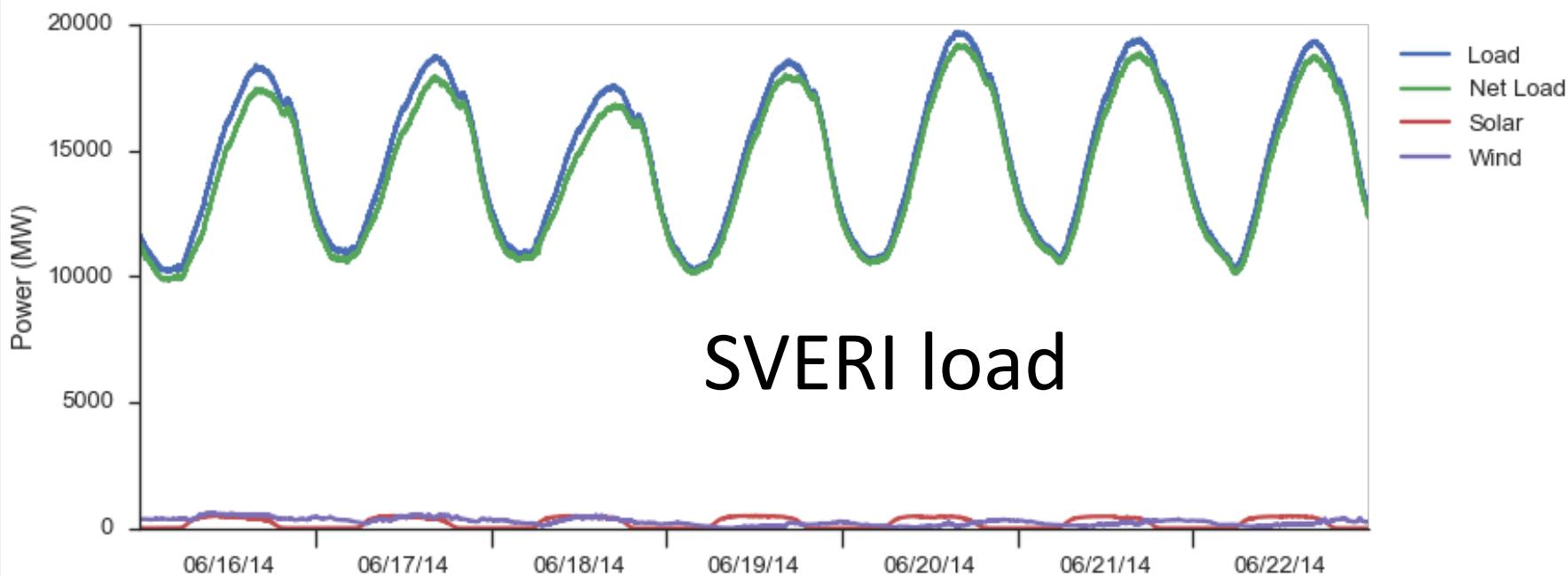
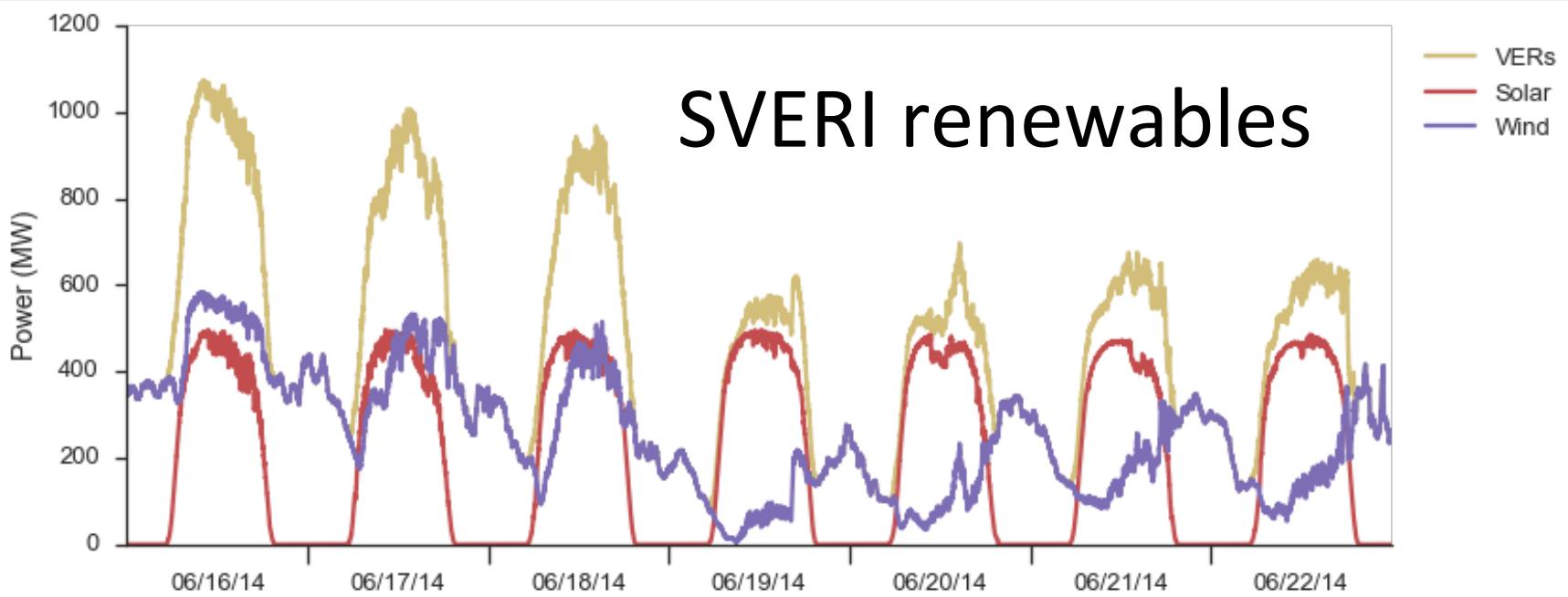
The Renewables and Load graph shows the total **SVERI Load**, the total SVERI **renewable** generation, and the **Net Load after Renewables**. The Net Load after Renewables is the load that must be met using conventional resources such as coal, gas, and nuclear or by importing energy from other regions of the **Western Interconnection**. Net Load after Renewables is calculated by subtracting the total renewable generation from the total load.

Tip: hover your pointer over one of the lines on the graph to get its value at that point in time.

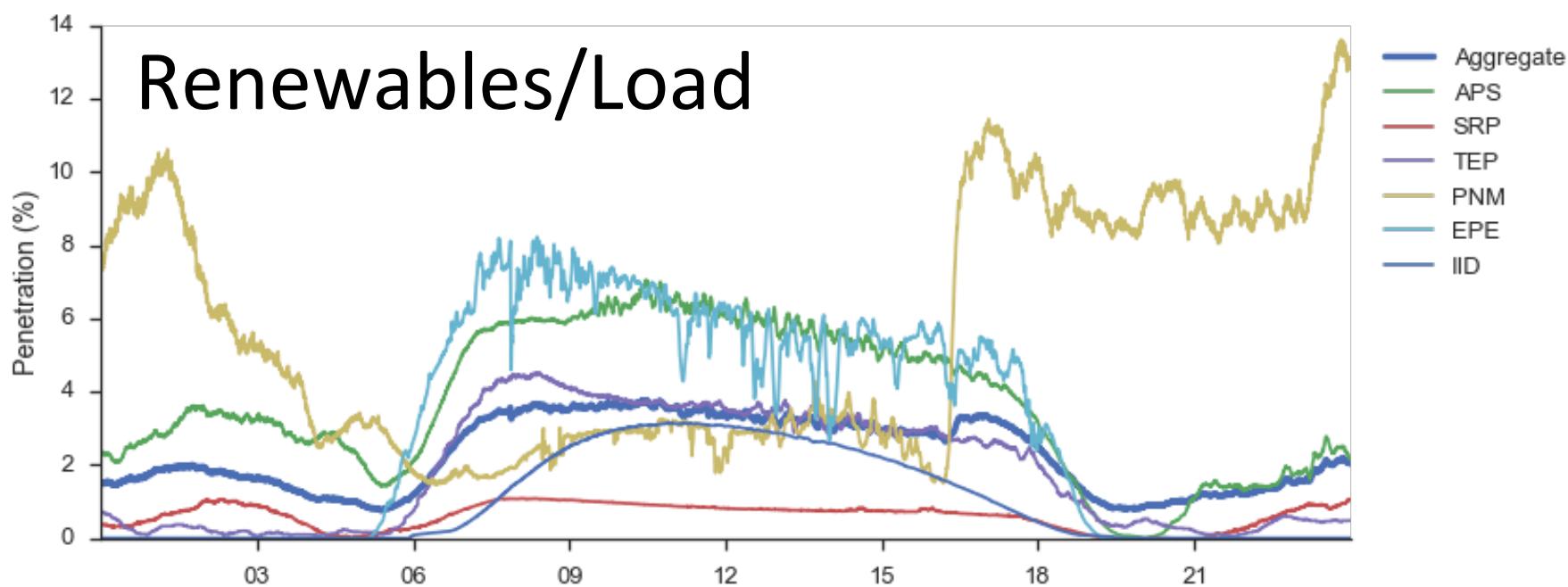
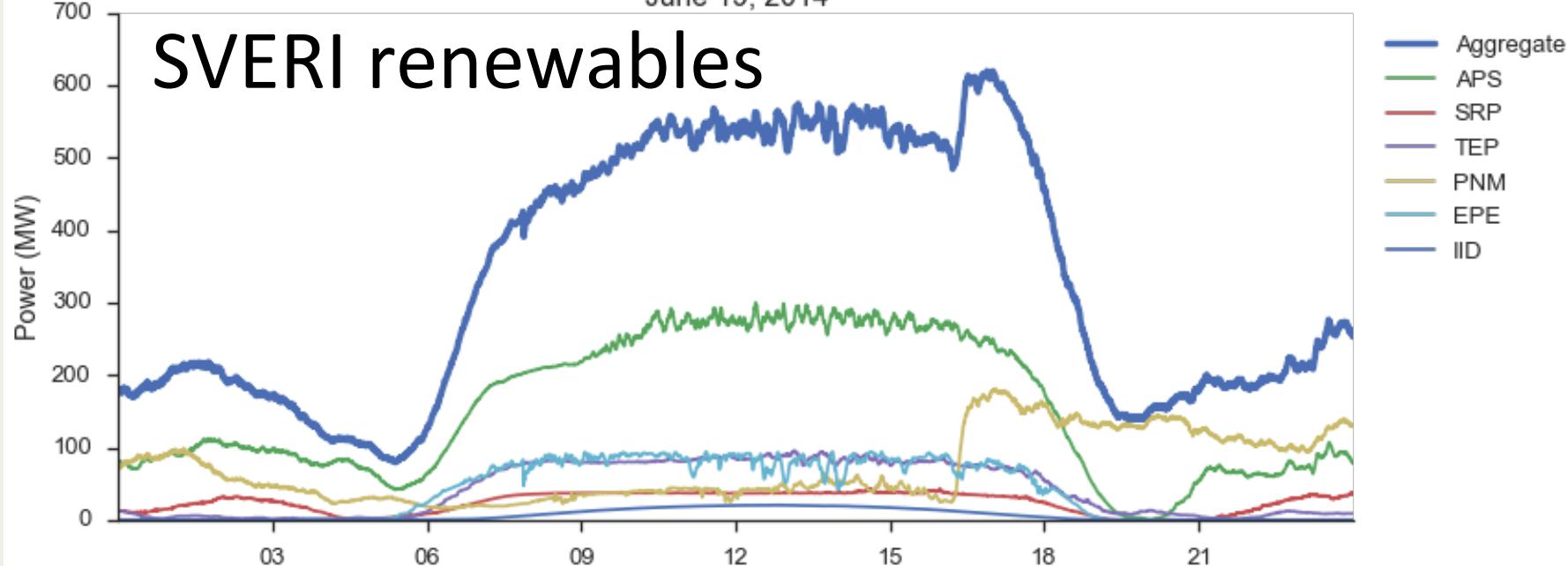
Next: [Variable Energy Resources \(VERs\) and Load](#)

- Aggregate gen. and load
- 8 utilities in the southwest
- 1.2 GW of renewables
- Near real time
- Data downloads
- Map of utility renewables

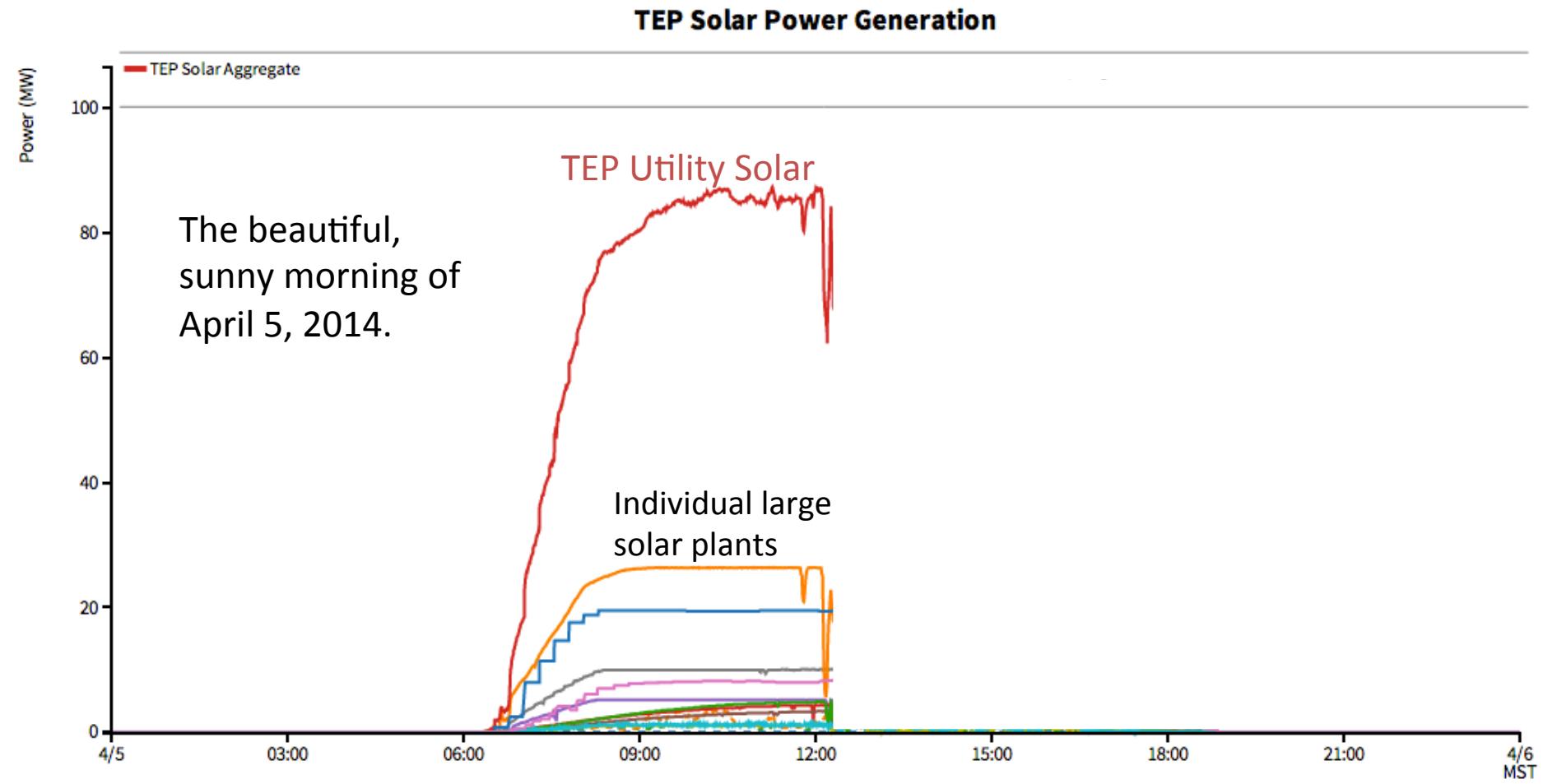
sveri.uaren.org



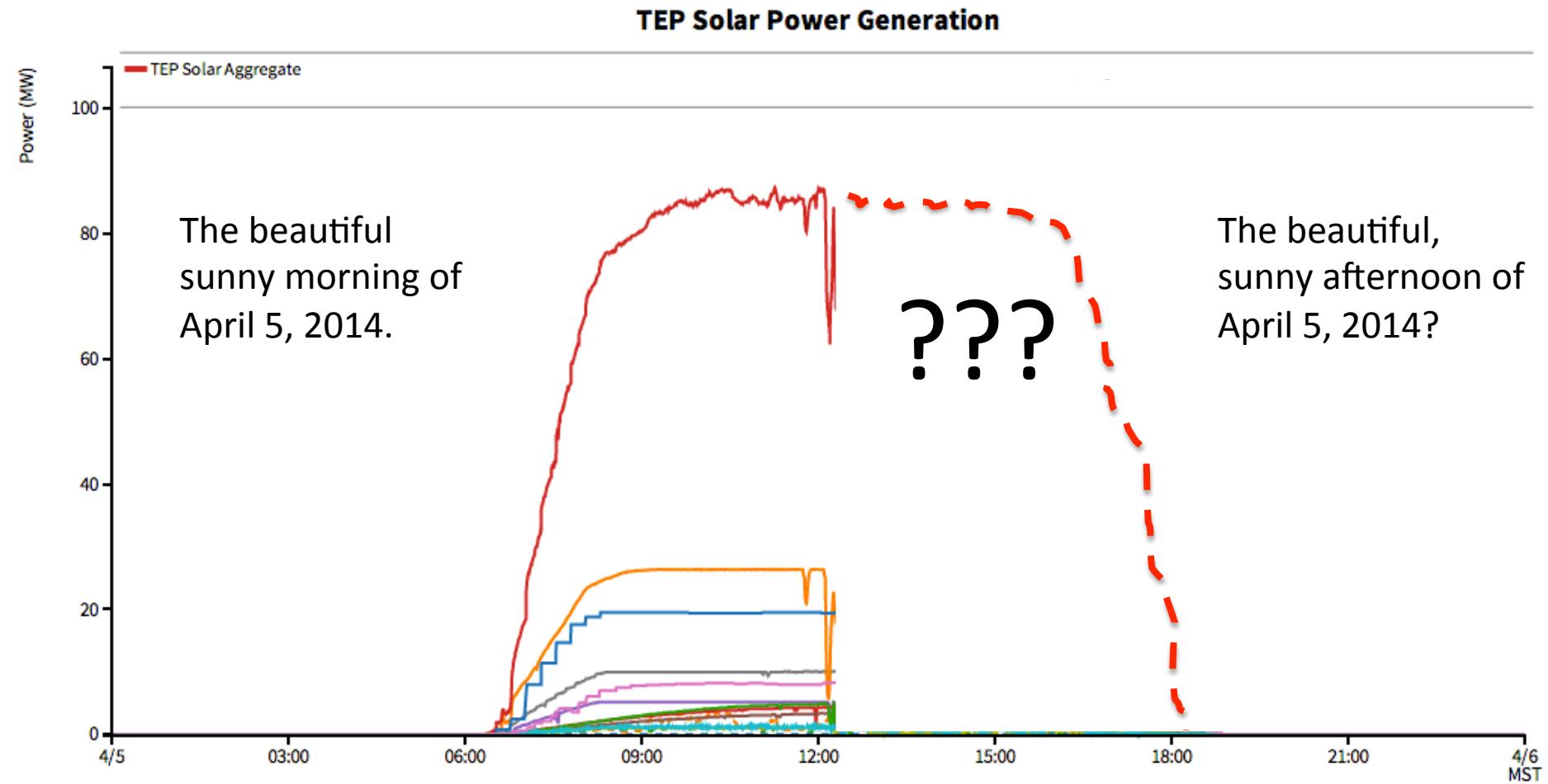
June 19, 2014



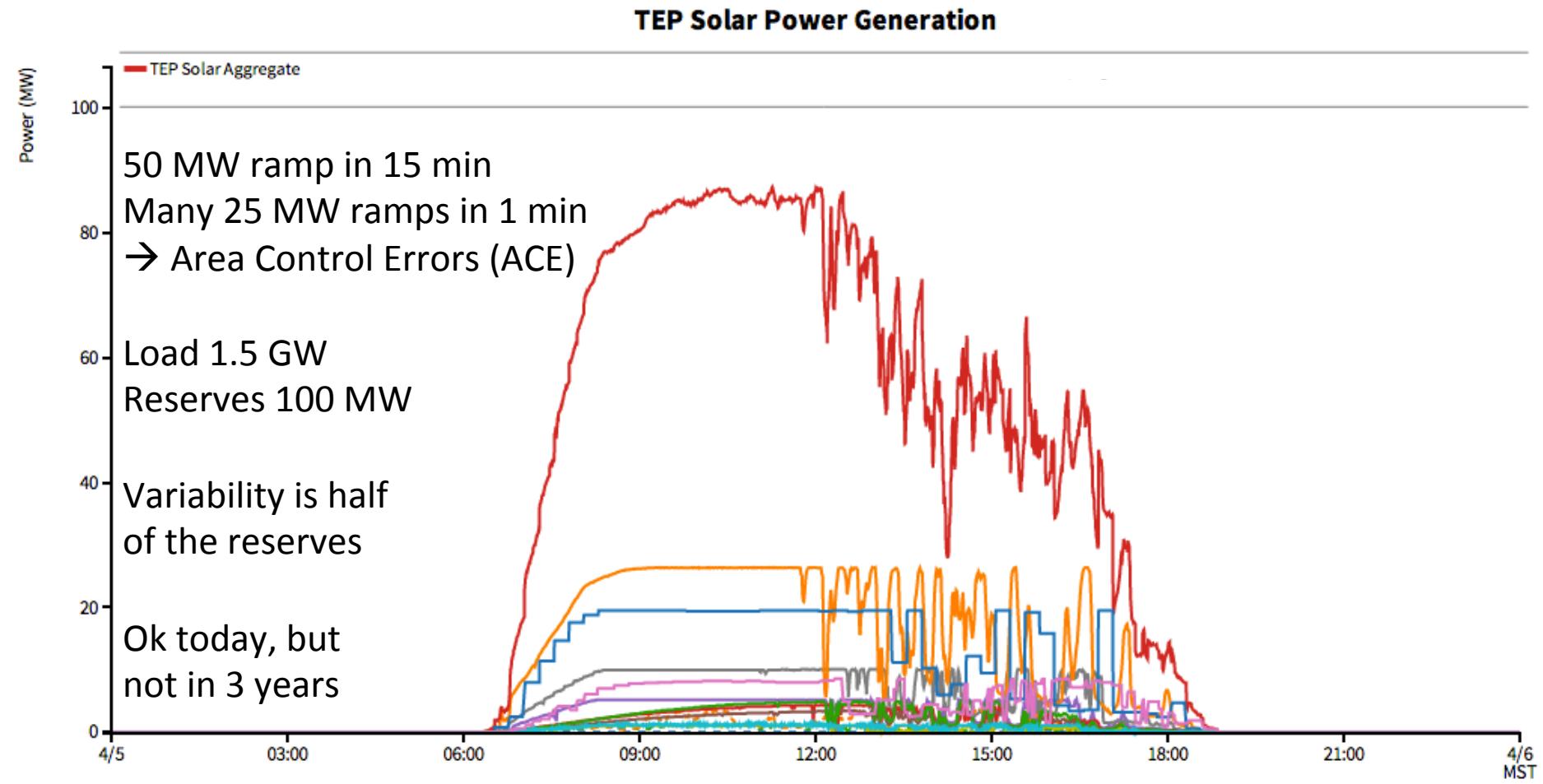
TEP's Solar Power Variability



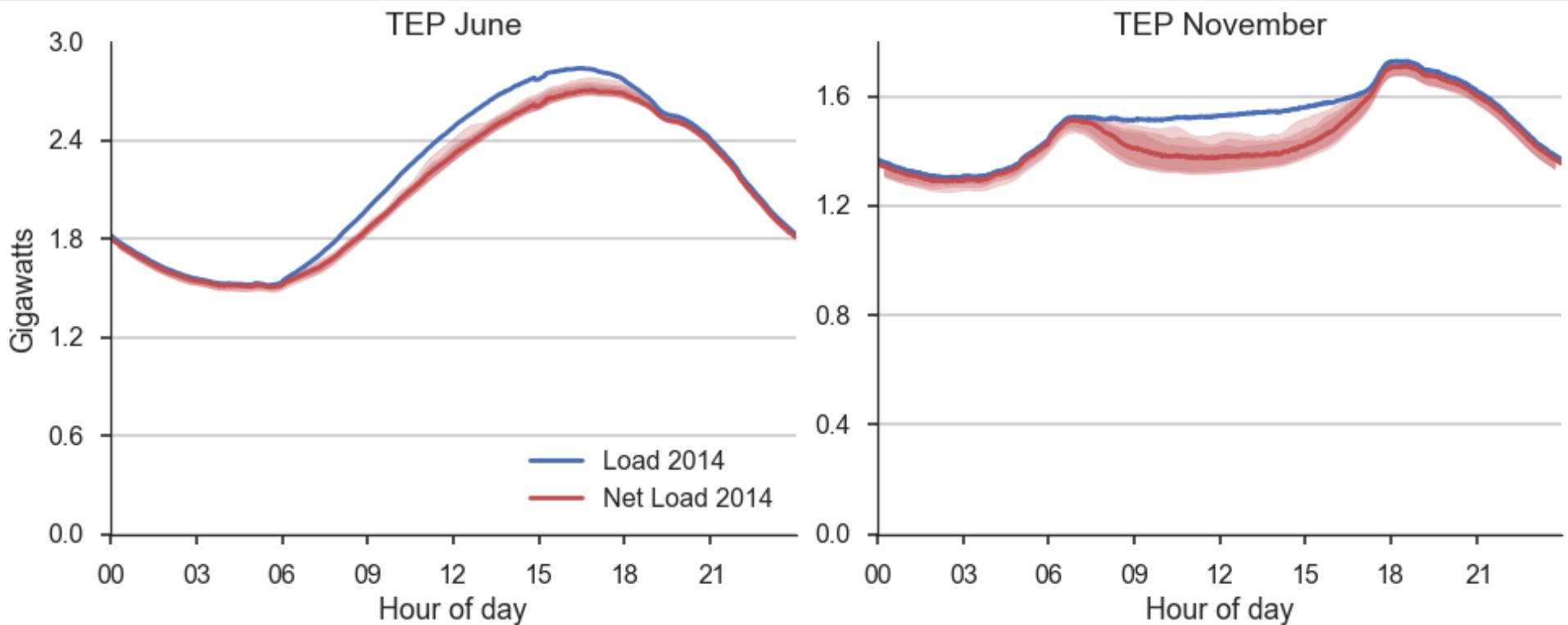
TEP's Solar Power Variability



TEP's Solar Power Variability

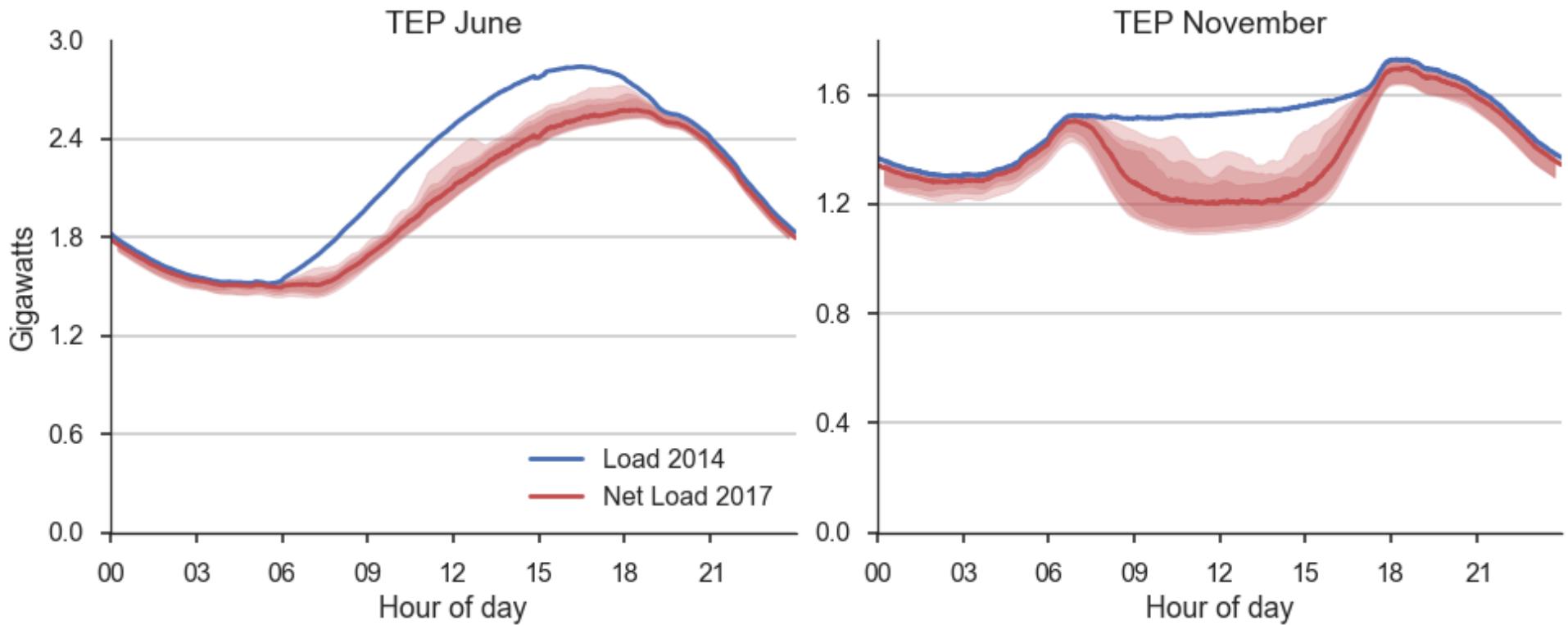


TEP 2014 Net Load Range



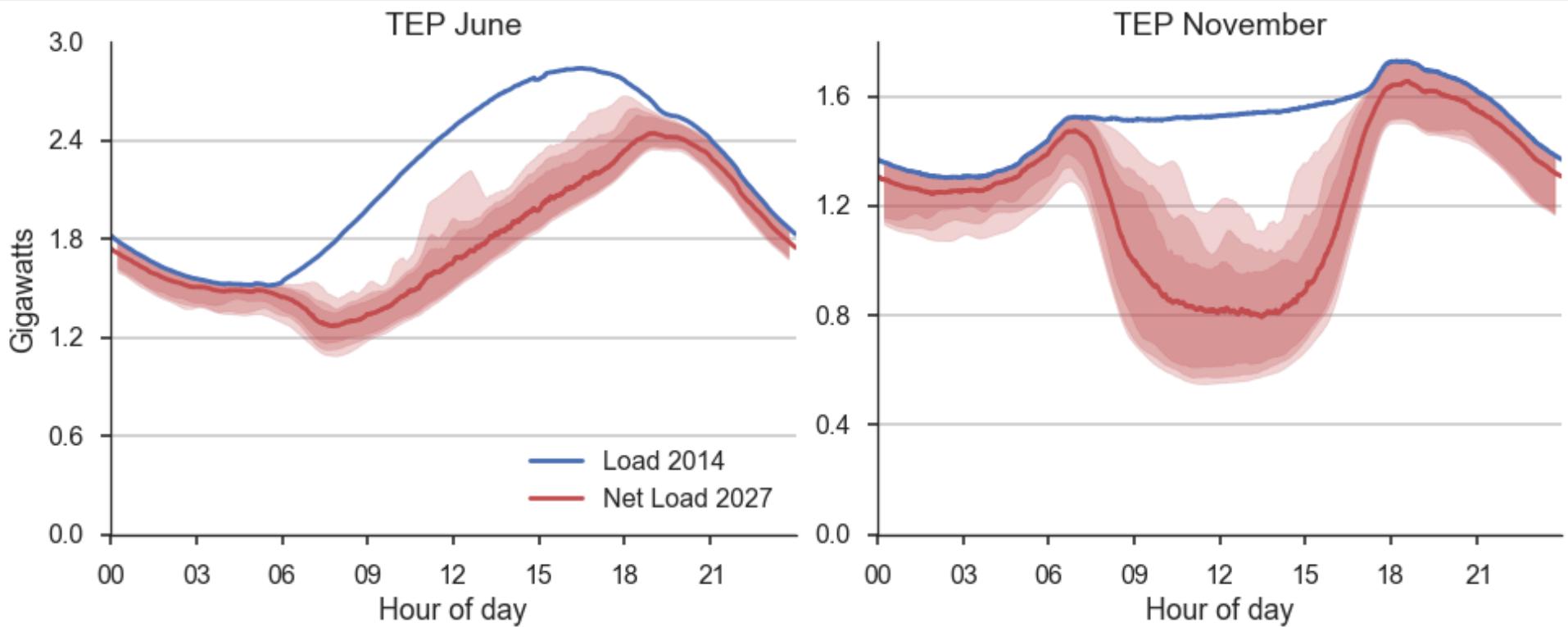
Similar plots available for all SVERI utilities

TEP 2017 Net Load Range



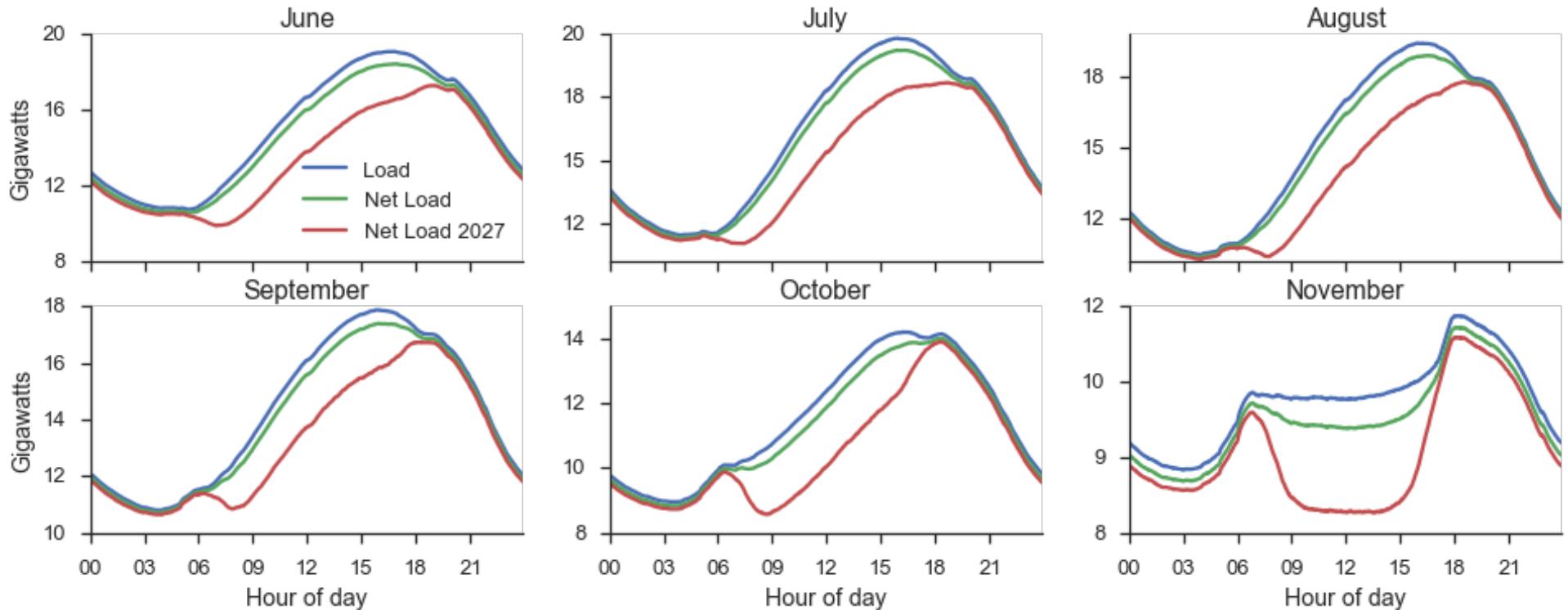
Similar plots available for all SVERI utilities

TEP 2027 Net Load Range



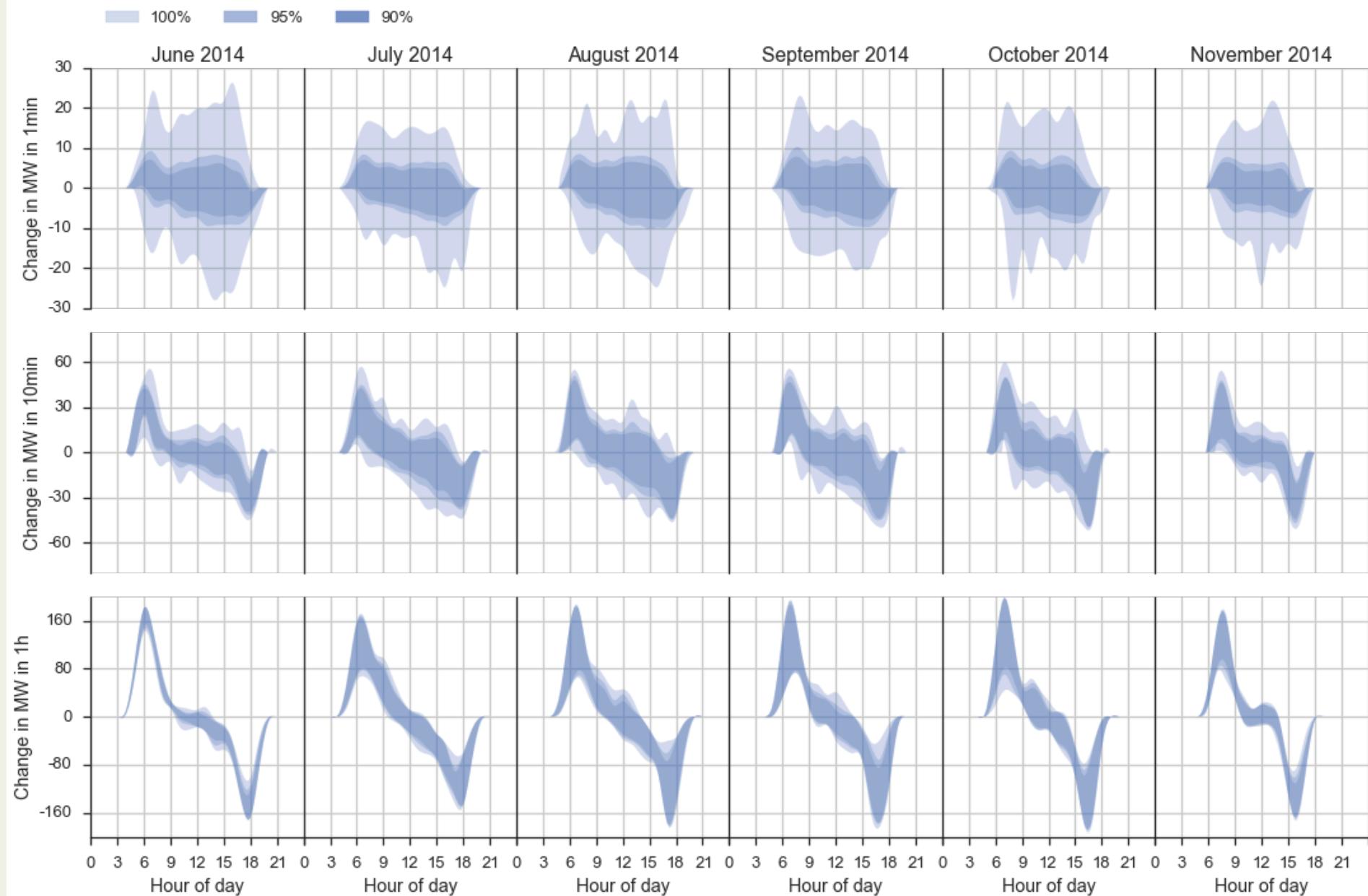
Similar plots available for all SVERI utilities

SVERI Net Load

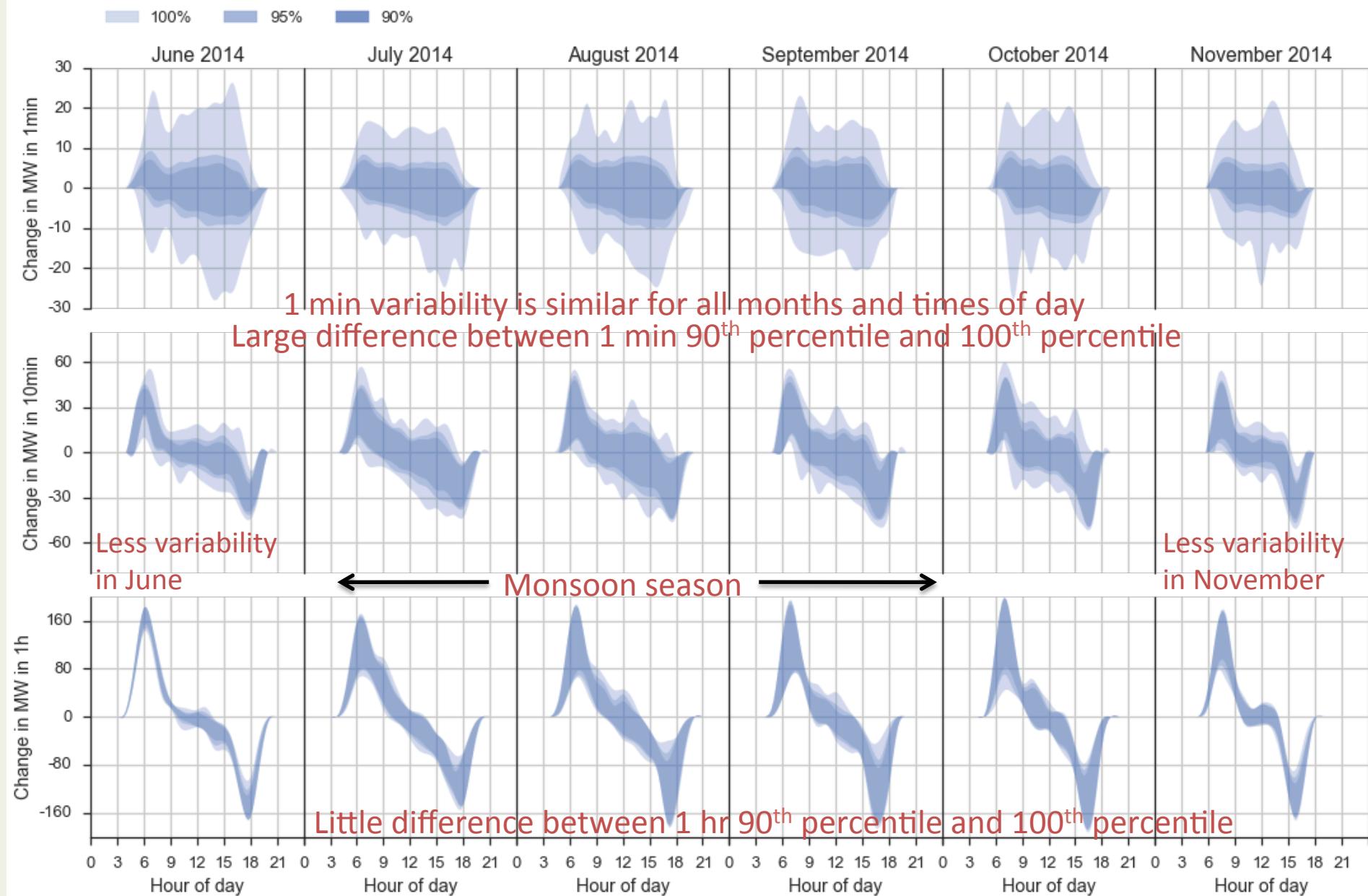


Note the changing y axis scales

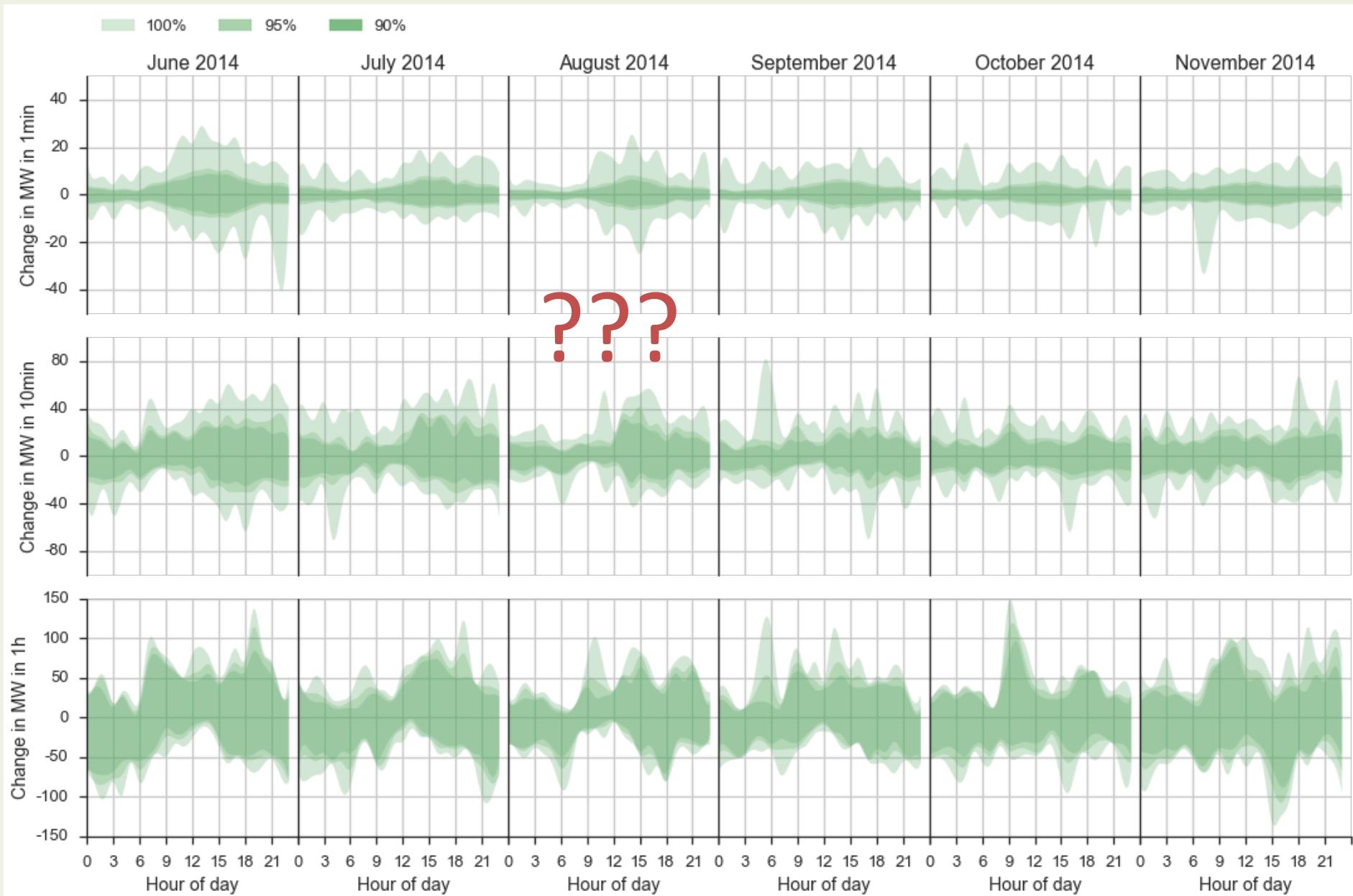
SVERI solar variability



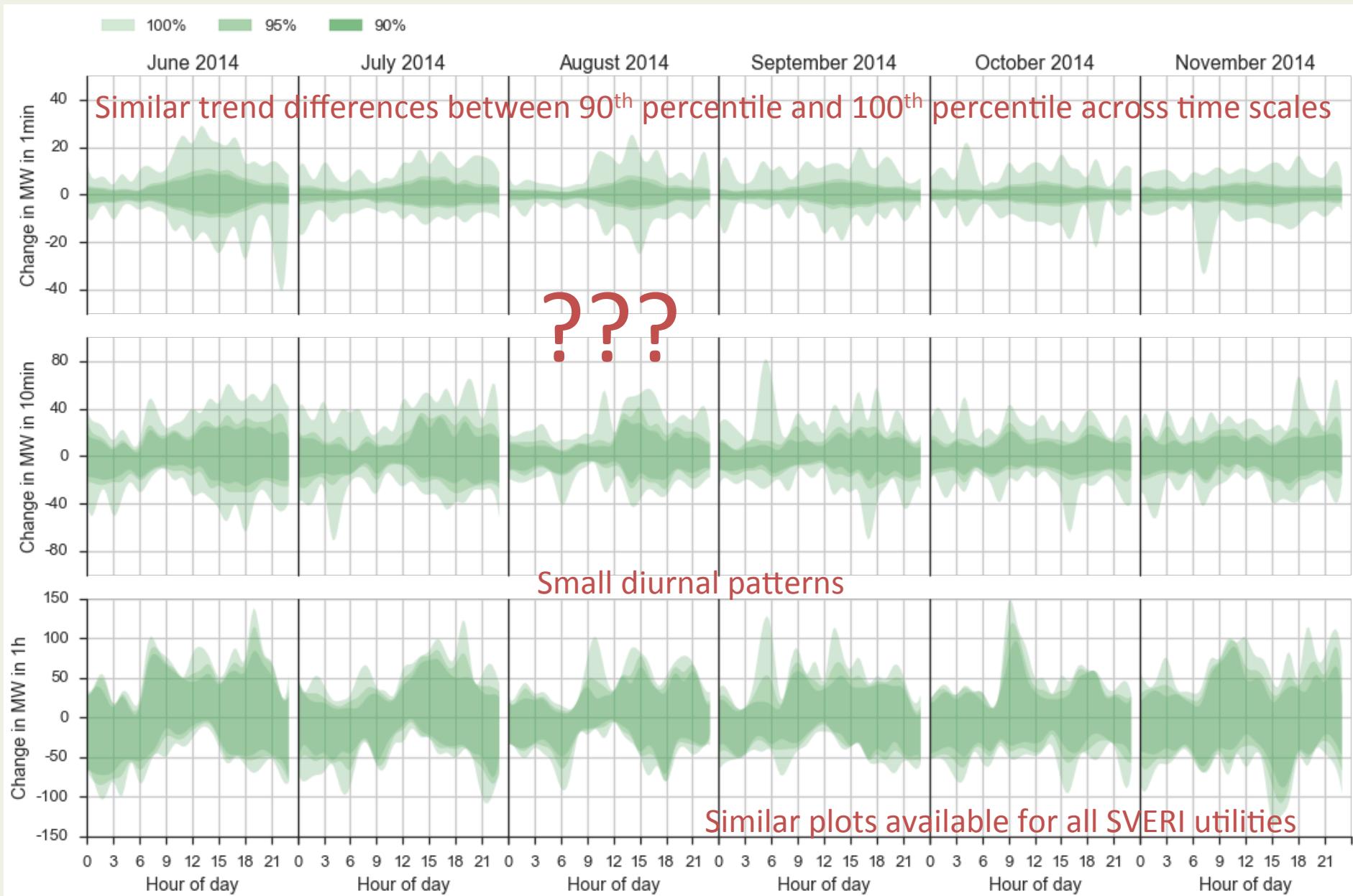
SVERI solar variability

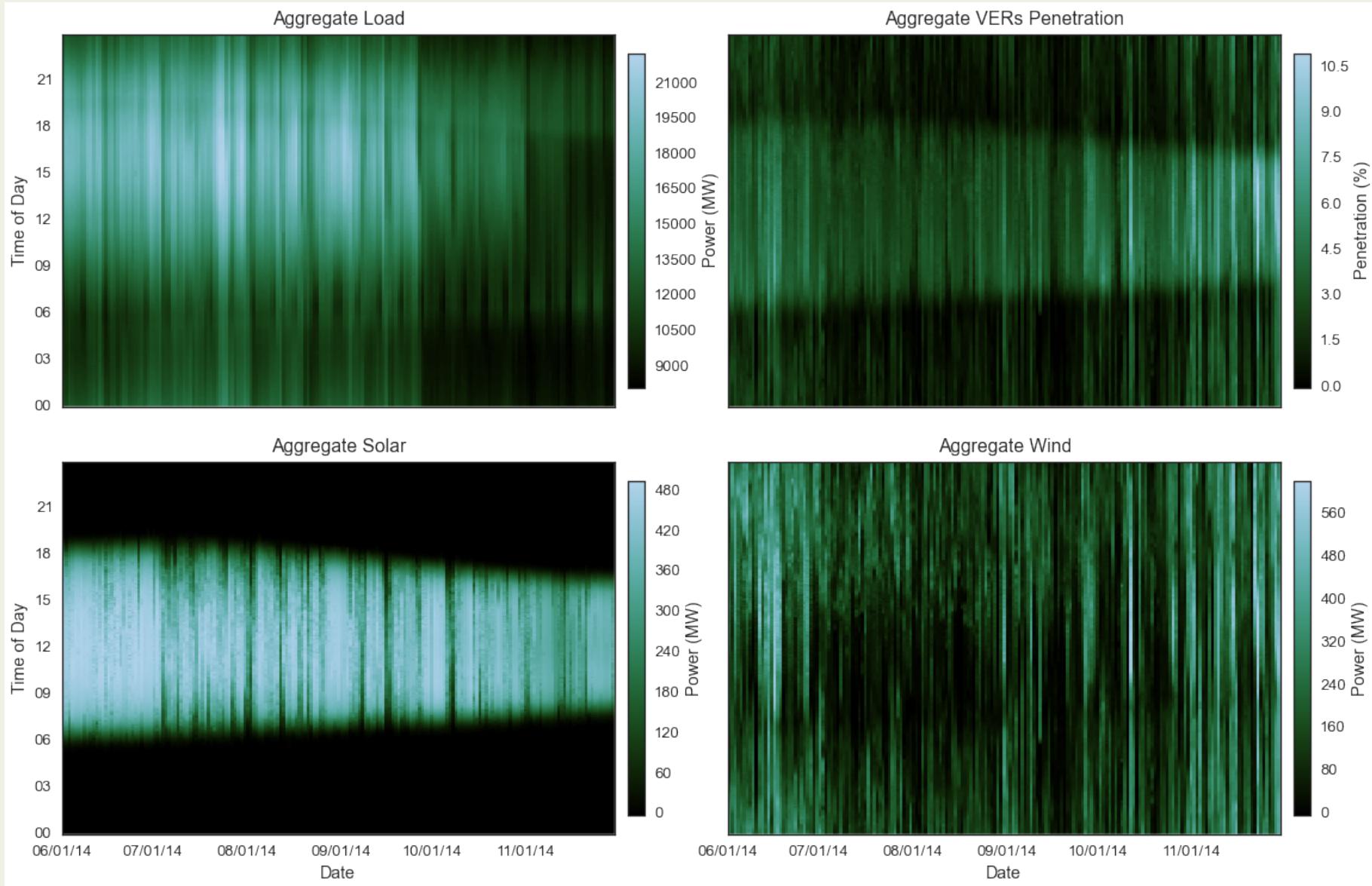


SVERI wind variability



SVERI wind variability





VERs penetration

Penetration = renewables gen. / load

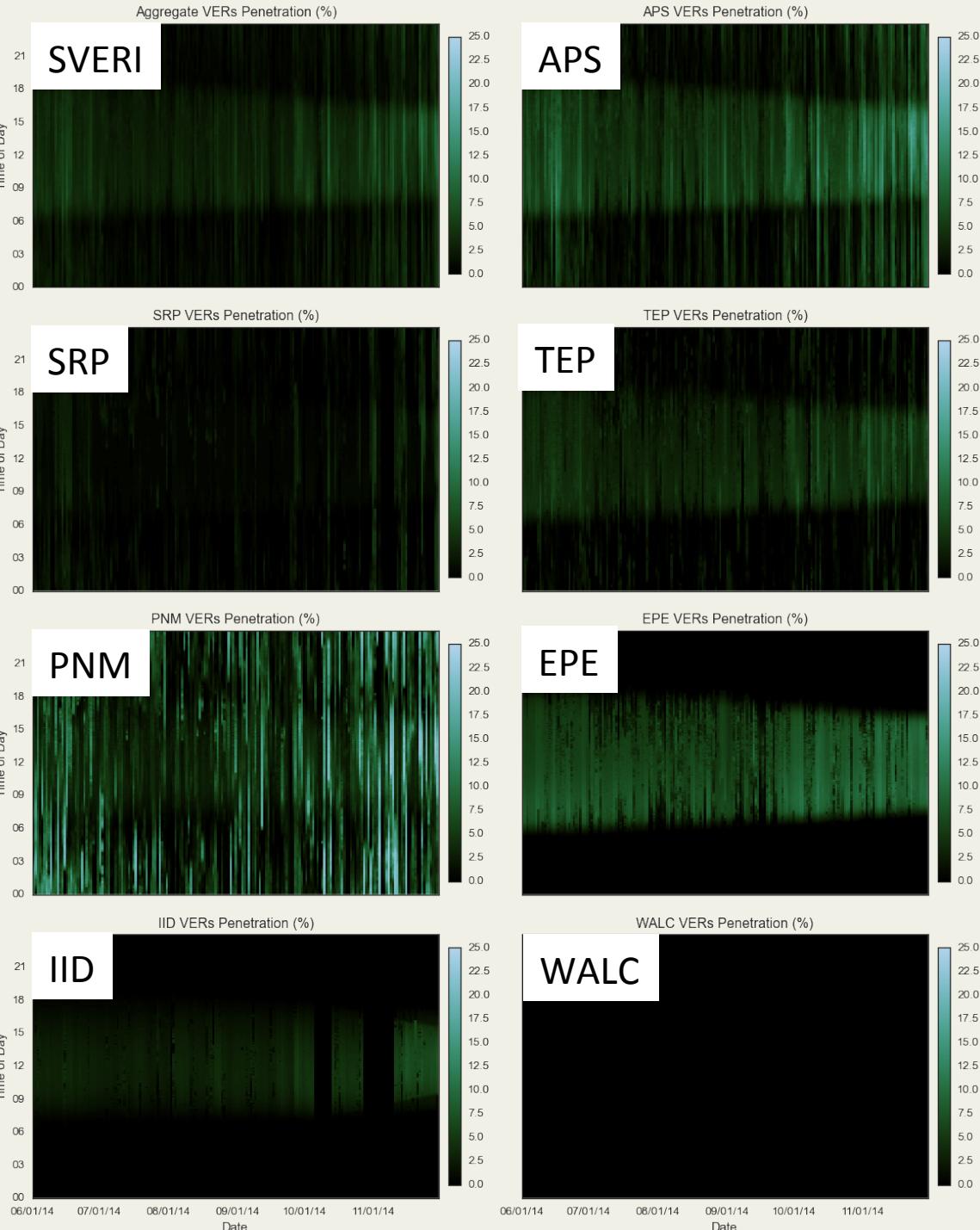
Black = 0%

White = 25%

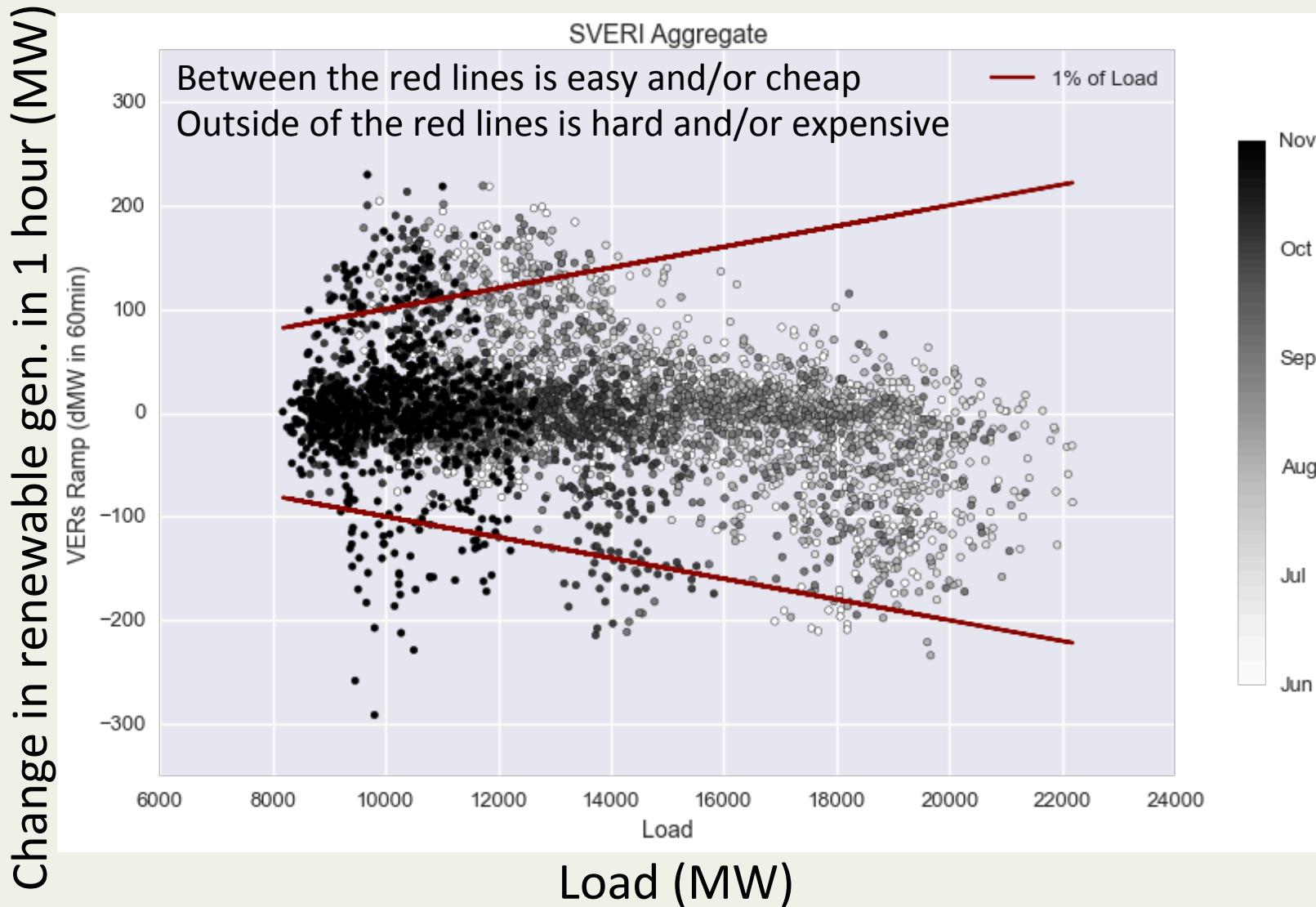
APS occasionally has high penetration

PNM penetration is huge

EPE solar penetration is consistently large

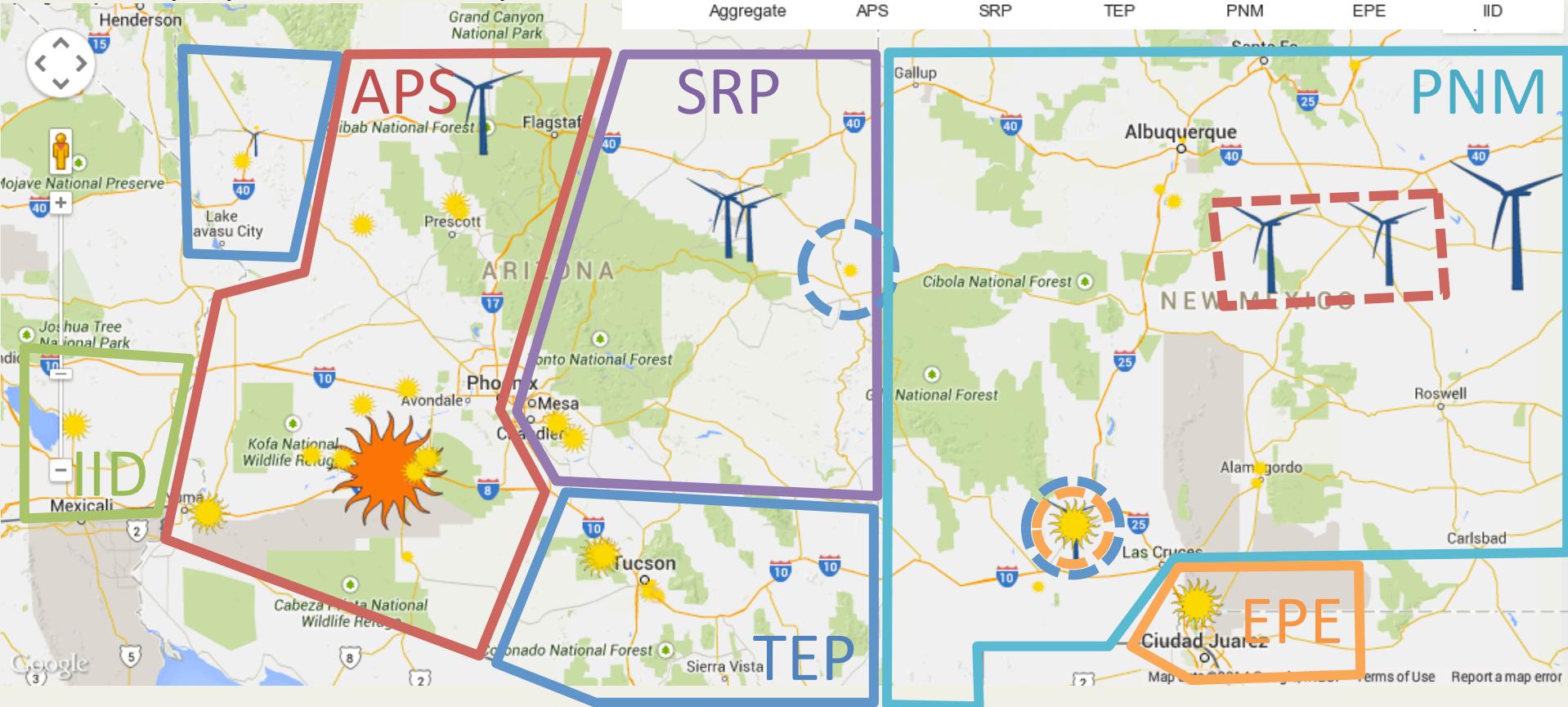


Renewables Ramps vs. Load

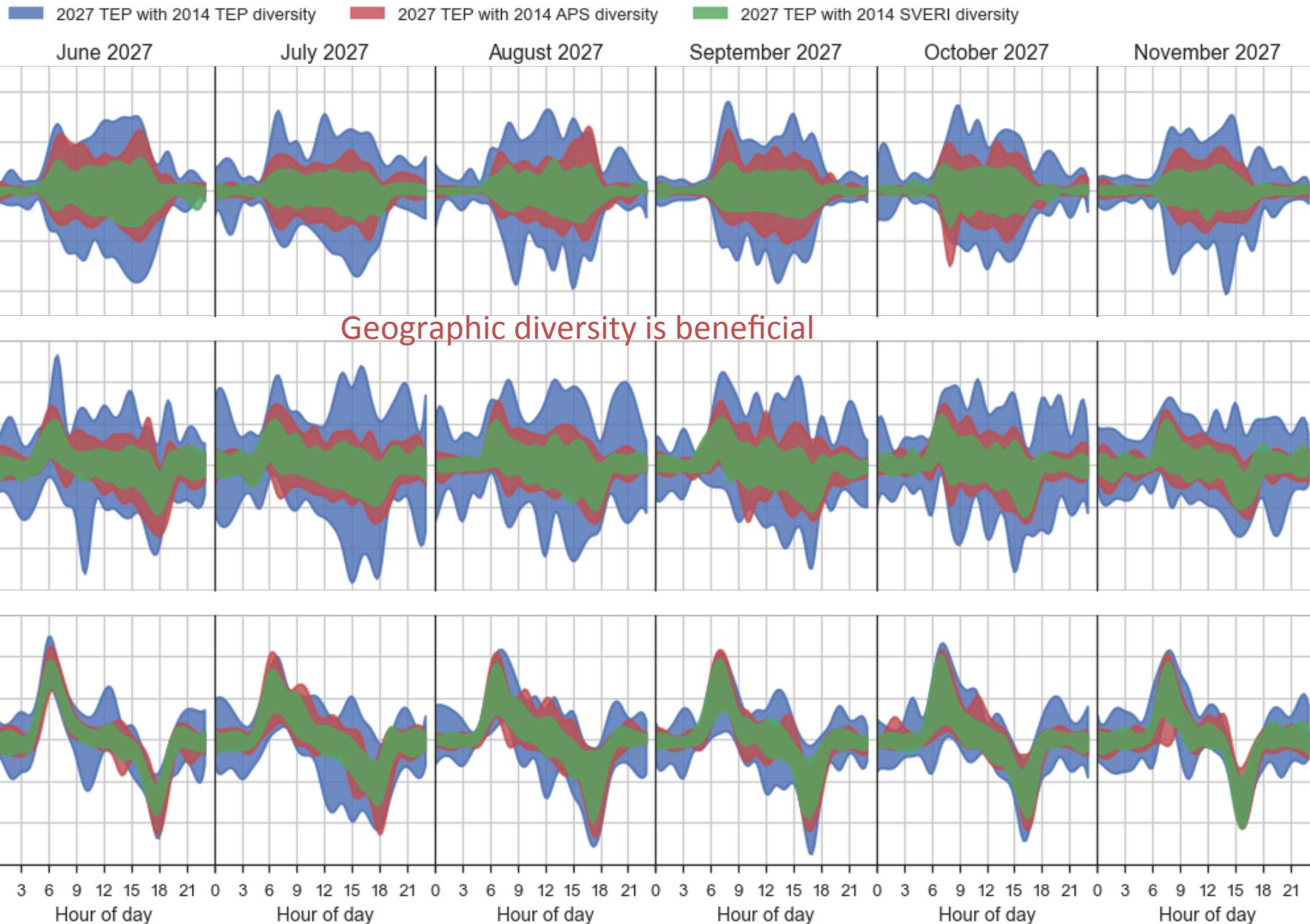


Geographic diversity is beneficial

Icon area proportional to max power



2027 TEP Variability Scenarios



(Part of) The Solution: UA renewable power forecasts

How can forecasts help utilities keep energy costs low and maintain grid reliability?

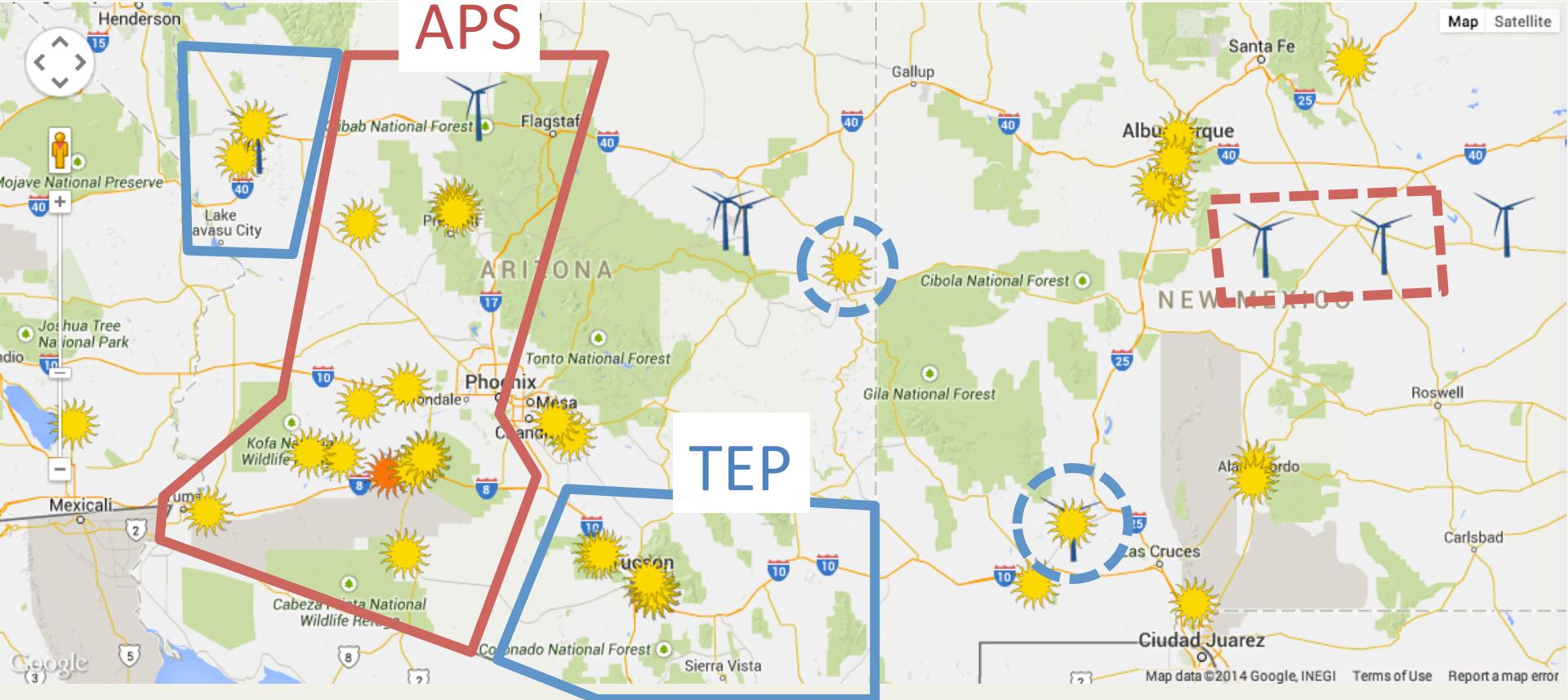
- Improve energy market trading strategies
- Schedule more efficient generators (e.g. combined cycle vs. combustion turbine)
- Reduce costs associated with generator starts
- Defer maintenance associated with excessive generator set point seeking
- Optimize the use of battery storage

UA is providing TEP and APS with forecasts as we speak

SVERI

Southwest Variable Energy Resource Initiative

TEP and APS are the primary forecasting clients

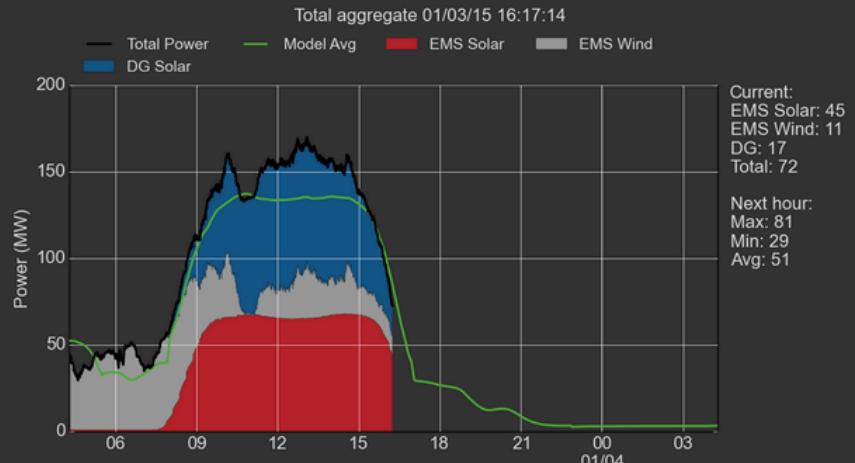
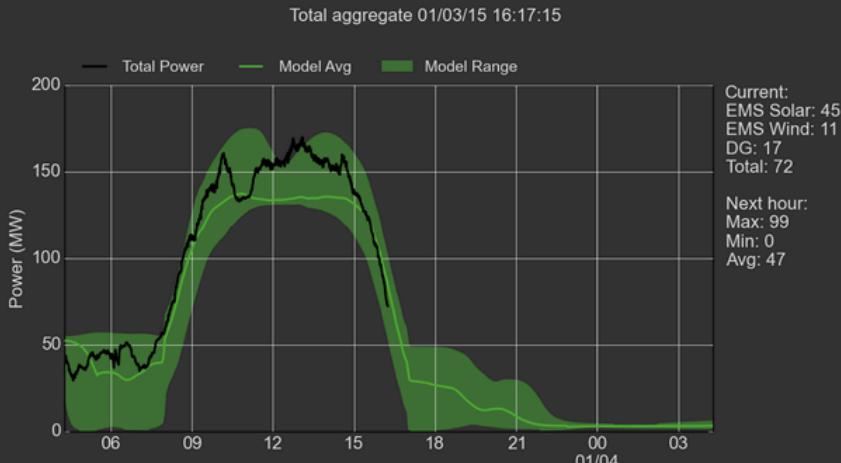
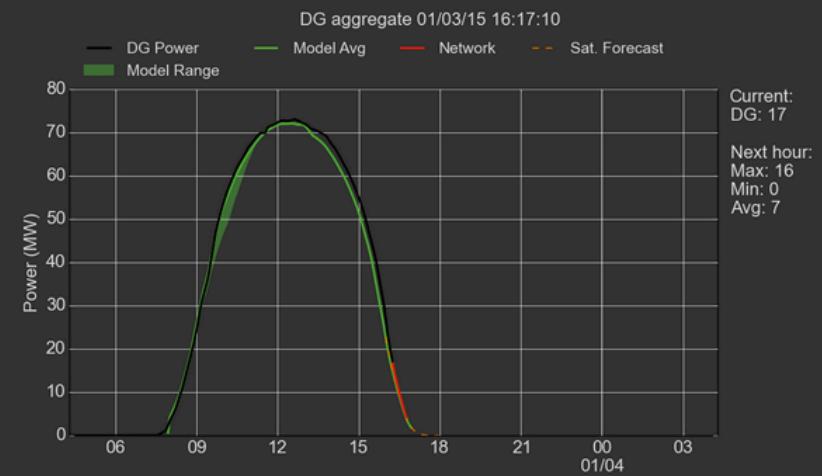


UA Forecasting Website for TEP + APS



Toggle 1 day / 3 day view Home Help

Aggregate plots EMS data csv files Irradiance sensors Rooftop PV Environmental data Maps Other resources



Different forecasting methods work better at different time scales

Minutes

Hours

Days

Seasons

Years

Sensor Network

Satellite Imagery

Numerical Weather Models

Climate Models



ARIZONA

Numerical Weather Prediction at UA



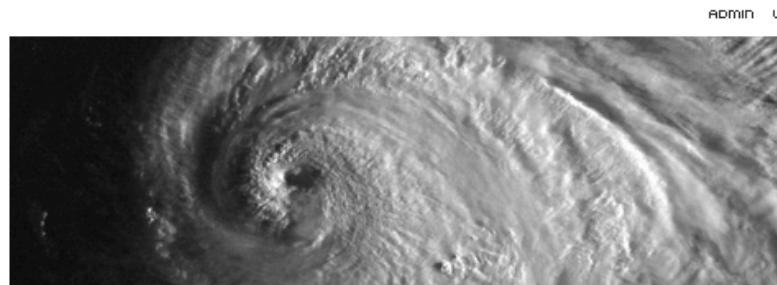
Christopher Marks, Creative Commons

- Model highlights
 - 5.4 km outer domain, 1.8 km inner domain
 - Initialized on the 6Z and 12Z GFS and NAM
 - Many days include 12Z RAP initialization (esp. in summer)
- Local challenges include:
 - Mountains + moisture + heating = monsoon storms
 - Unreliable initialization data from Mexico
 - Extreme planetary boundary layer heights
 - Rapidly changing land/surface characteristics
- 1.8 km resolution, 3 minute outputs of:
 - GHI, DNI, 10 m wind, 80 m wind, temp

WRF configuration details:

- RRTMG
- Morrison 2 mom. or SBUYLIN
- Bougeault-Lacarre or ACM2
- Noah LSM

UA WRF forecasts available at
atmo.arizona.edu



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Arizona Regional WRF Model Data

Model Derived Forecasts

[SE AZ Forecast](#) [Phx Area Forecast](#) [AM Optical Depth](#)

Model Discussion

During the monsoon season and for significant weather events, a model discussion may be available.

[Current Discussion](#) [Previous Discussion](#)

Model Products

| | 06z AZ WRF-GFS | 06z AZ WRF-NAM | 12z AZ WRF-NAM | 12z AZ WRF-GFS | 12z AZ WRF-RUC |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Domain-Level Products | | | | | |
| Composite RADAR | 1.8km 5.4km |
| Precipitation | 1.8km 5.4km |
| Accumulated Precipitation | 1.8km 5.4km |
| Accumulated Snow | 1.8km 5.4km |
| Snow Cover | 1.8km 5.4km |
| 2m Temp | 1.8km 5.4km |
| | 1.8kmz 5.4kmz |
| 10m Wind | 1.8km 5.4km |
| | 1.8kmz 5.4kmz |
| Precipitable | | | | | |

Contact me for access to raw data

ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES
UASCIENCE

Current Weather

Campus Weather Conditions

Campus Weather Plots (English Units)

Daily, Weekly & Monthly Plots

Solar Observatory Data (opens new tab or window)

Satellite Imagery

RADAR

Lightning Plots (arizona.edu only)

Maps and Plots

Arizona Regional WRF Model Data

Idaho Regional WRF Model Data

GPS Precipitable Water

Cloud movies

Full Day Cloud Camera Movie

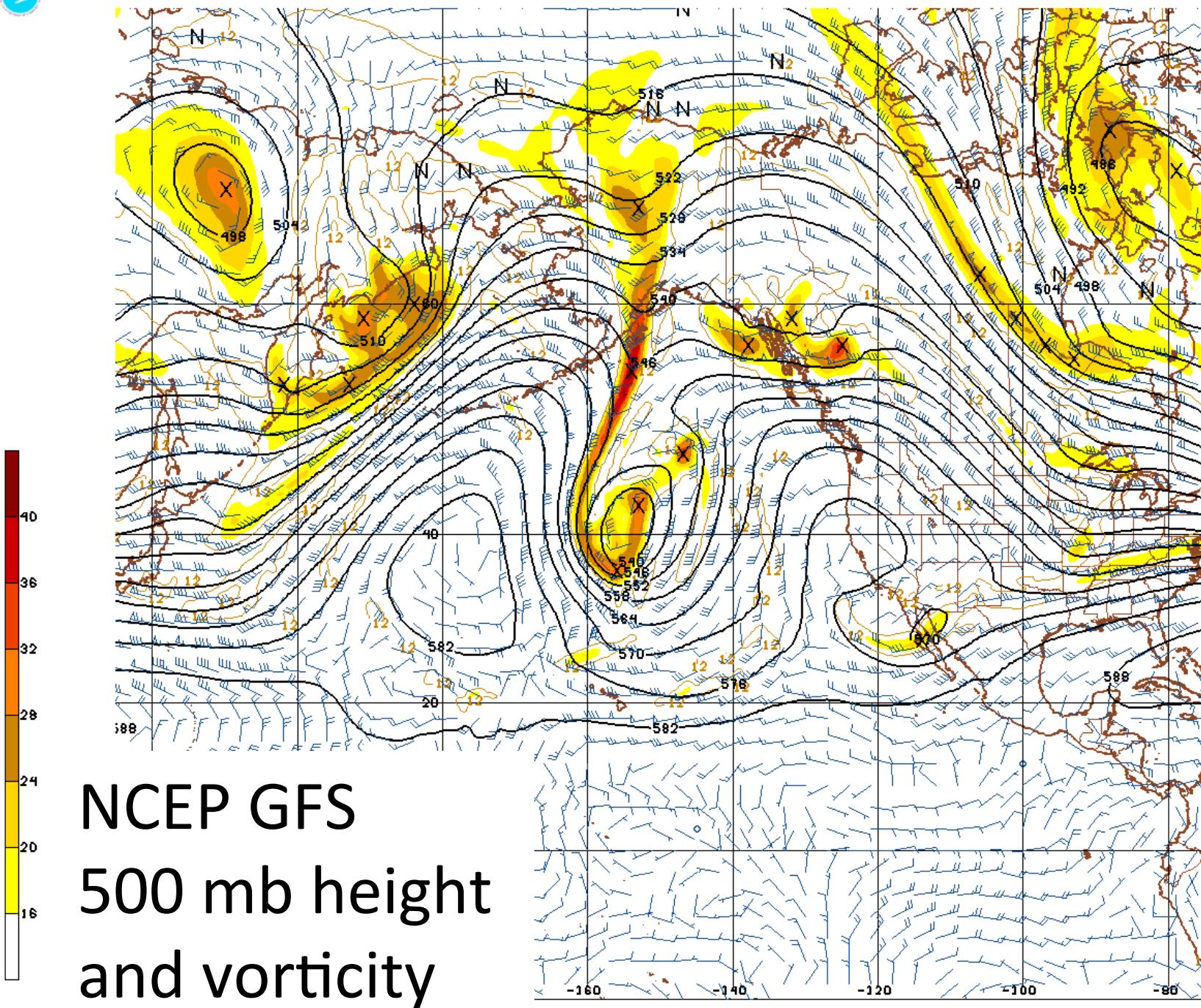
Last 90 mins. Movie

Yesterday's Movie

"Best Of" ATMO Cloud Movies

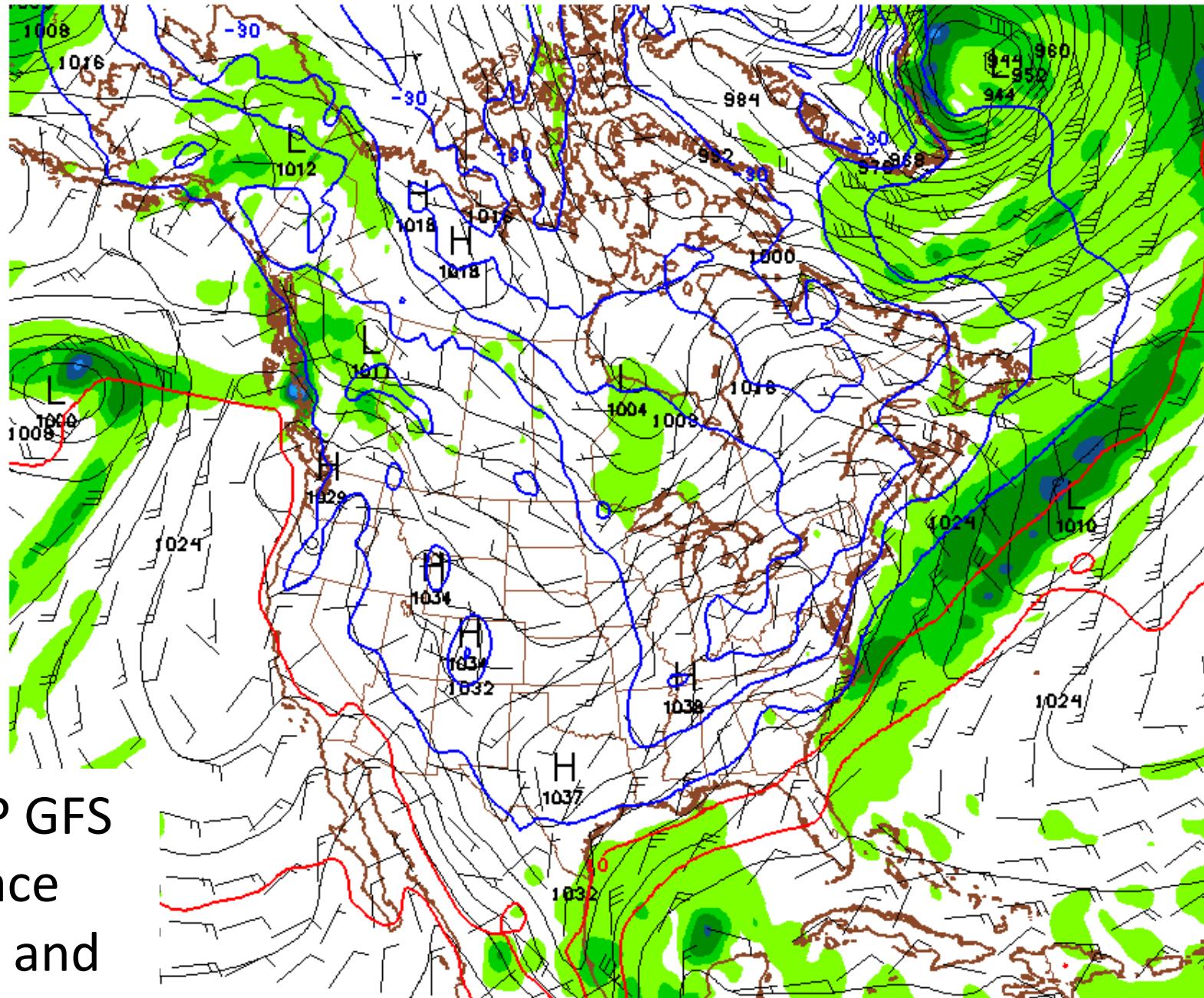


03/04/15 00UTC 057HR FCST VALID FRI 03/06/15 00UTC NCEP/NHS/NOAA





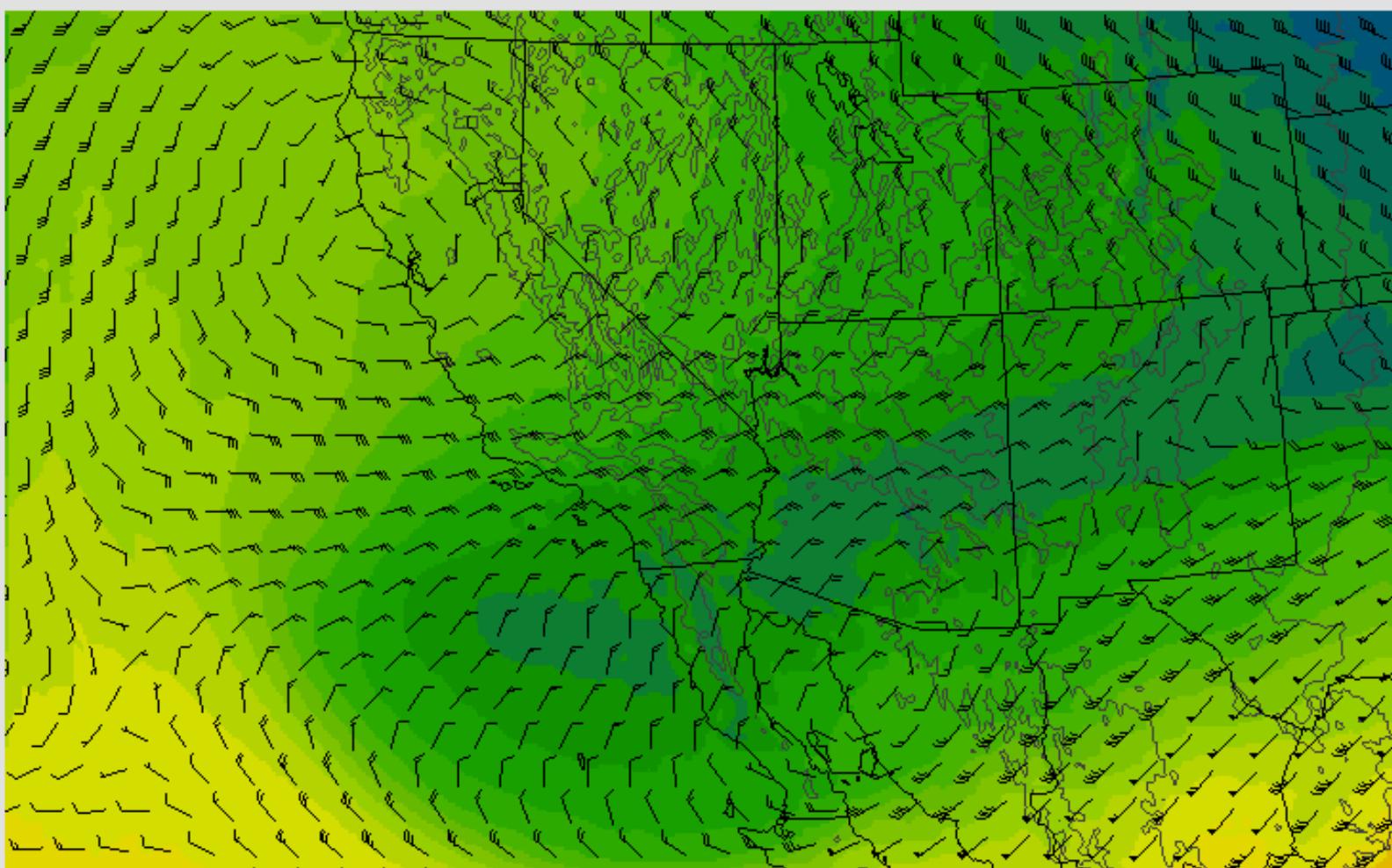
03/04/15 00UTC 057HR FCST VALID FRI 03/06/15 09UTC NCEP/NHS/NOAA



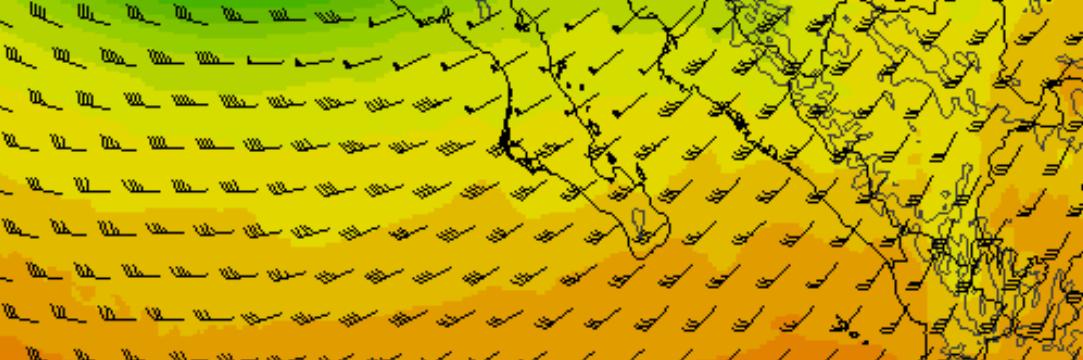
150306/0900V057 8FS MSLP 10M WND(KTS) 06HR PRCP(IN) 2M TEMP(C)

Valid 2015-03-06 02:00AM MS 500mb Wind(kts) and Temperature (C)

2015-03-06_09:00:00 Z



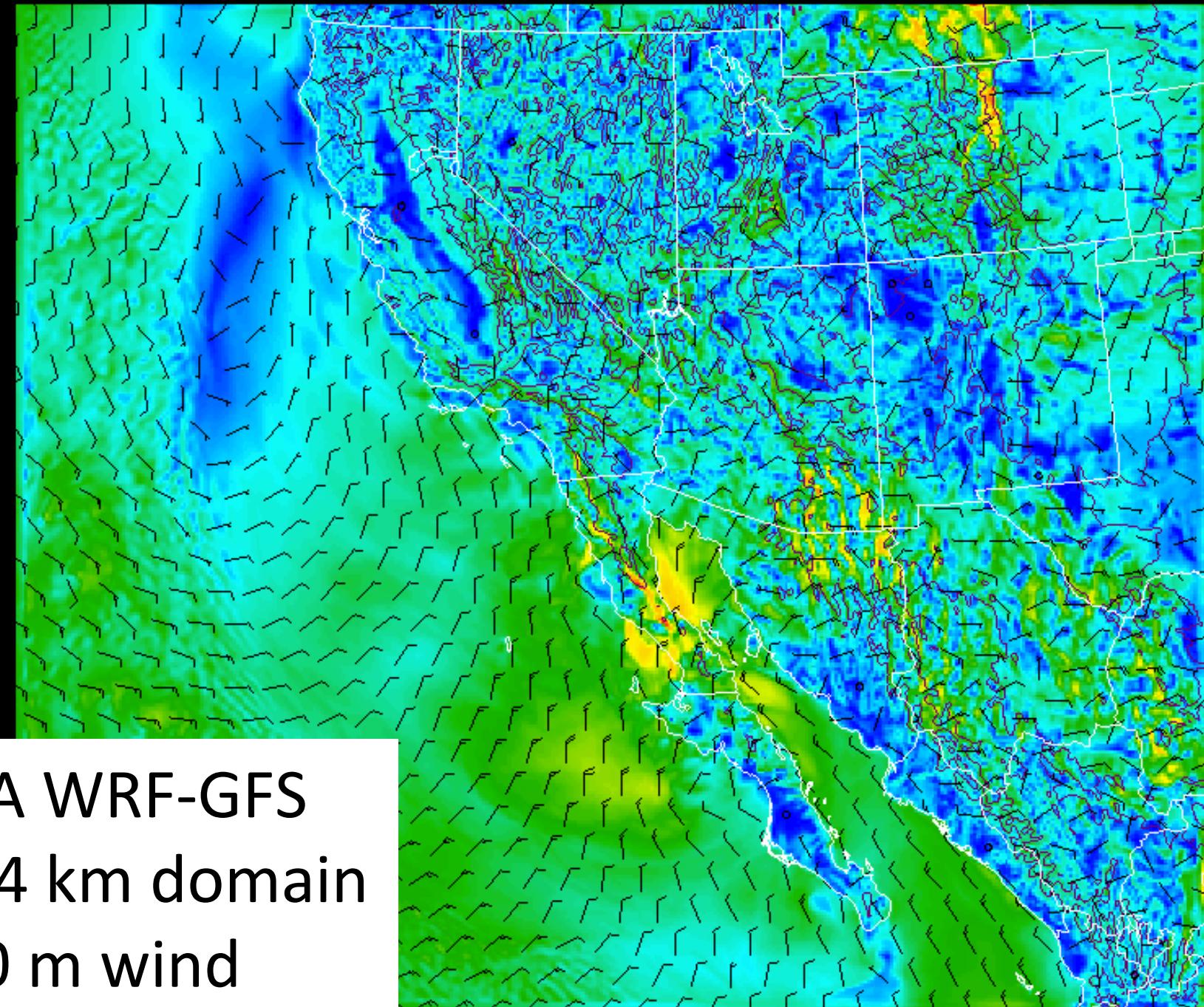
UA WRF-GFS
500 mb temp
and wind



Valid 2015-03-06 00:00AM MST

10m Wind (knots)

2015-03-06_07:00:00 Z

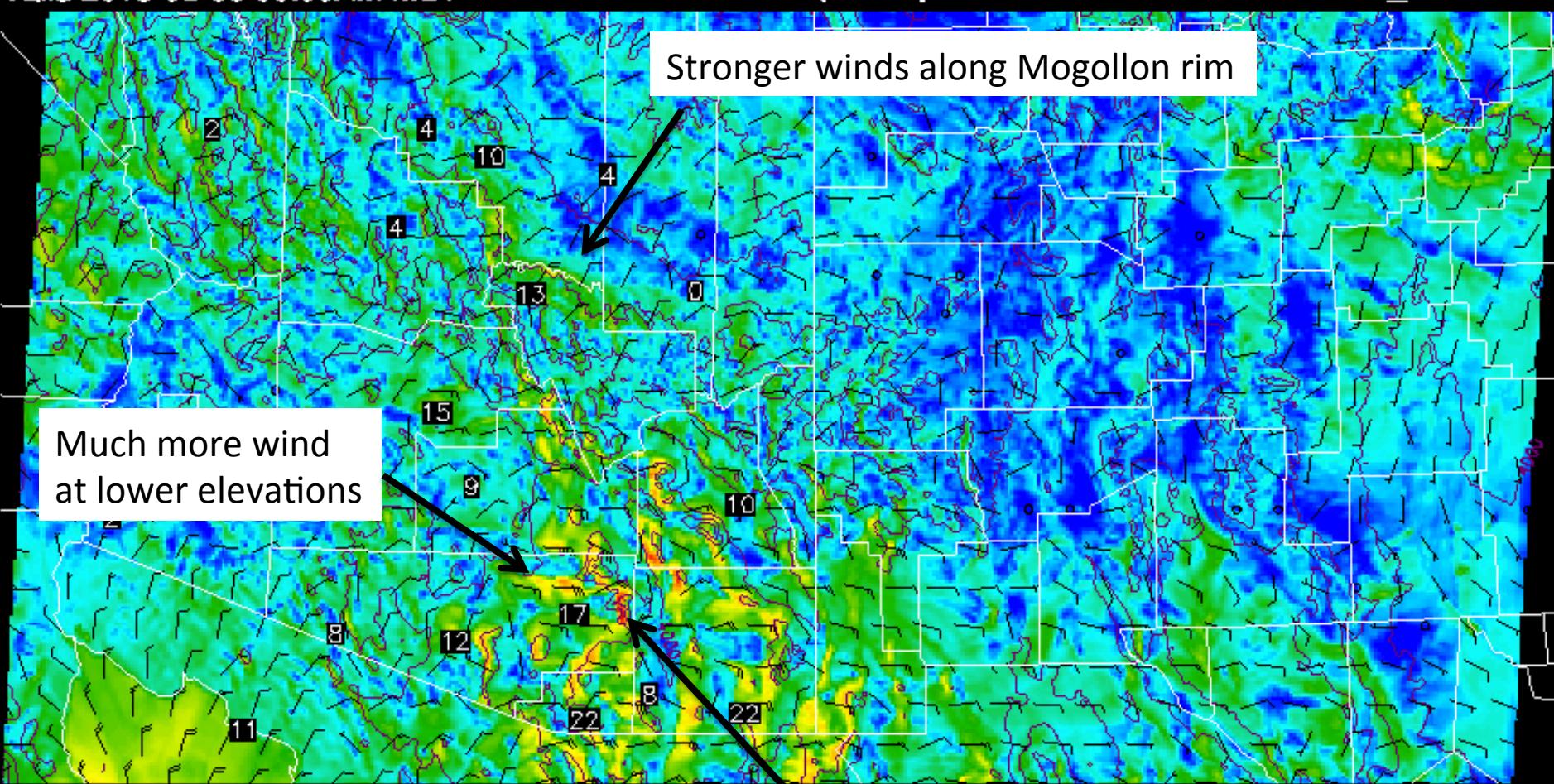


UA WRF-GFS
5.4 km domain
10 m wind

Valid 2015-03-06 00:00AM MST

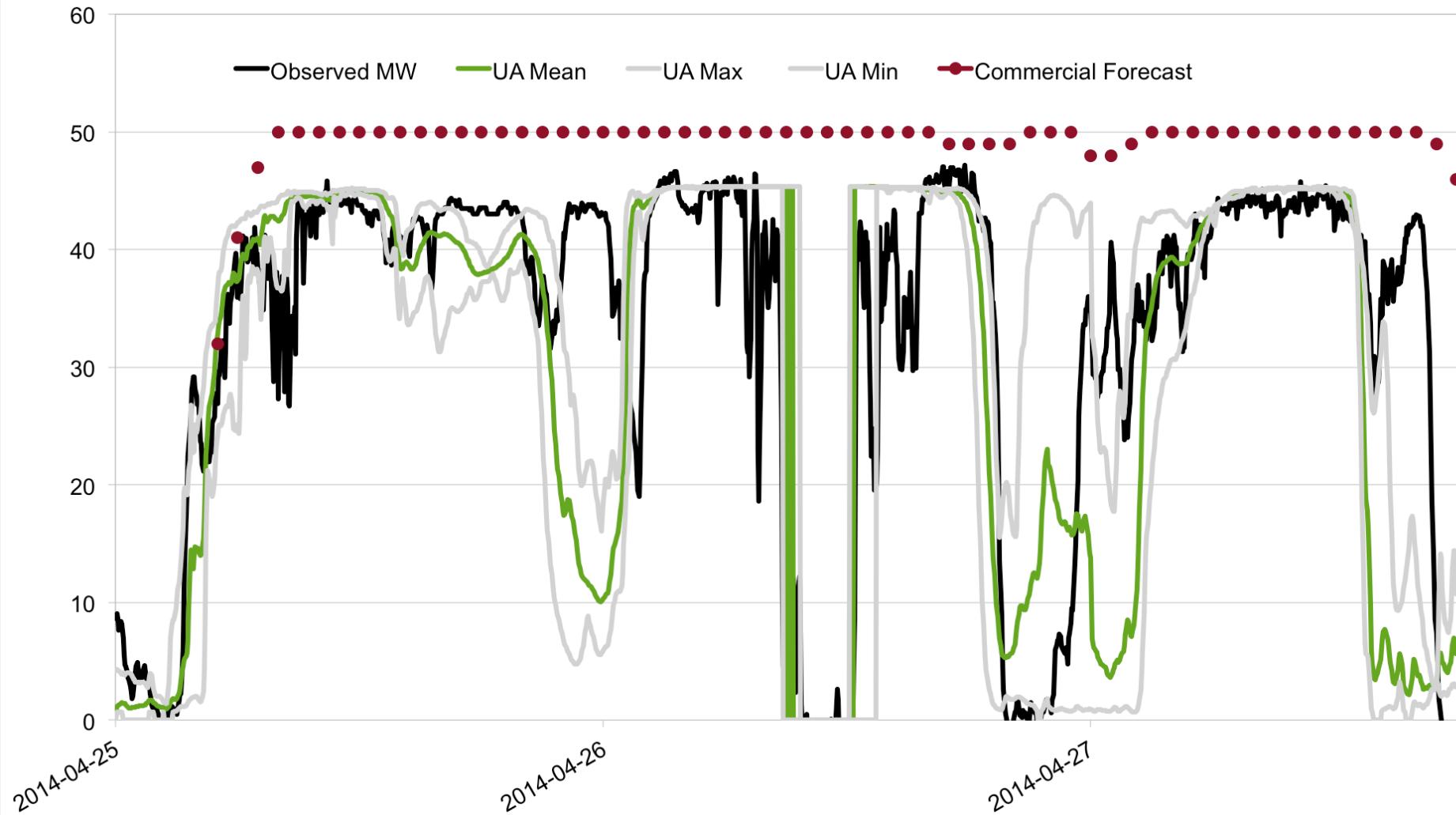
10m Wind (knots)

2015-03-06_07:00:00 Z

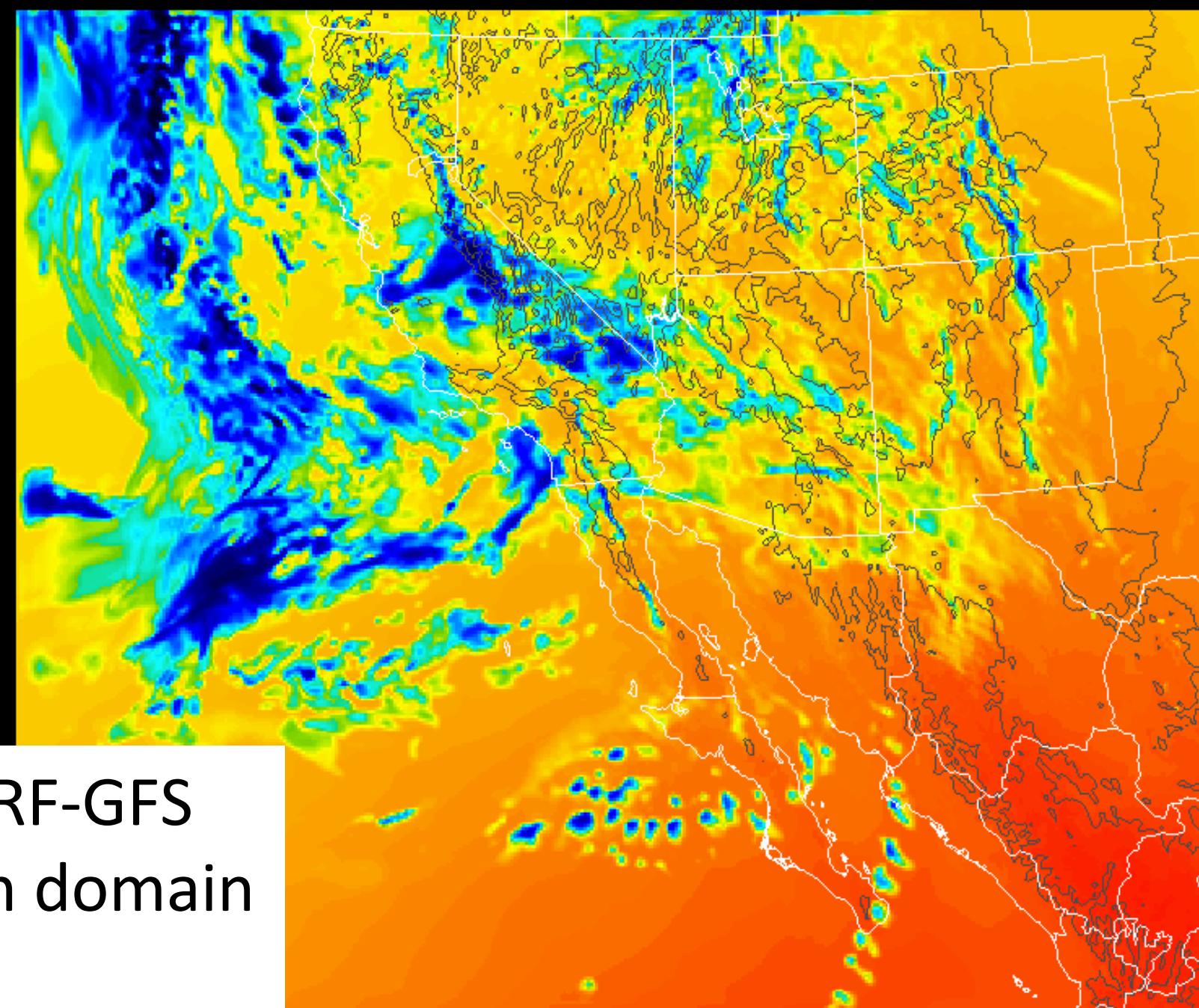


UA WRF-GFS
1.8 km domain
10 m wind

Wind forecasting: UA vs. TEP vendor



Valid 2015-03-11 12:00PM MST Global Horizontal Irradiance (W/m²) 2015-03-11_19:00:00 Z

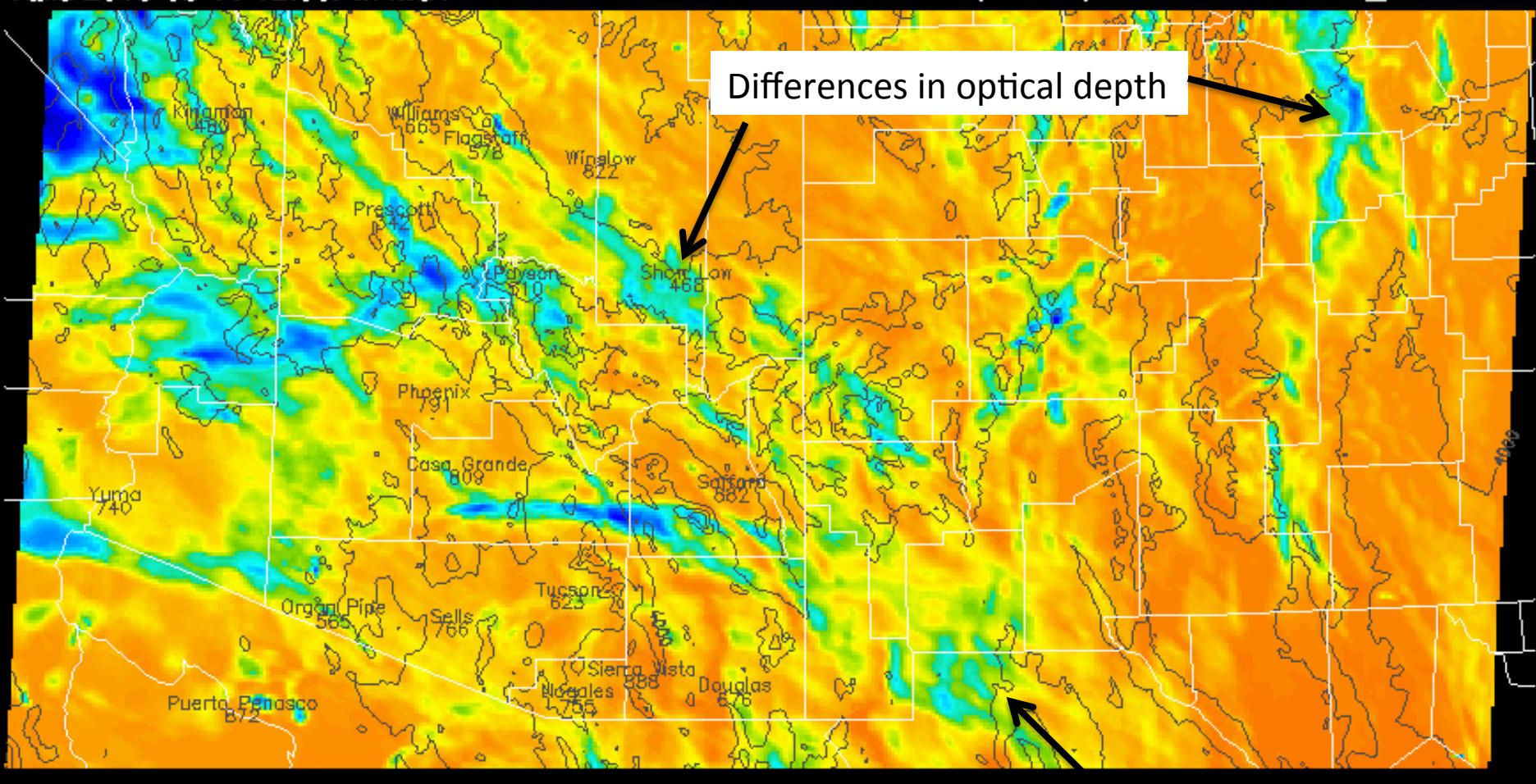


UA WRF-GFS
5.4 km domain
GHI

Valid 2015-03-11 12:00PM MST

Global Horizontal Irradiance (W/m²)

2015-03-11_19:00:00 Z

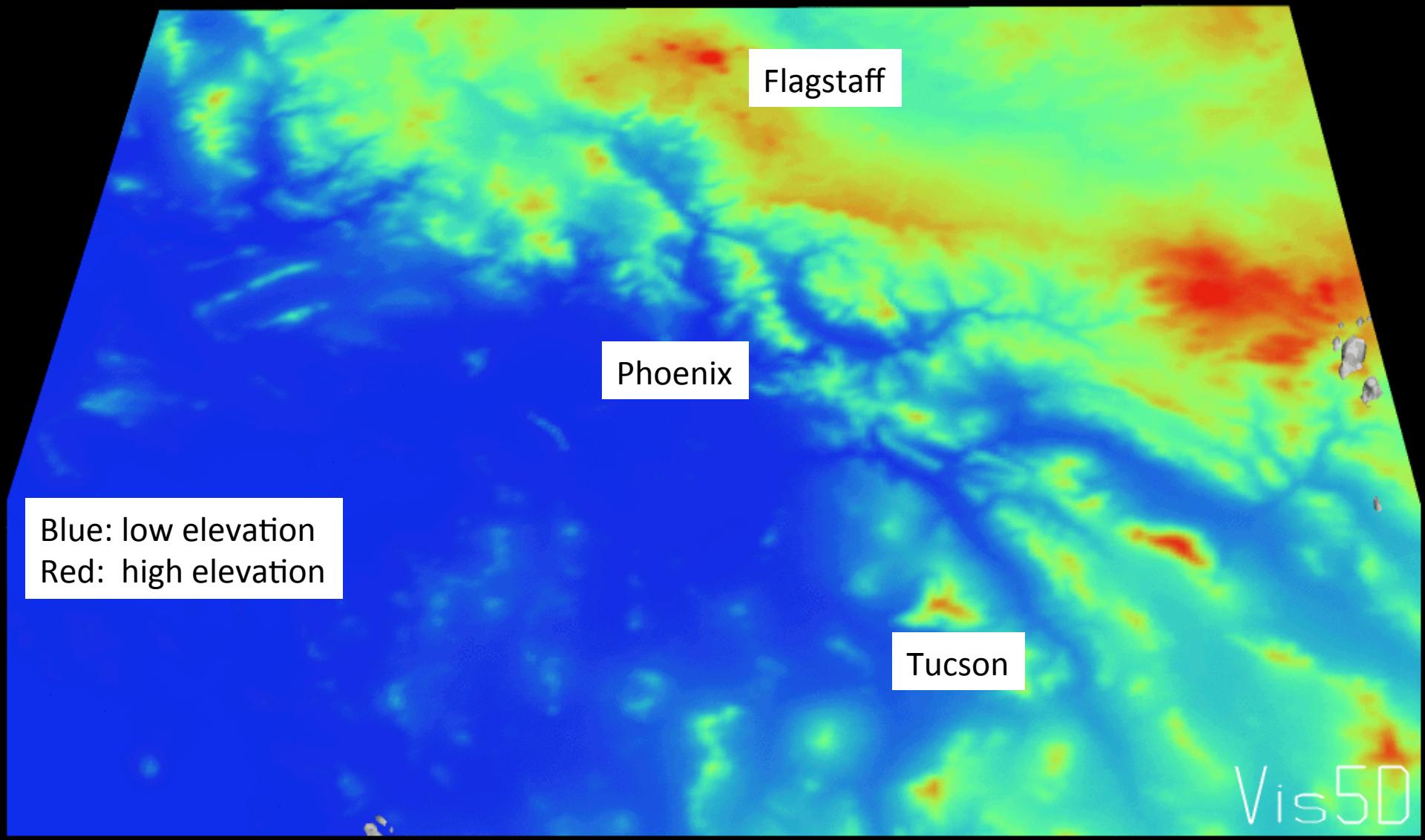


UA WRF-GFS
1.8 km domain
GHI

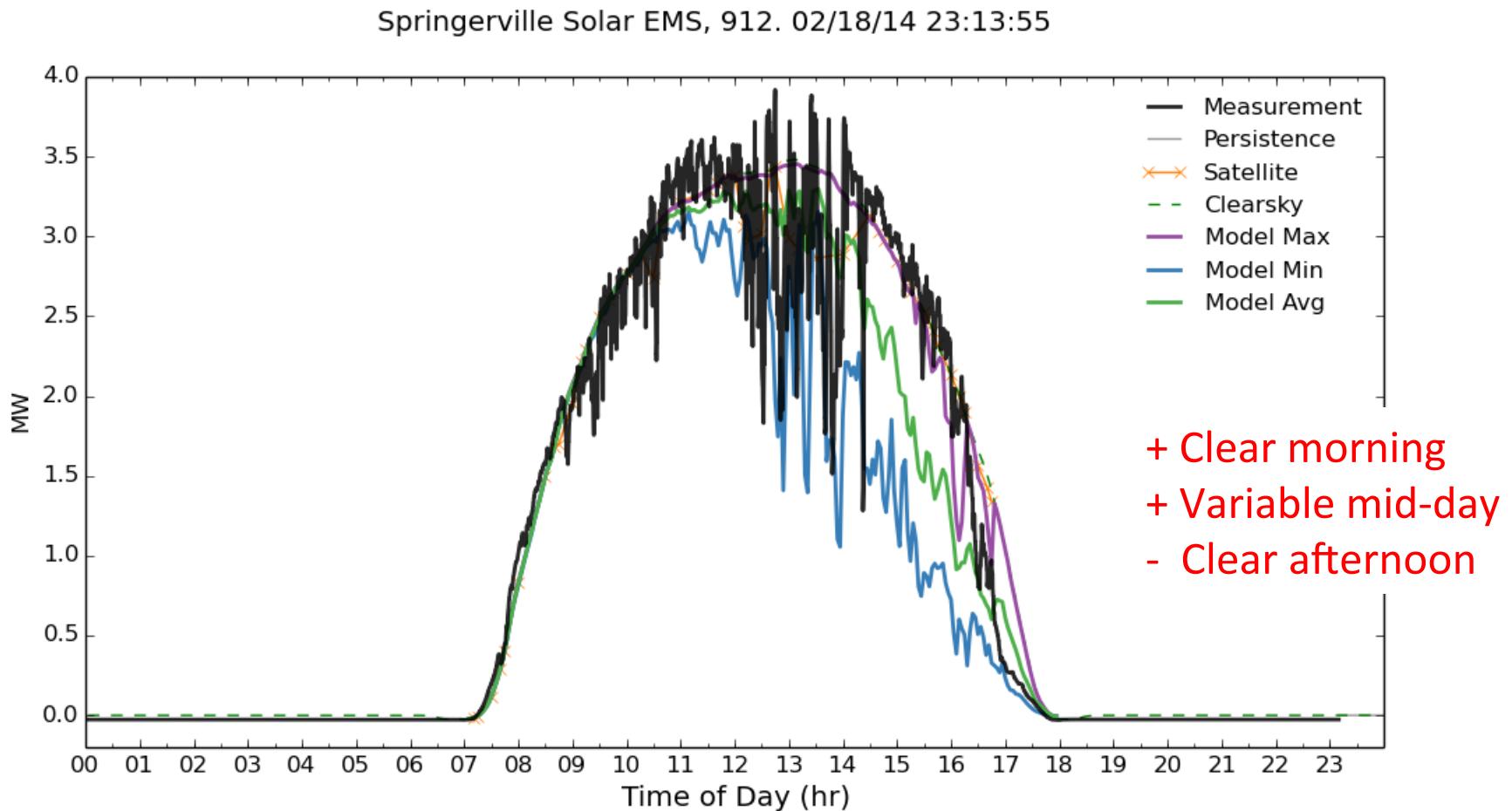
Difference between 5.4 km and 1.8 km domains increases as weather becomes more severe

14:40:03
2005214
1 of 52
Tuesday

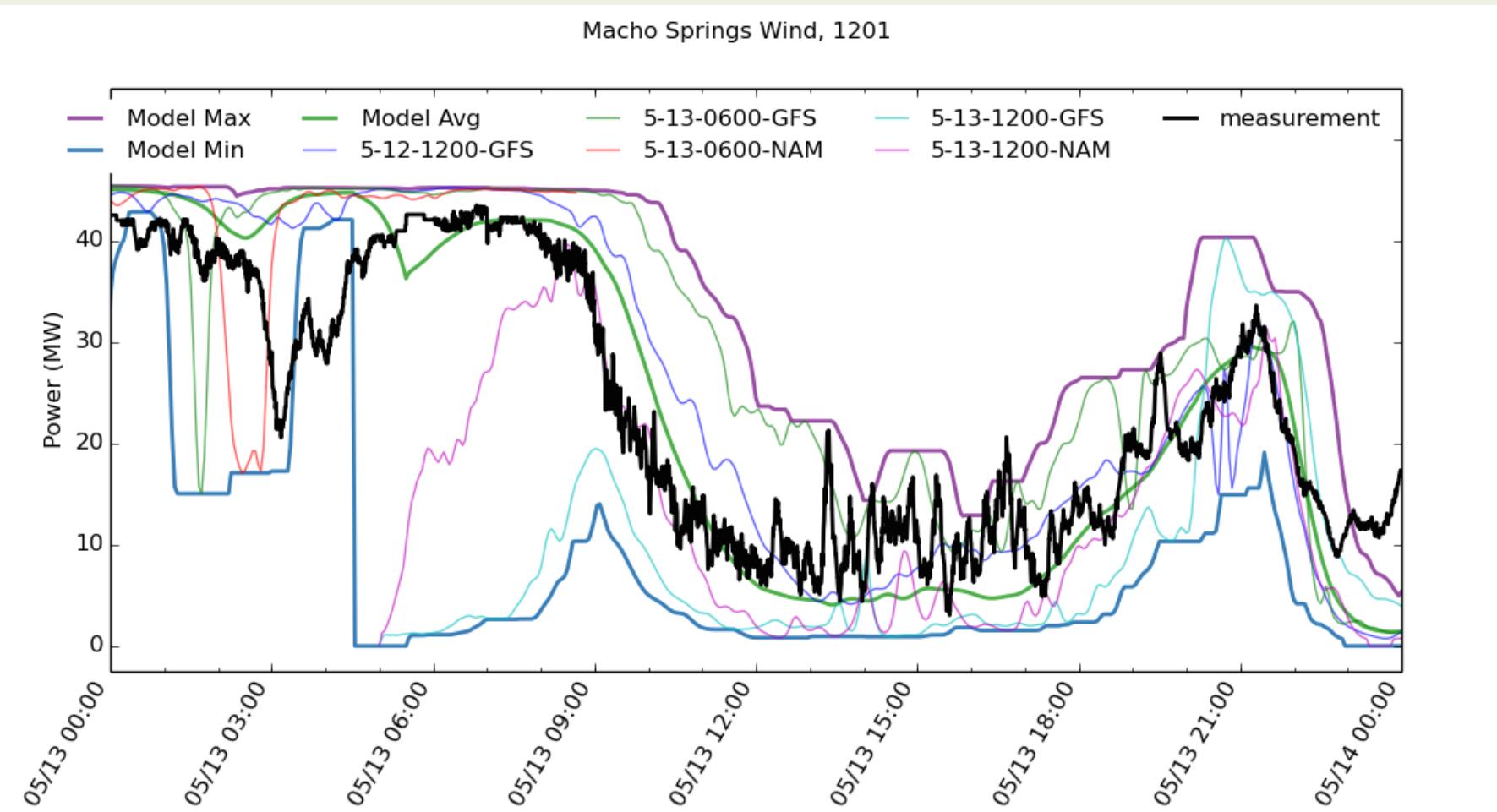
Animation available at:
<http://forecasting.uaren.org>



UA-WRF Solar Power Forecast

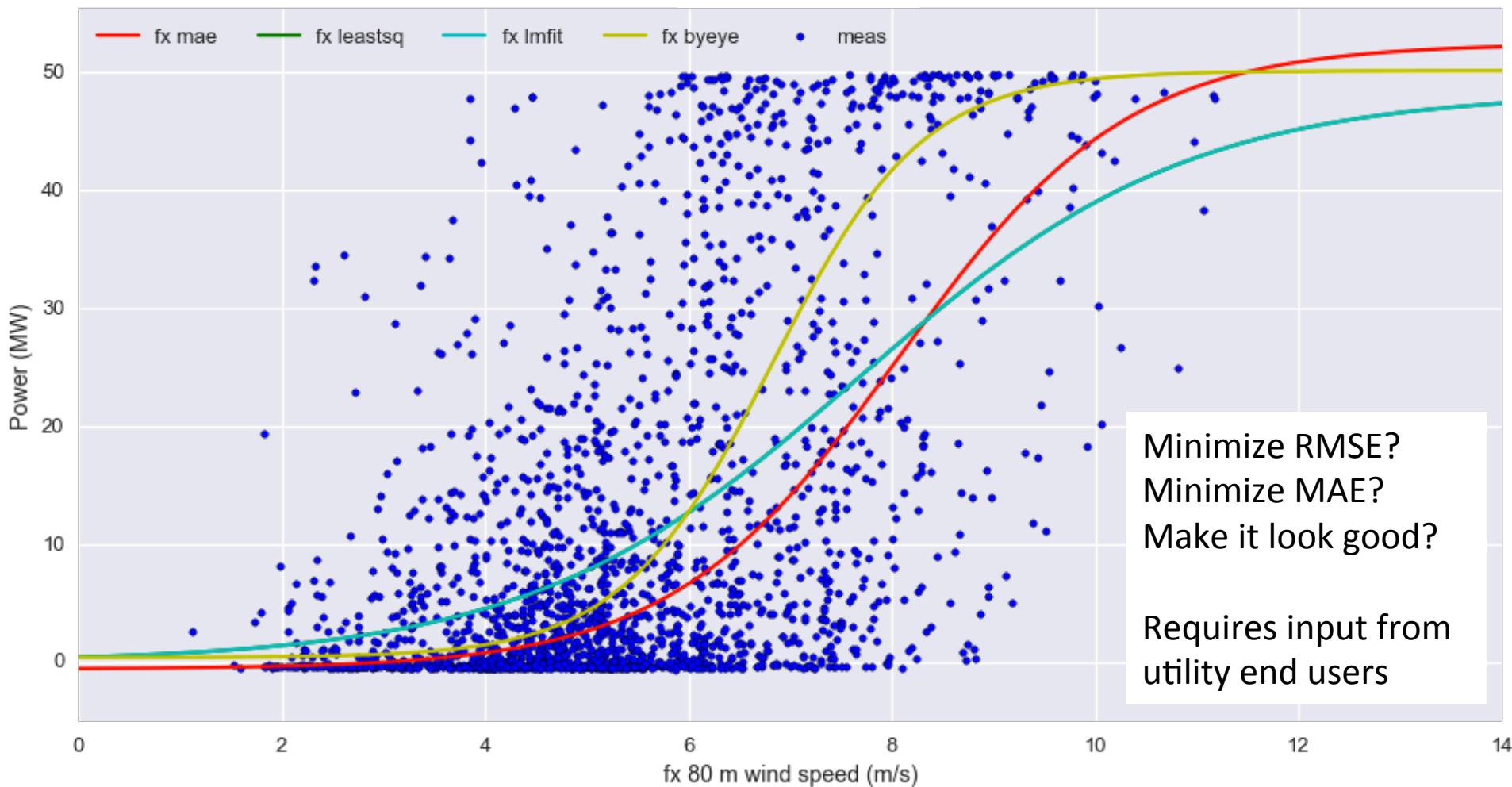


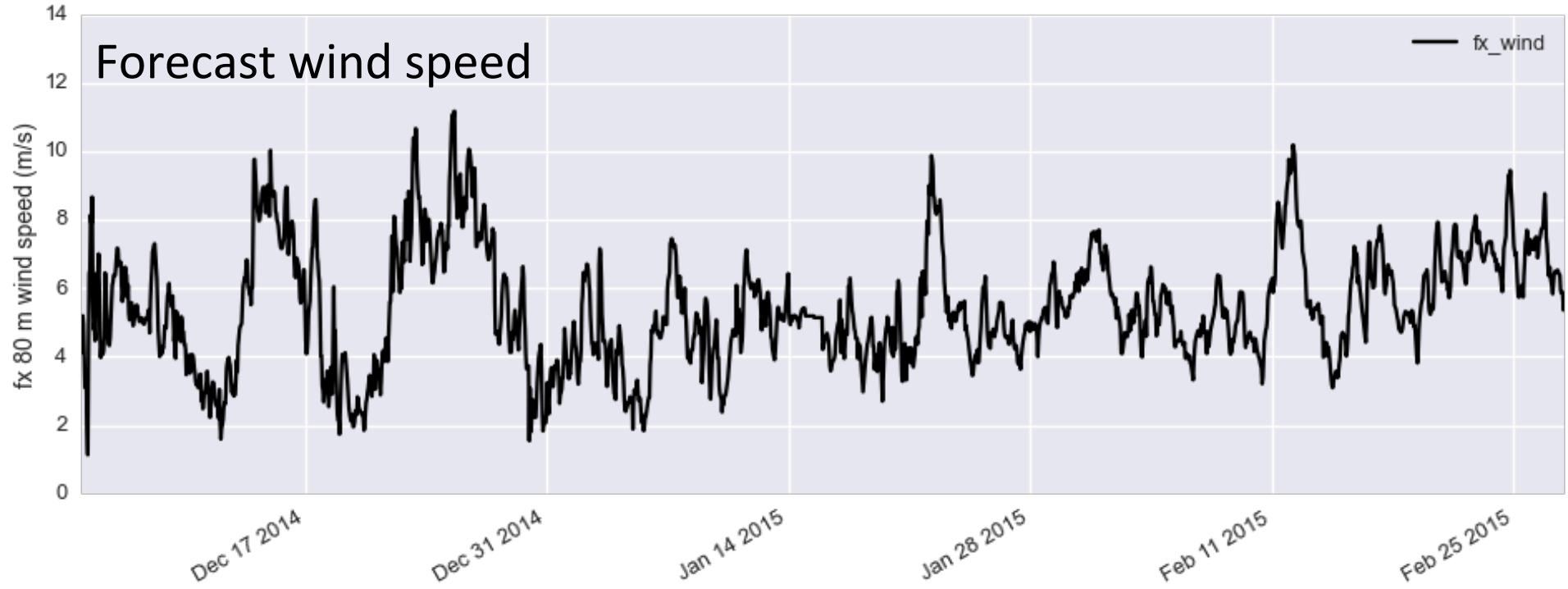
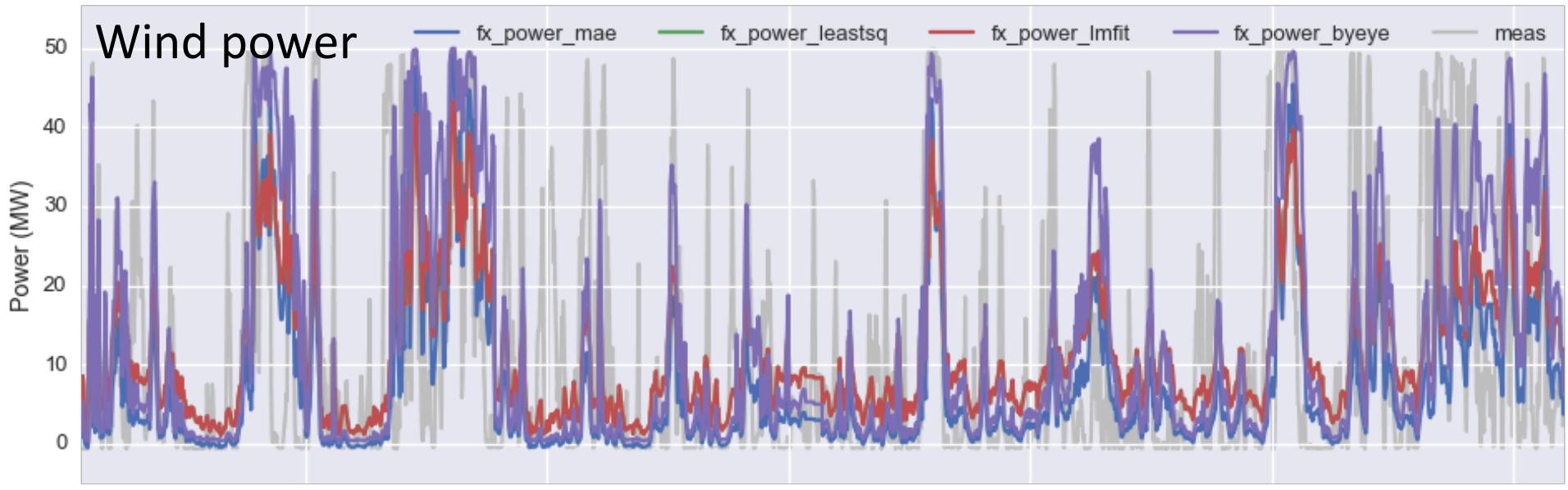
UA-WRF Wind Power Forecast



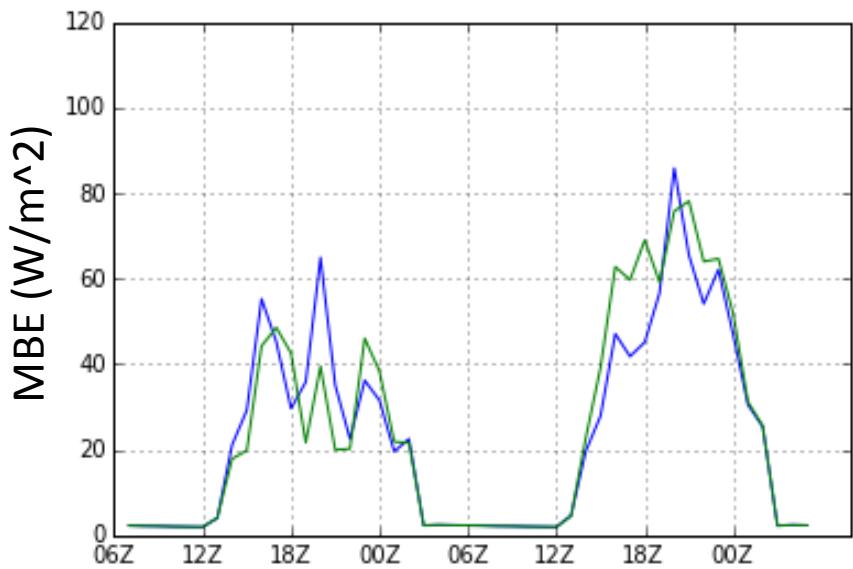
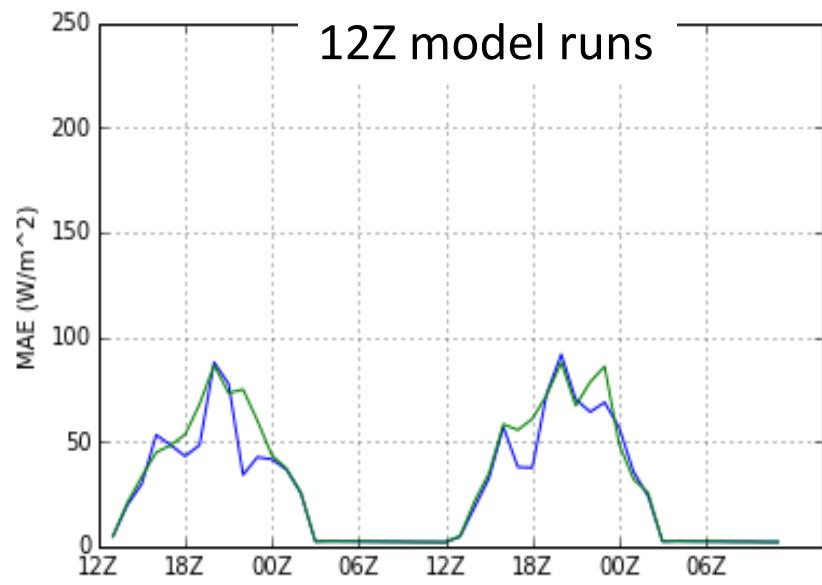
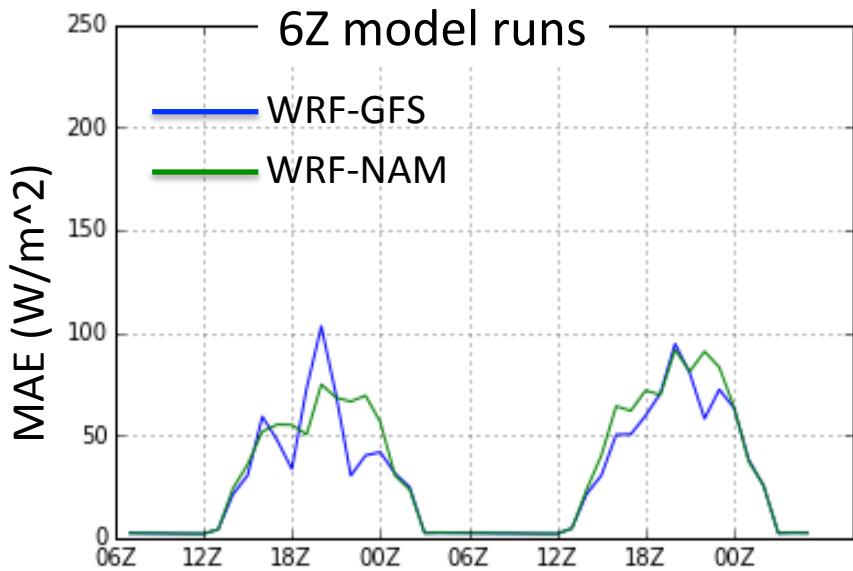
UA-WRF Wind Power Curve

Hourly average wind power vs. hourly average forecast wind speed

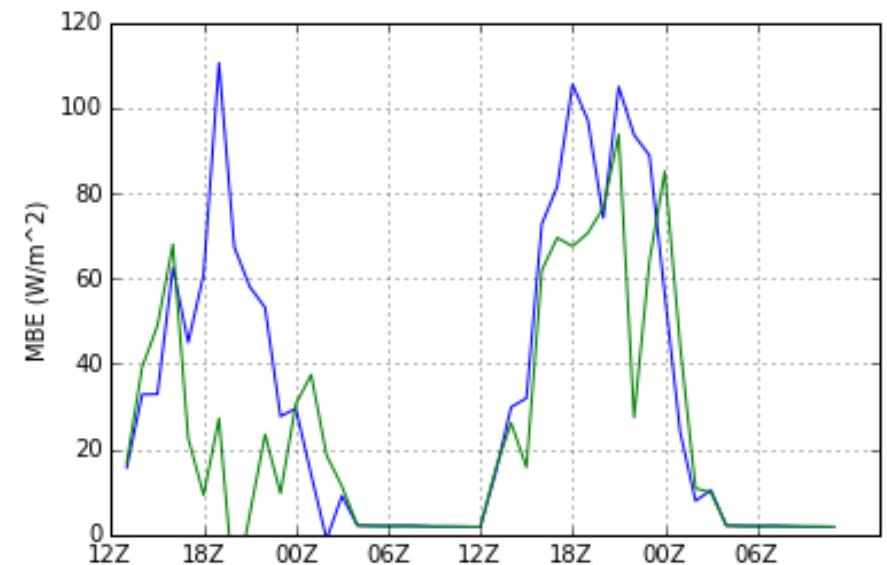
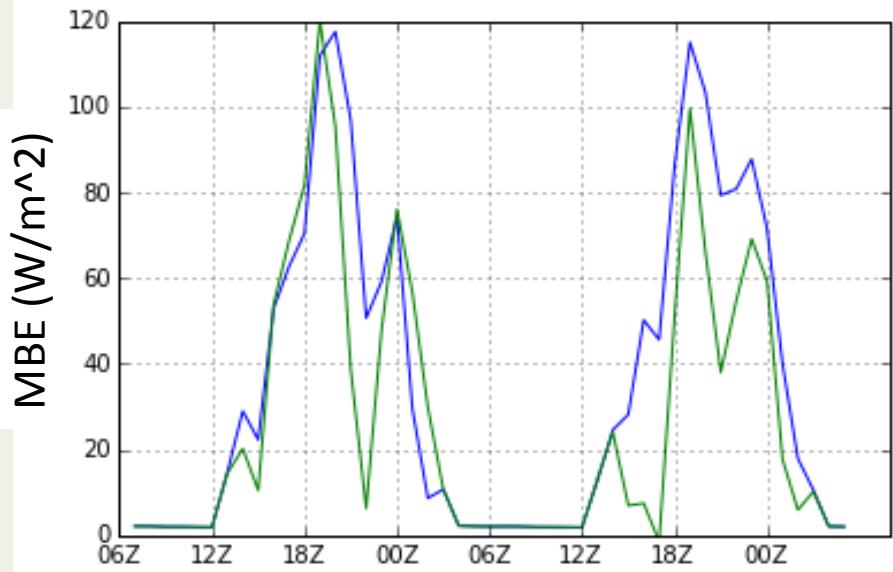
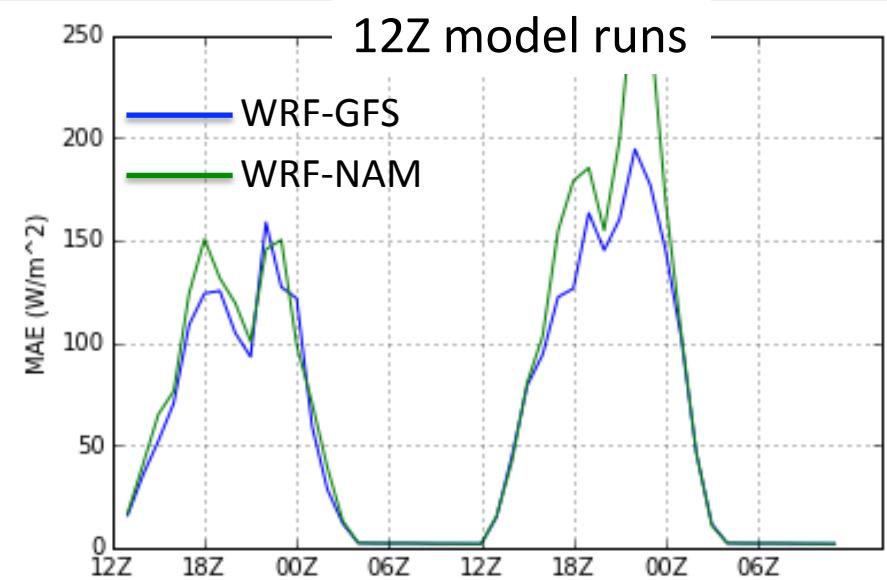
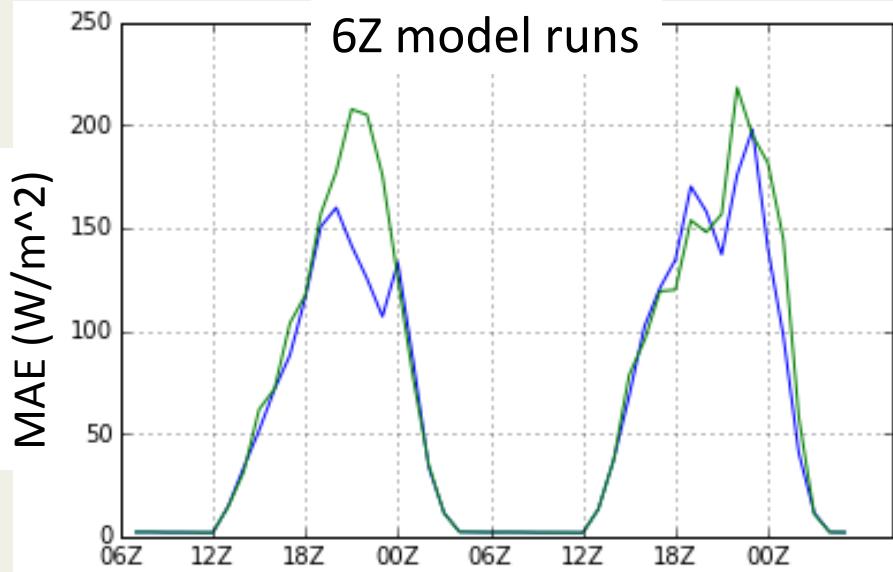




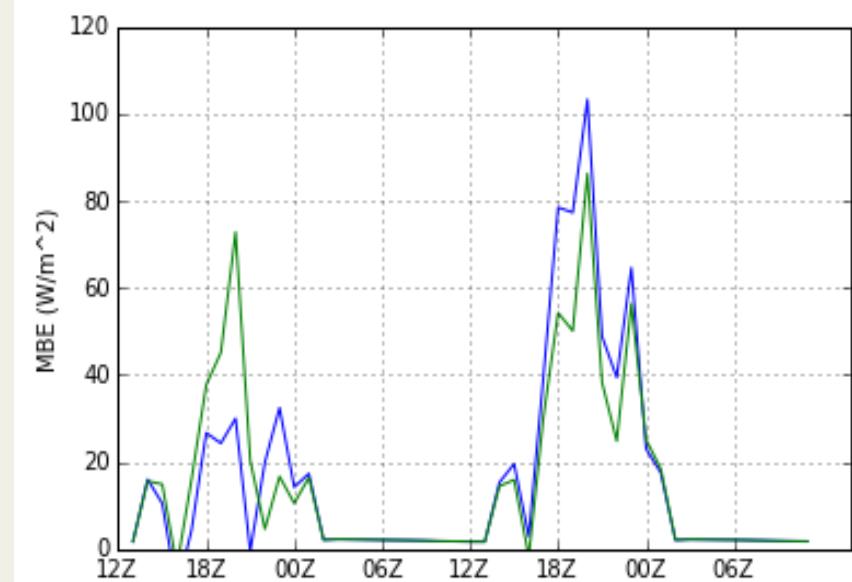
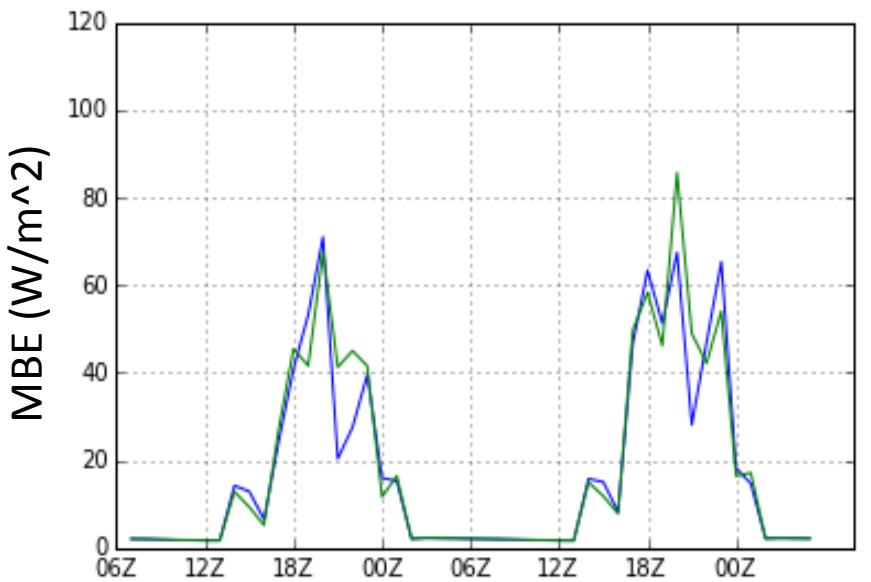
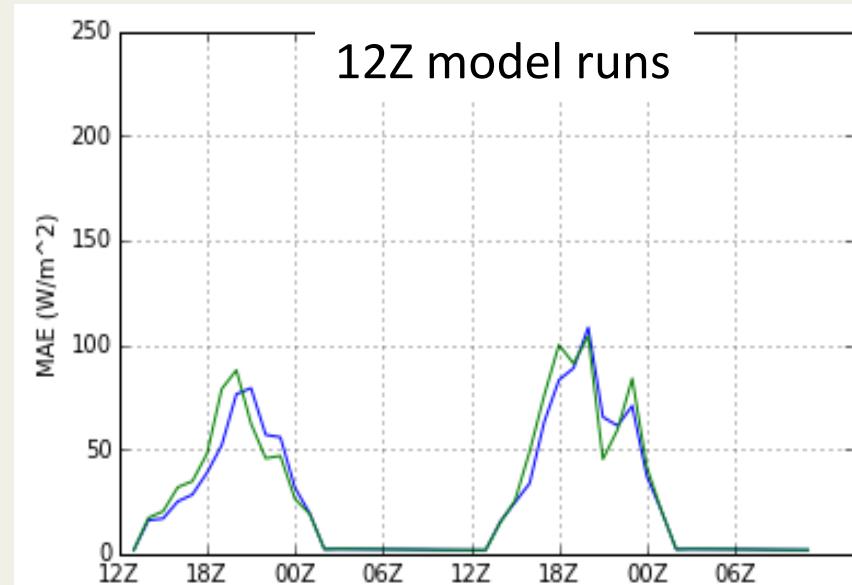
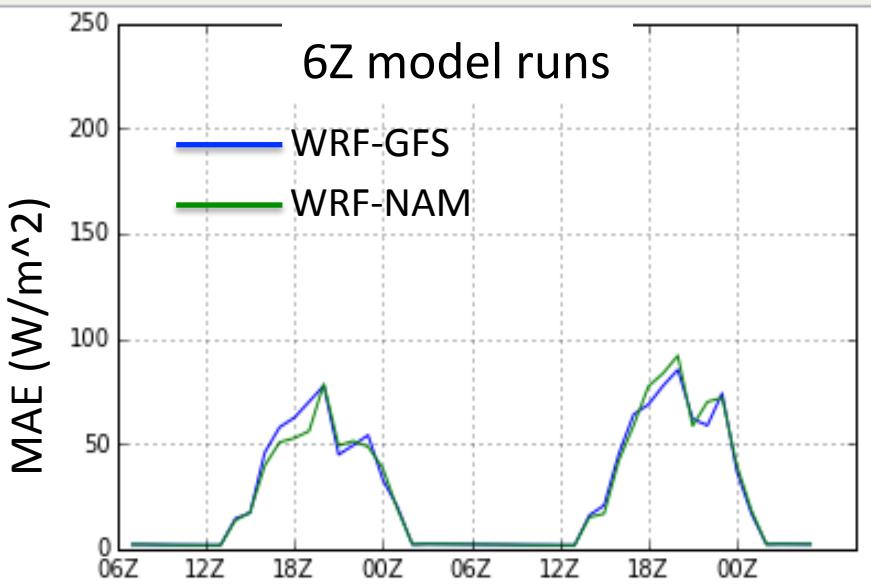
April 2014 UA-WRF GHI



July 2014 UA-WRF GHI

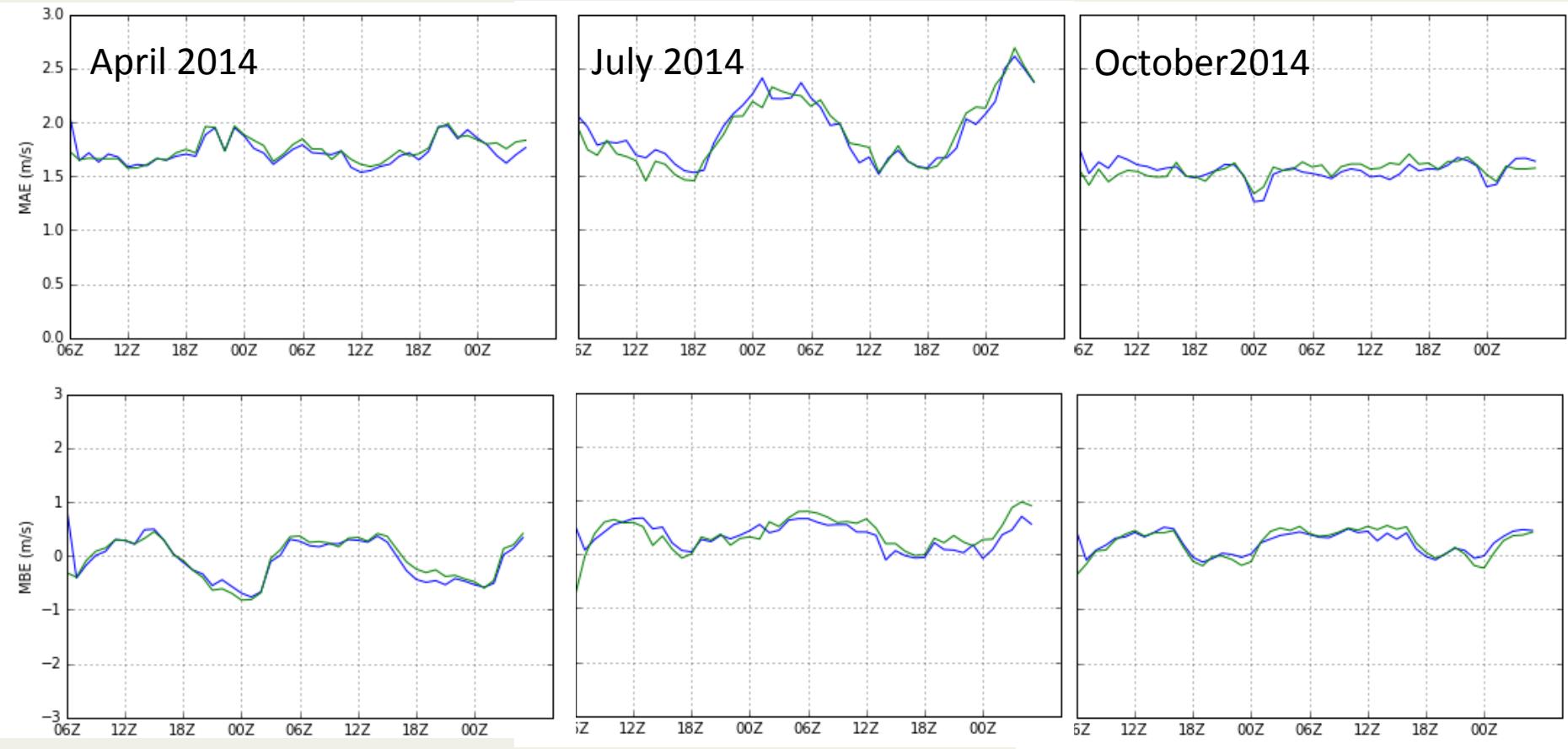


October 2014 UA-WRF GHI



Wind Errors 6Z UA-WRF

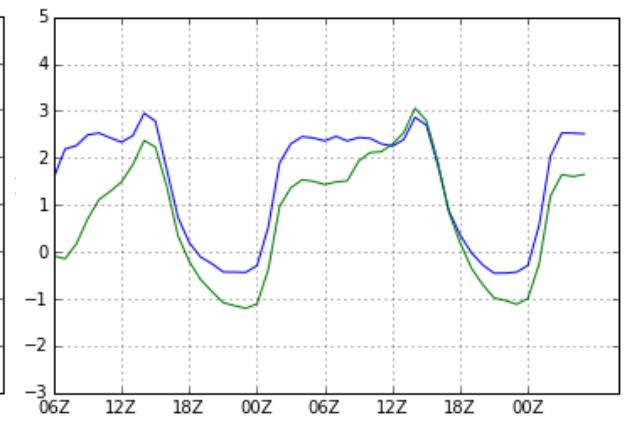
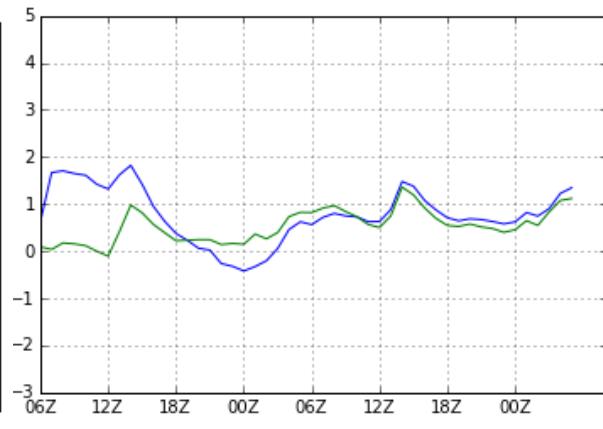
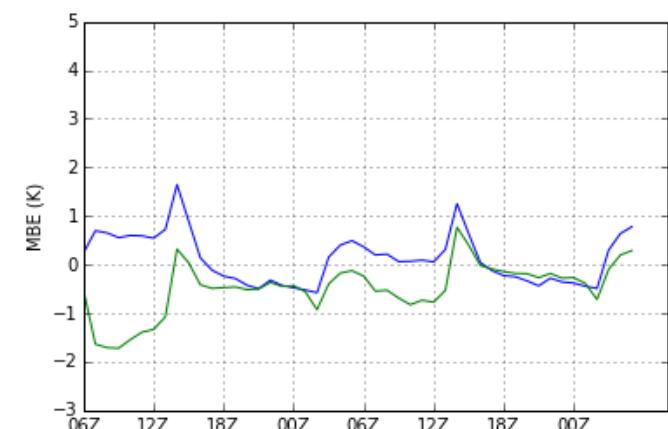
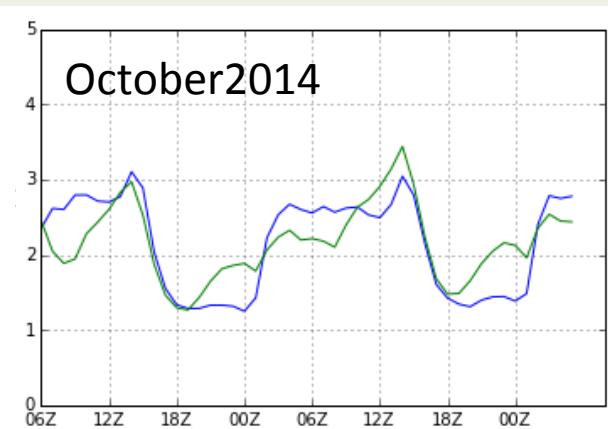
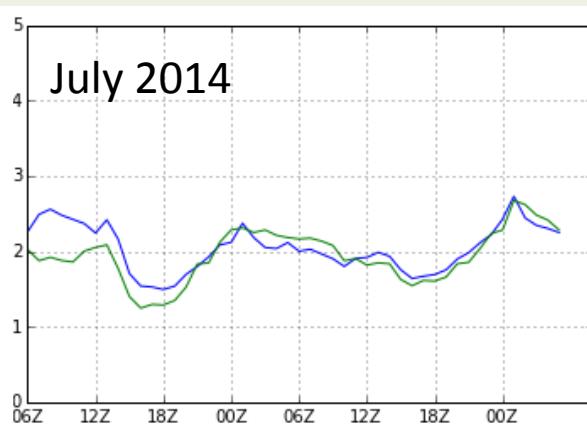
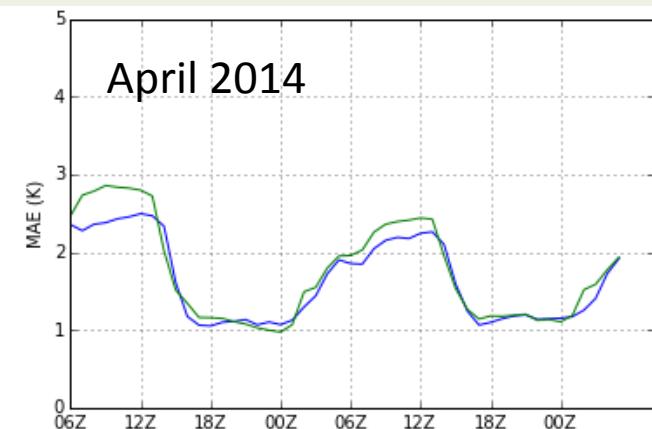
— WRF-GFS
— WRF-NAM



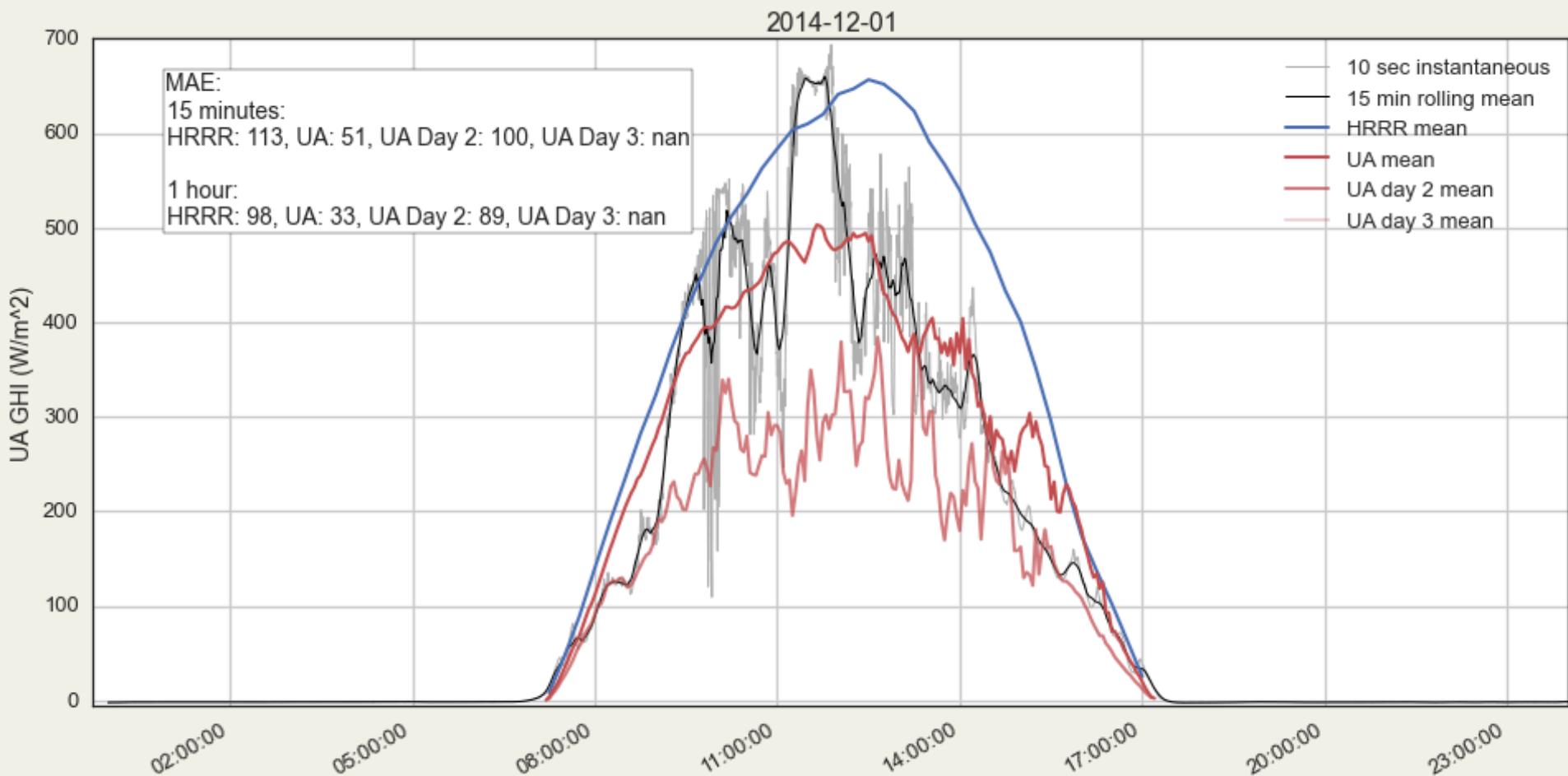
Average errors for all AZ METARs stations

Temp Errors 6Z UA-WRF

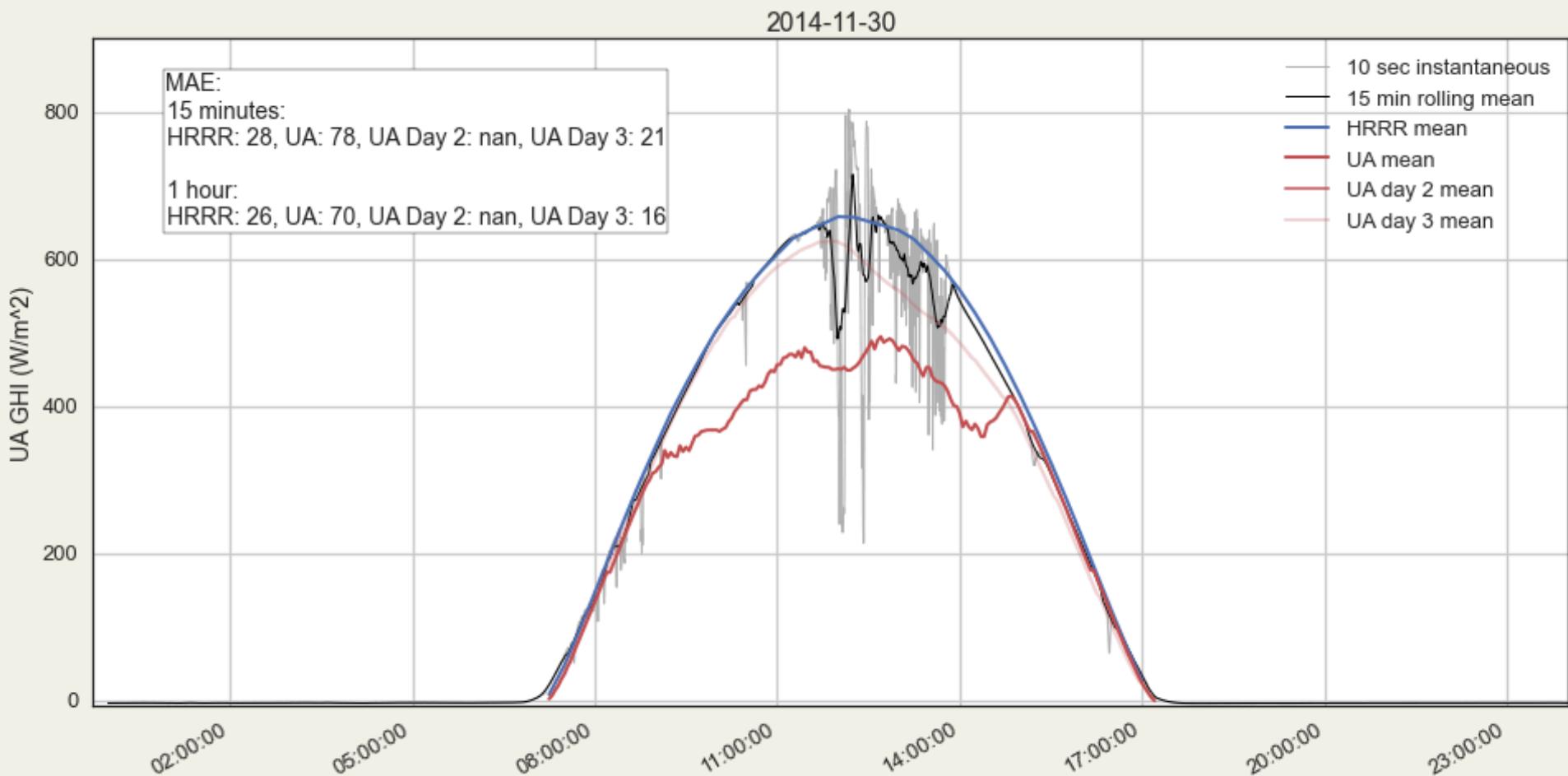
WRF-GFS
WRF-NAM



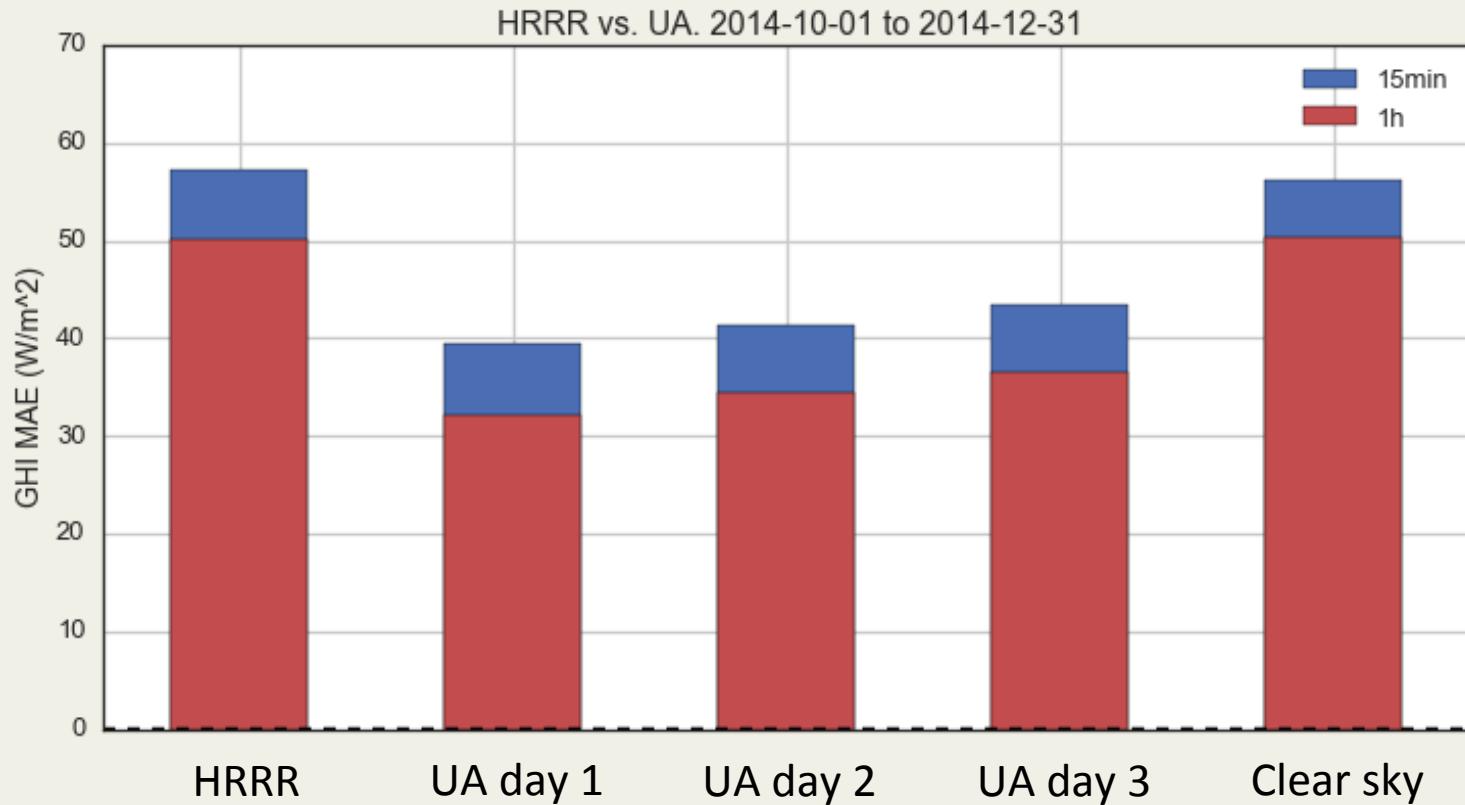
UA-WRF vs. NCEP HRRR Tucson GHI



UA-WRF vs. NCEP HRRR Tucson GHI



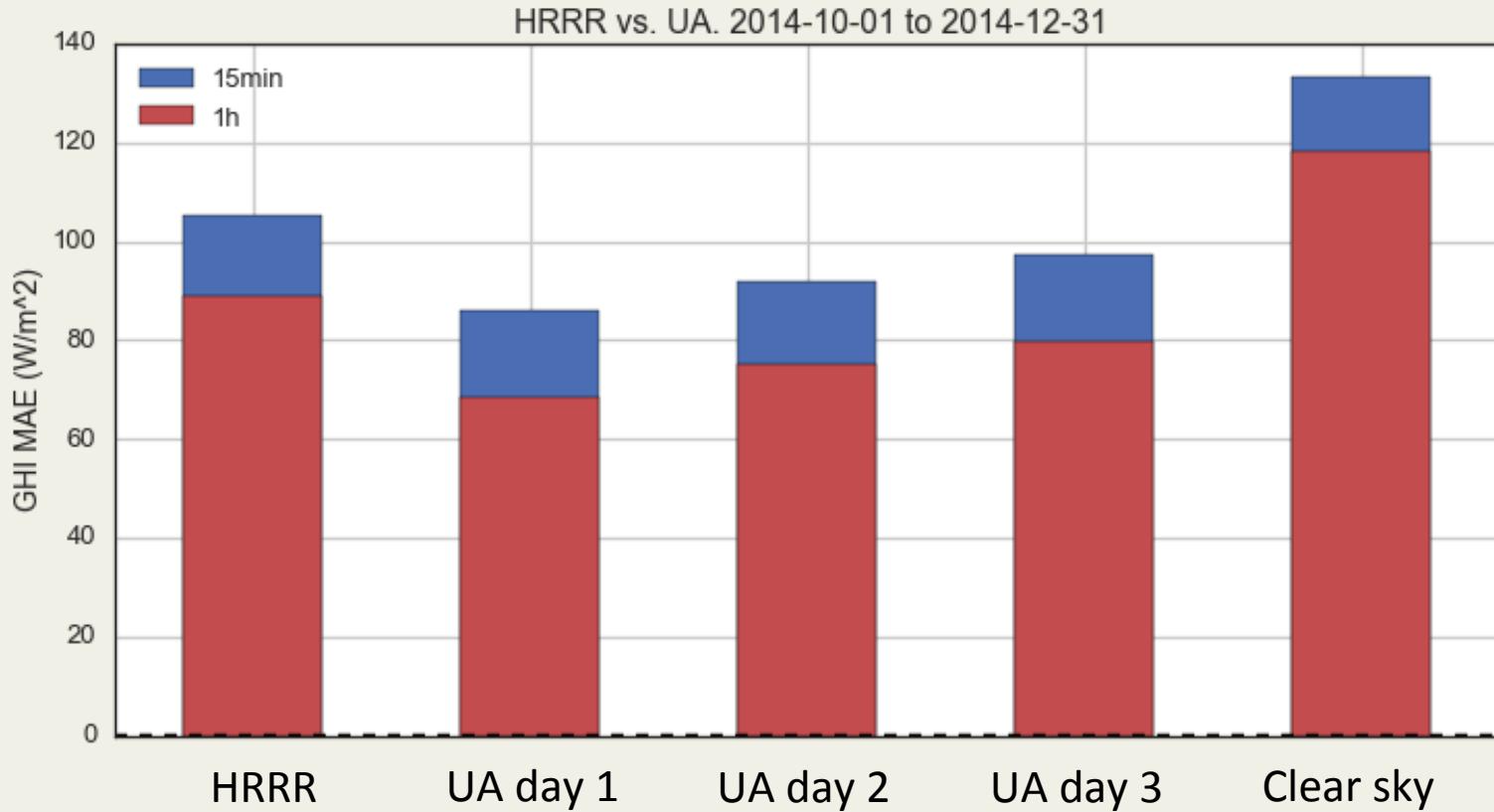
UA-WRF vs. NCEP HRRR Tucson GHI



Not a fair comparison because NCEP HRRR does not use the correct eqn. of time
So, we subtracted 15 minutes from HRRR time for approximate correction for these months
First HRRR point also discarded

Oct-Dec average of the daily average of 15 minute or 1 hour MAEs

UA-WRF vs. NCEP HRRR Tucson GHI



Limit analysis to large ($\text{MAE} > 60$) errors.

Eliminates clear days.

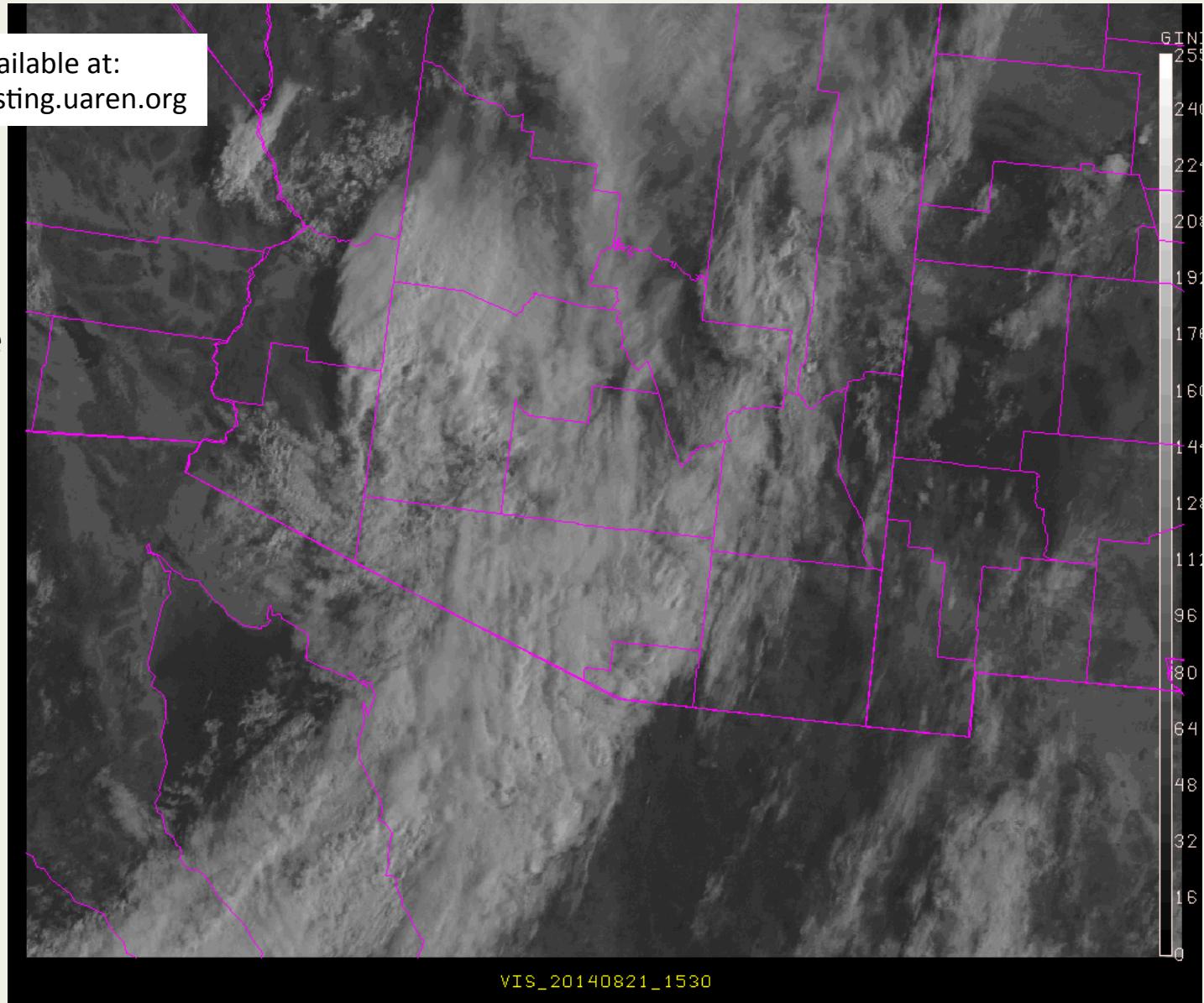
Helps HRRR, relatively, since it is much worse than UA on clear days.

UA day 3 still outperforming NCEP HRRR

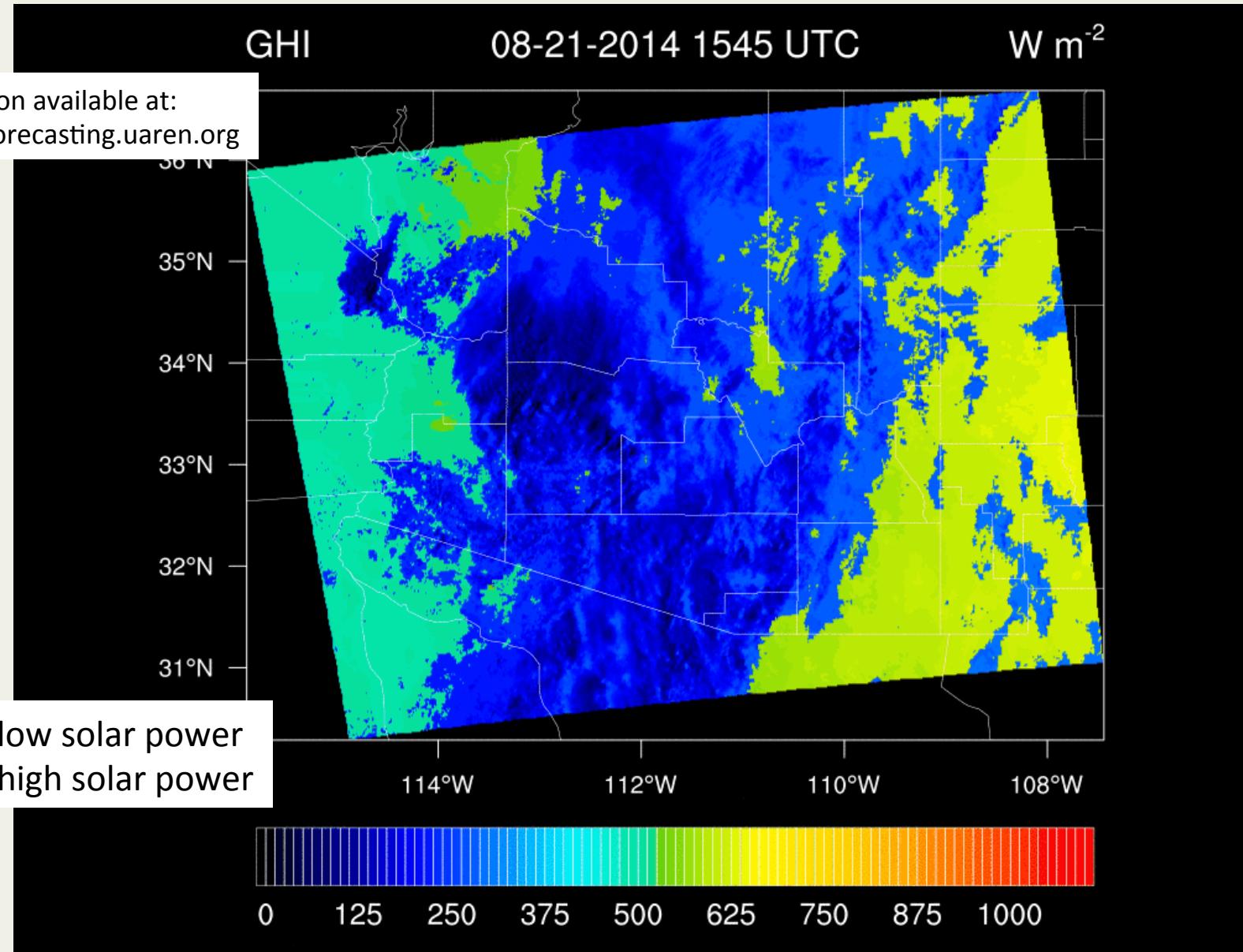
Satellite Imagery

Animation available at:
<http://forecasting.uaren.org>

GOES
1 km visible

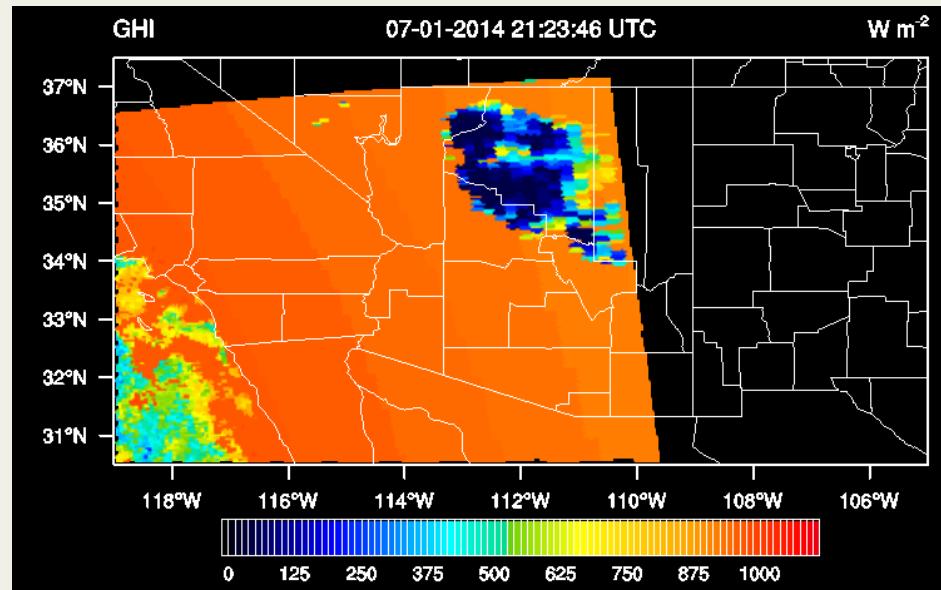


Satellite Derived Solar Irradiance

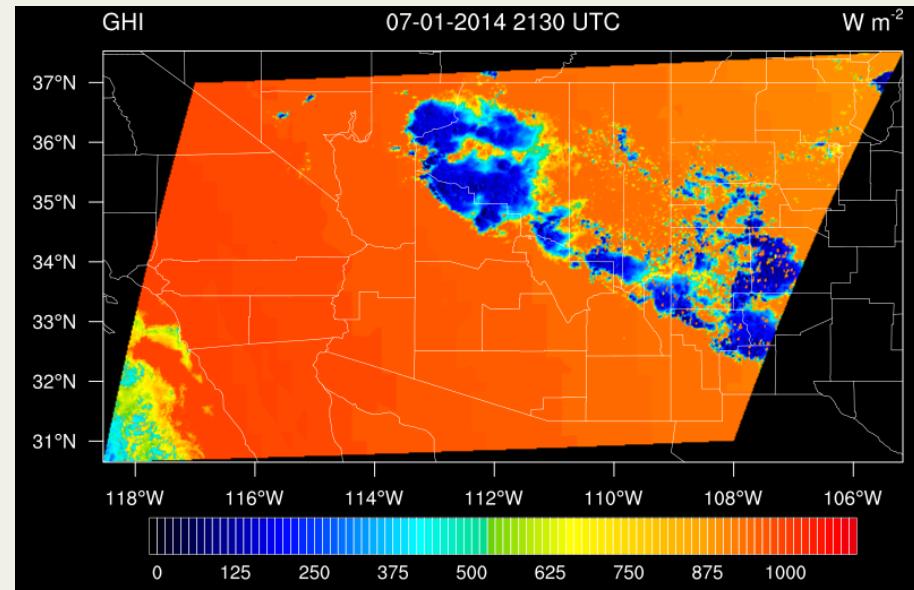


Satellite Derived Solar Irradiance

MODIS onboard Aqua

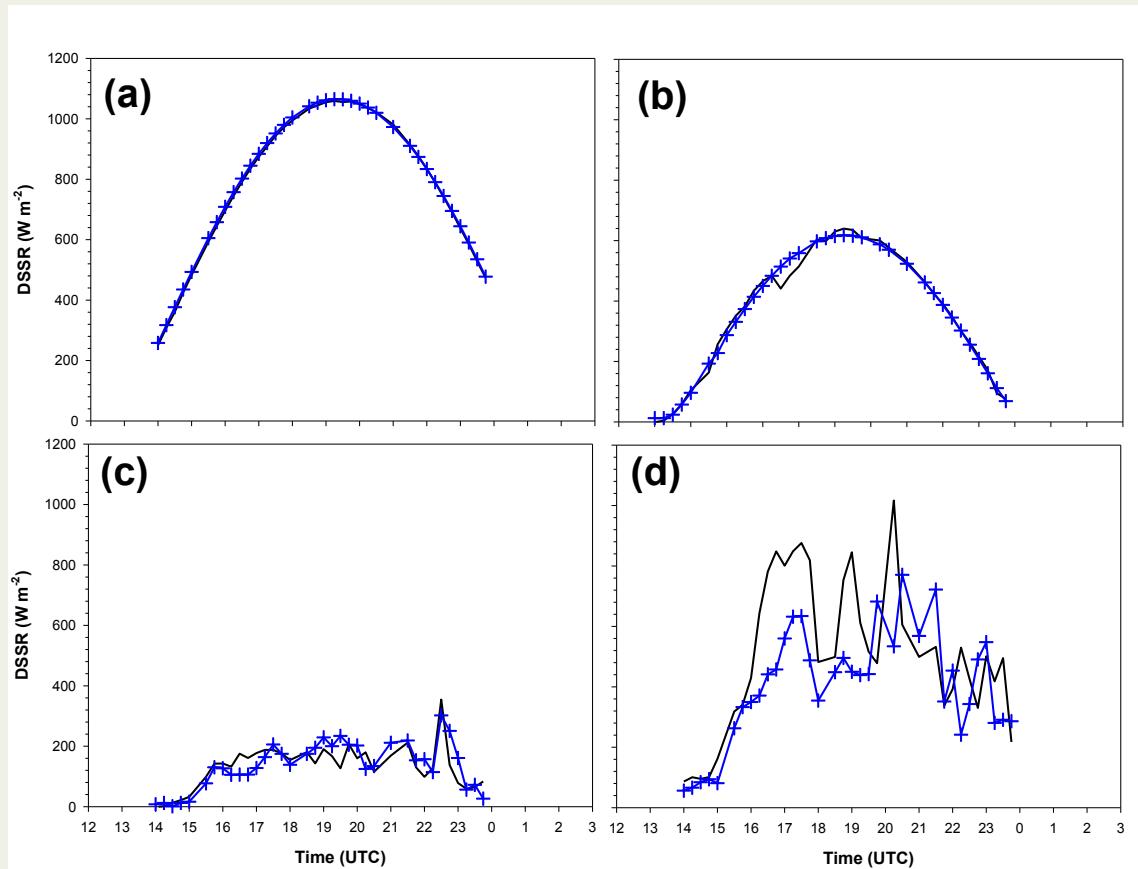


UASIBS



DSSR (GHI) is produced from Goddard Space Flight Center Radiative Transfer Model with MODIS L2 data.

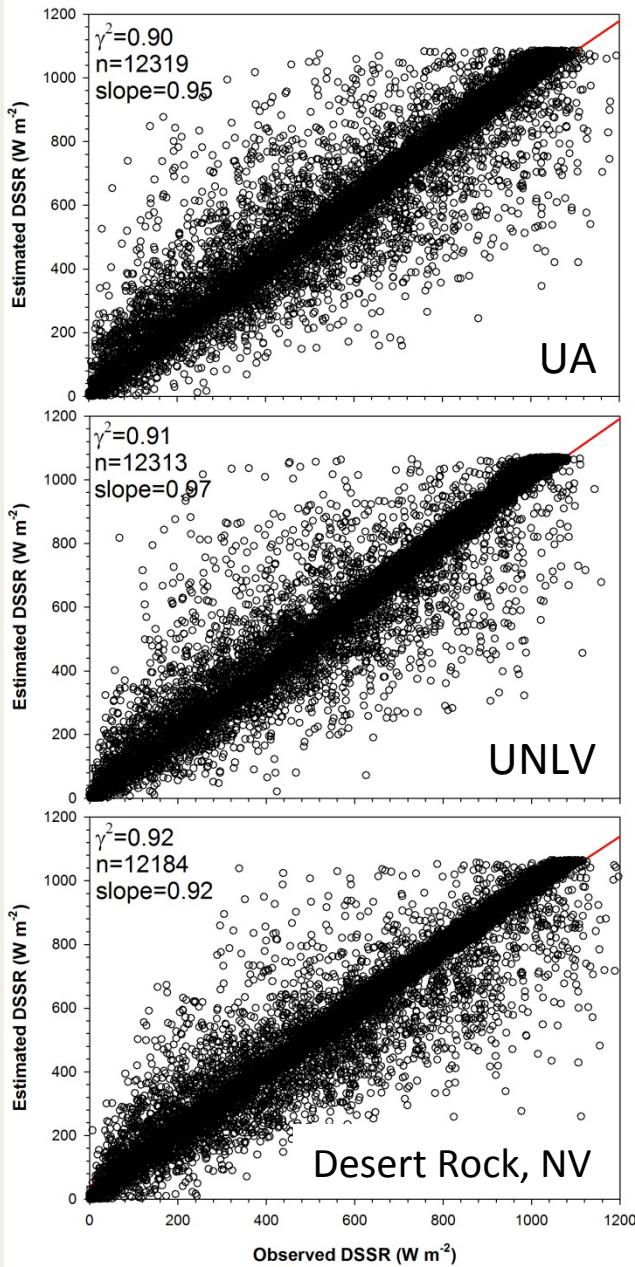
Satellite Derived Solar Irradiance



Clear sky conditions

Cloudy sky conditions

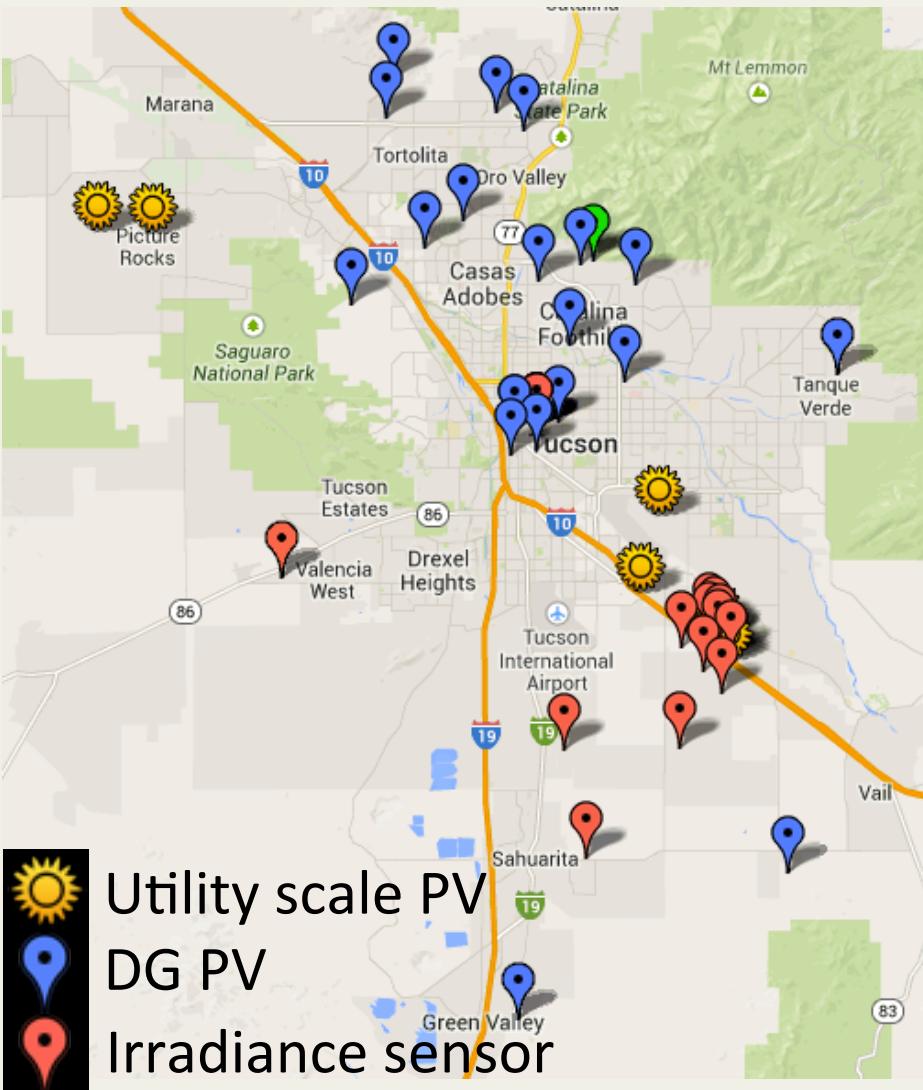
Satellite Derived Solar Irradiance



Instantaneous sat. estimated vs. observed irradiance at UA, UNLV, and Desert Rock, NV.

Cloudy and clear sky conditions

Sensor network forecast



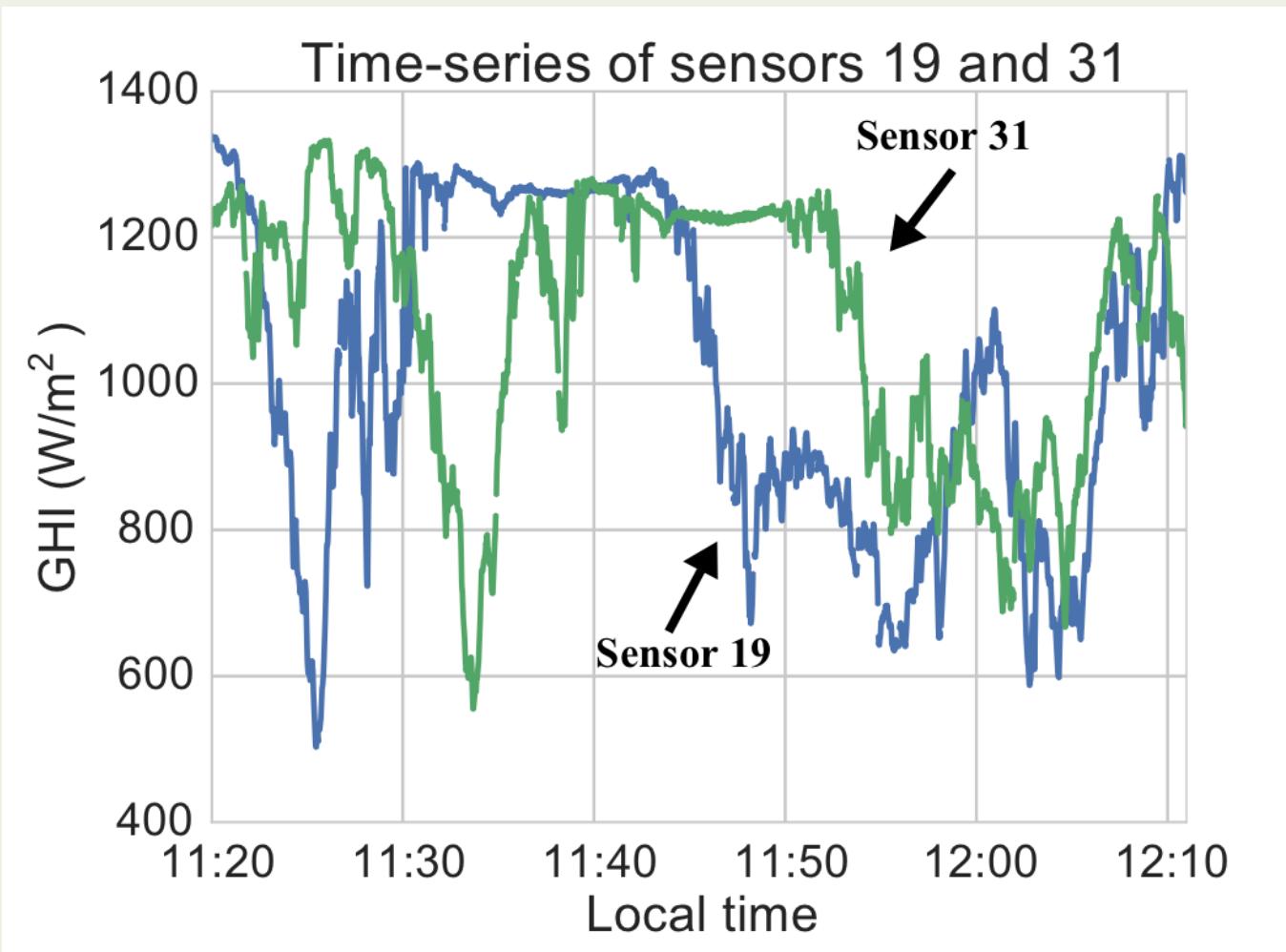
Partnered with local PV installer Technicians for Sustainability to obtain access to real-time (5 min latency) data feeds of residential PV systems.

Homebuilt irradiance sensors will cell modems (see A. Lorenzo, AMS 2015).

Network of rooftop solar data and irradiance sensors provides most accurate 30 minute forecasts.

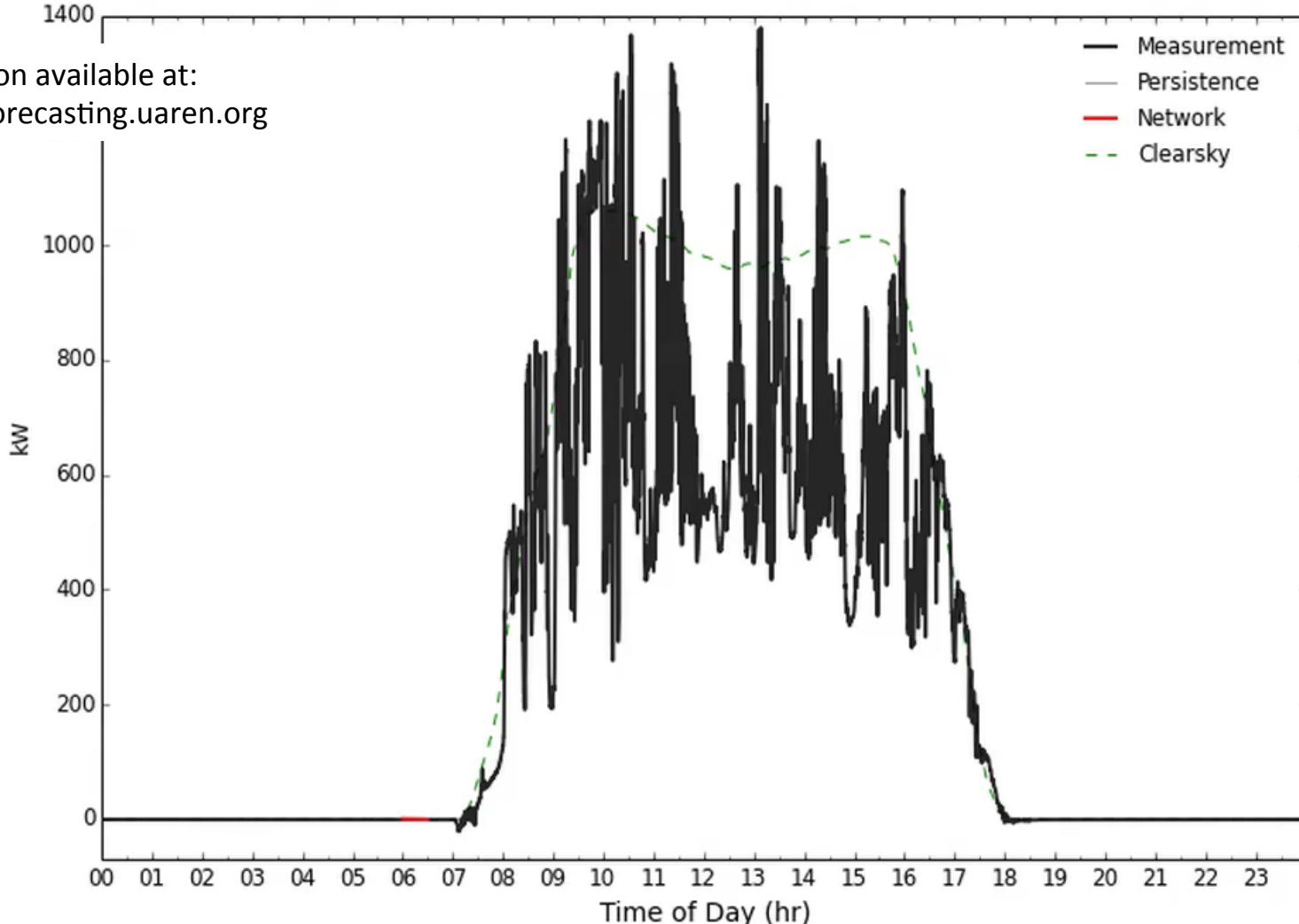


Sensor network forecast

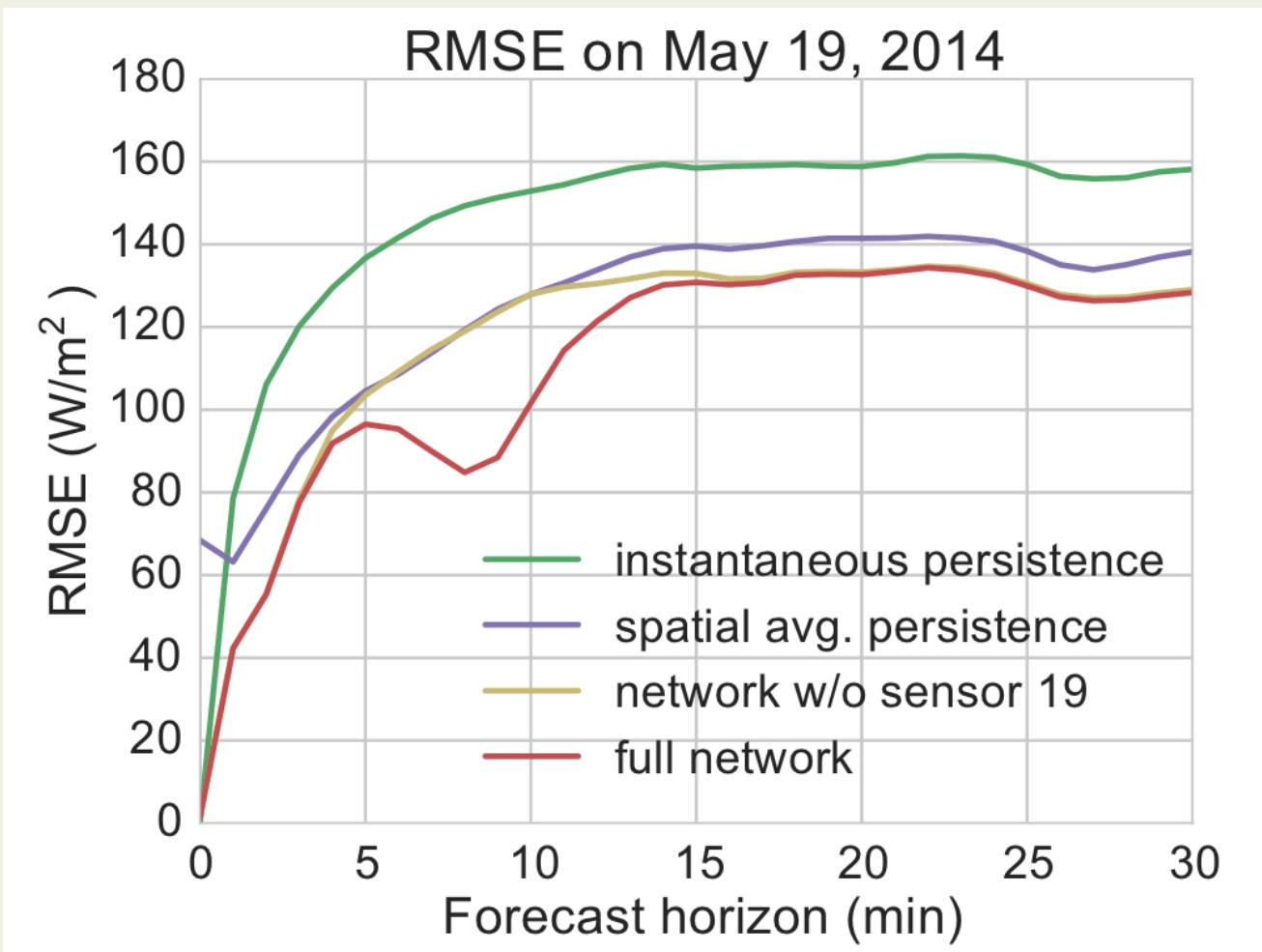


Sensor network forecast

Animation available at:
<http://forecasting.uaren.org>

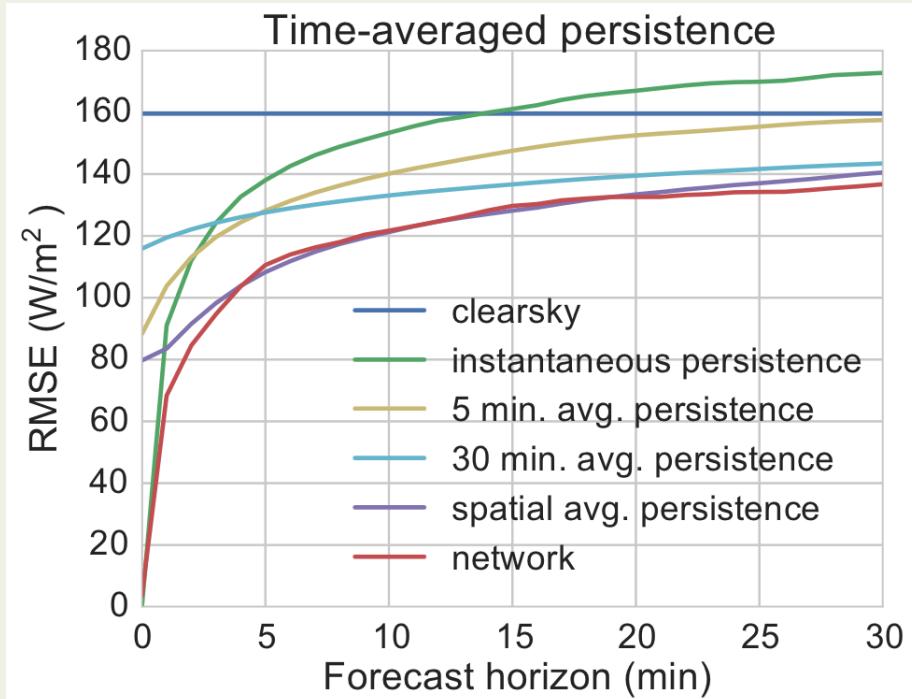
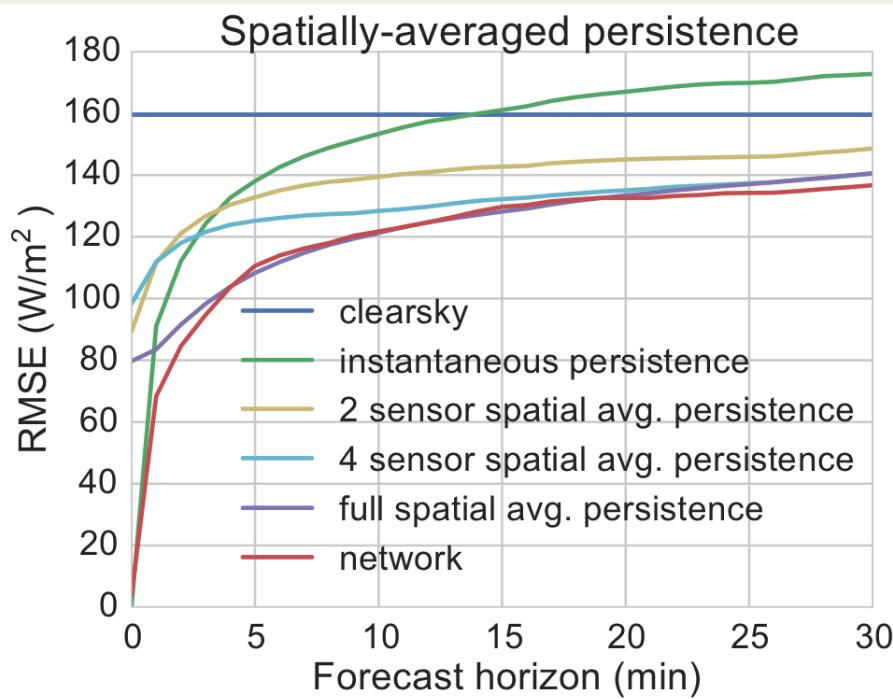


Sensor network error statistics



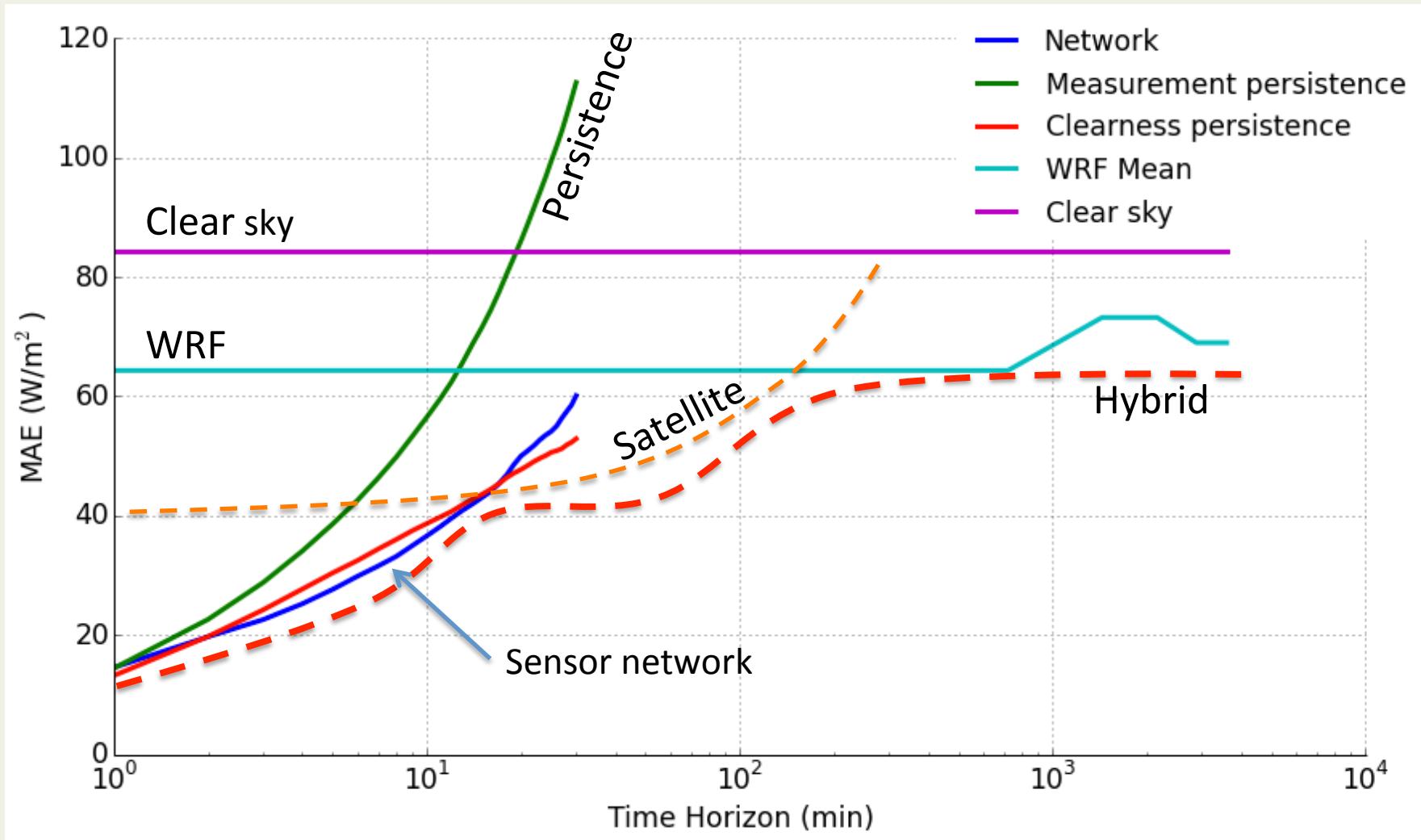
Sensor network error statistics

How much of the improvement over persistence is due to our fancy algorithm and how much is due to simple aspects such as averaging over space and/or time?



Depends on the day and the forecast horizon, but most of the improvement can usually be achieved by just averaging irradiance over space and/or time.

UA forecasting summary



Thanks to our funding agencies

Major support from



DOE EERE
Postdoctoral
Fellowship

Additional support from

The SVERI utilities



Arizona Department of
Environmental Quality

U of A



SVERI Internal Website



SVERI Internal Secure Access Data Portal v0.3

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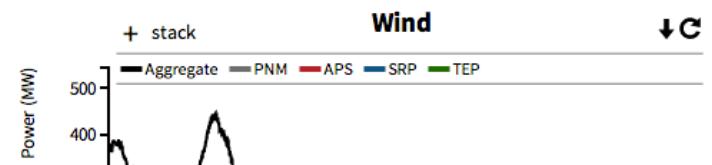
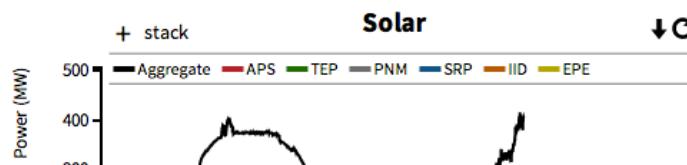
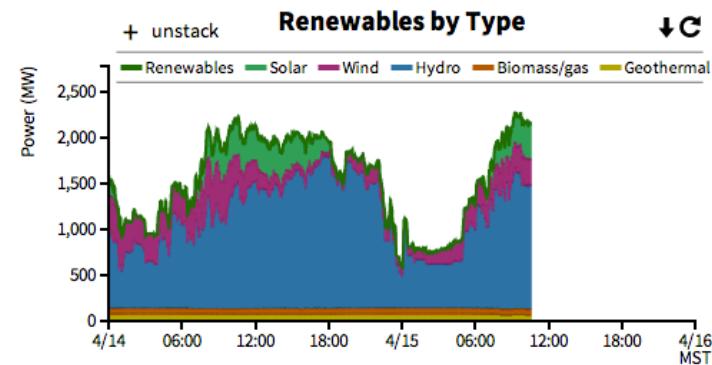
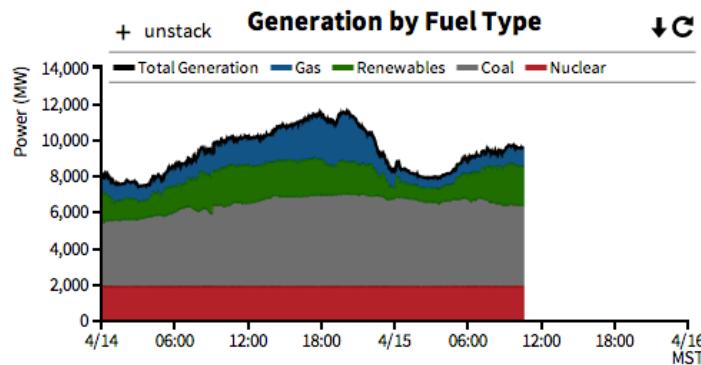
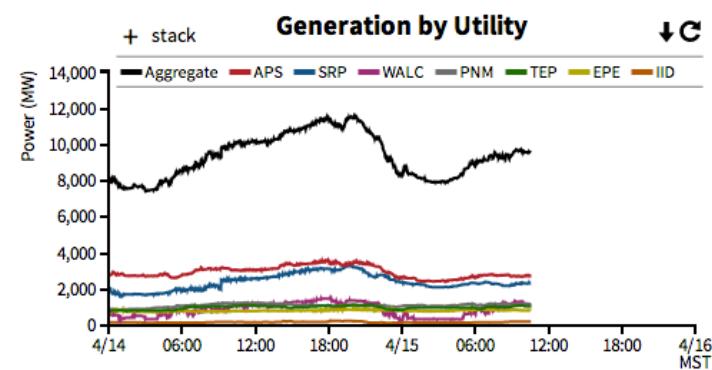
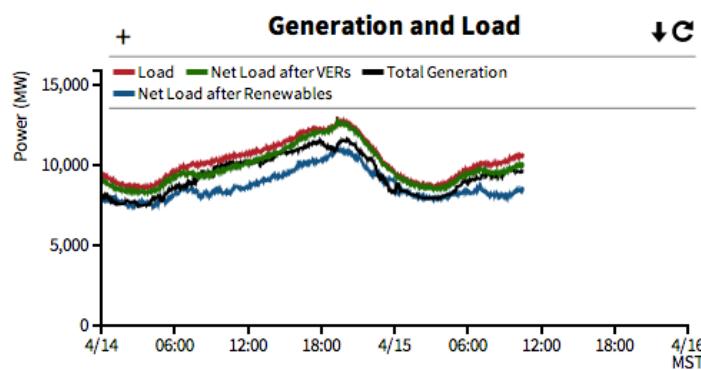
WALC

EPE

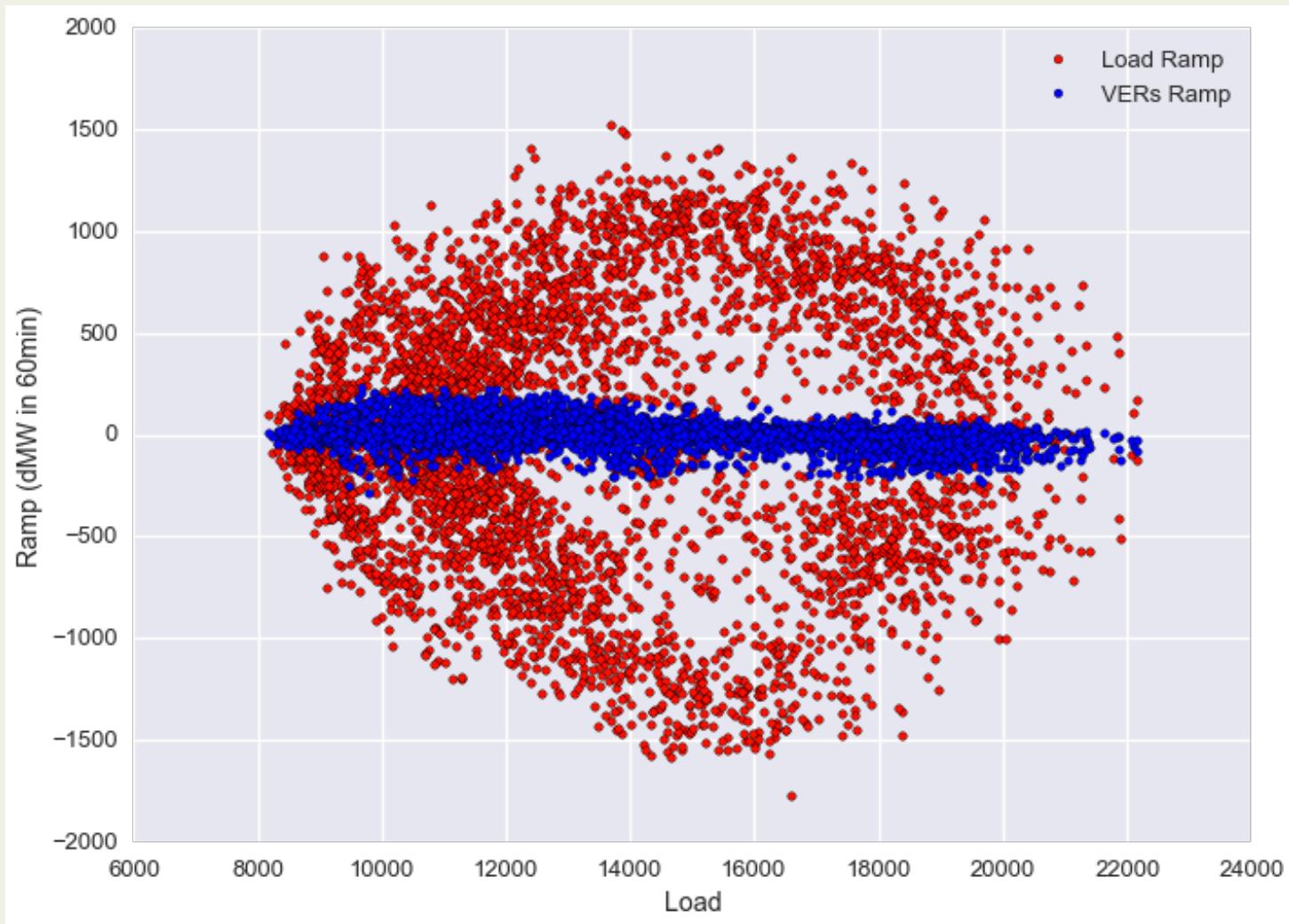
IID

Maps

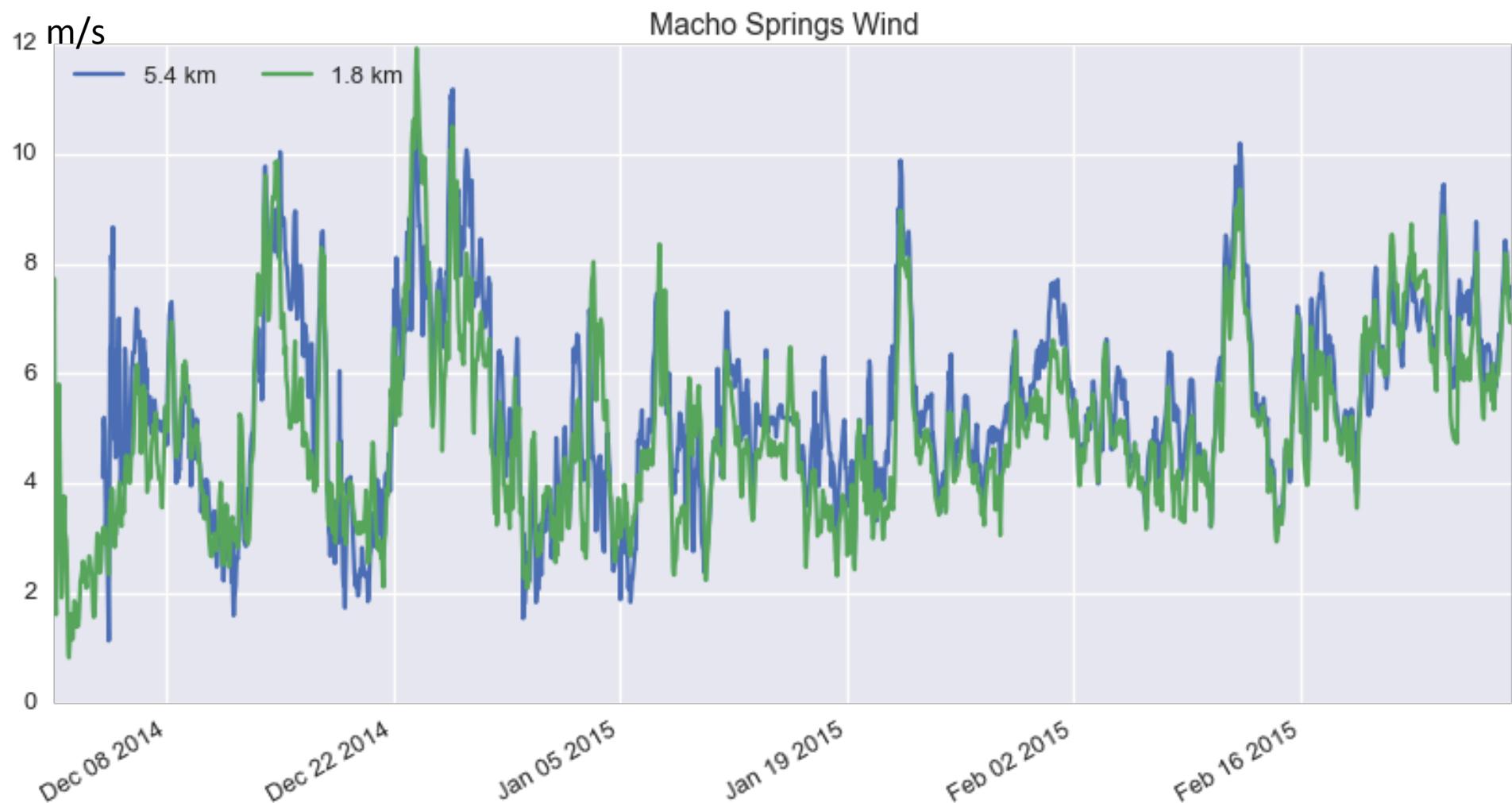
Other Resources



Ramps vs. Load



5.4 vs. 1.8 km wind forecasts



5.4 vs. 1.8 km wind forecasts

